



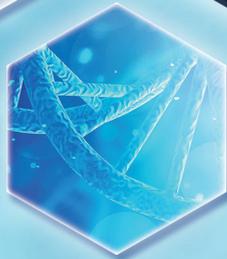
基石药业

CSTONE
PHARMACEUTICALS

CStone Pharmaceuticals
基石藥業

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock Code 股份代號: 2616



2022 年度報告
Annual Report



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Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Director

Dr. Jianxin Yang⁽²⁾ (*Chief Executive Officer*)
(appointed on August 25, 2022)

Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
(resigned on August 25, 2022)

Non-executive Directors

Dr. Wei Li⁽¹⁾ (*Chairman*)
Mr. Kenneth Walton Hitchner III
Mr. Yanling Cao (*resigned on January 18, 2023*)
Mr. Xianghong Lin
Mr. Edward Hu

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Paul Herbert Chew
Mr. Ting Yuk Anthony Wu
Mr. Hongbin Sun

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Hongbin Sun (*Chairman*)
Dr. Paul Herbert Chew
Mr. Ting Yuk Anthony Wu

COMPENSATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Ting Yuk Anthony Wu (*Chairman*)
Dr. Wei Li
Dr. Paul Herbert Chew

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Dr. Wei Li⁽¹⁾ (*Chairman*)
Mr. Yanling Cao (*resigned on January 18, 2023*)
Dr. Paul Herbert Chew
Mr. Ting Yuk Anthony Wu
Mr. Hongbin Sun

STRATEGY COMMITTEE

Dr. Jianxin Yang (*Chairman*)⁽²⁾
Mr. Edward Hu
Dr. Paul Herbert Chew

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE⁽³⁾

Mr. Edward Hu (*Chairman*)
Mr. Kenneth Walton Hitchner III
Mr. Hongbin Sun

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Dr. Jianxin Yang⁽²⁾
Ms. Yin Kwan Ho⁽⁴⁾

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms. Weicong Ni⁽⁵⁾
Ms. Yin Kwan Ho⁽⁴⁾

COMPANY WEBSITE:

www.cstonepharma.com

REGISTERED OFFICE

The offices of Vistra (Cayman) Limited
P.O. Box 31119, Grand Pavilion
Hibiscus Way
802 West Bay Road
Grand Cayman KY1-1205
Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN CHINA

218 Xinghu Street
C1 Building, North Block
Suzhou Industrial Park
China

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

40th Floor, Dah Sing Financial Centre
No. 248 Queen's Road East
Wanchai
Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

Walkers Corporate Limited
Cayman Corporate Centre
27 Hospital Road
George Town
Grand Cayman KY1-9008
Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited
Shops 1712-1716
17th Floor, Hopewell Centre
183 Queen's Road East
Wanchai
Hong Kong

HONG KONG LEGAL ADVISER

Fangda Partners
26/F, One Exchange Square
8 Connaught Place
Central
Hong Kong

COMPLIANCE ADVISER

Rainbow Capital (HK) Limited
Room 5B, 12/F, Tung Ning Building
No. 2 Hillier Street
Sheung Wan
Hong Kong

Notes:

- (1) Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang ceased to act as Chairman of the Board and chairman of the Nomination Committee with effect from May 31, 2022. Dr. Wei Li was appointed as Chairman of the Board and chairman of the Nomination Committee with effect from May 31, 2022.
- (2) Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang ceased to act as the Chief Executive Officer, the executive Director, the chairman of the Strategy Committee and the authorised representative with effect from August 25, 2022 and Dr. Jianxin Yang took up the roles of the Chief Executive Officer, the executive Director, the chairman of the Strategy Committee and the authorised representative with effect from August 25, 2022.
- (3) The Investment Committee was established on May 31, 2022.
- (4) Ms. Jeanie Lau resigned as the joint company secretary, the process agent and the authorised representative of the Company with effect from July 28, 2022. Ms. Yin Kwan Ho was appointed as the joint company secretary, the process agent and the authorised representative of the Company with effect from July 28, 2022.
- (5) Mr. Ning He resigned as the joint company secretary of the Company with effect from January 18, 2023. Ms. Weicong Ni was appointed as the joint company secretary of the Company with effect from January 18, 2023.

STOCK CODE

2616

AUDITOR

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
Registered Public Interest Entity Auditors
35/F One Pacific Place 88 Queensway
Admiralty
Hong Kong

Financial Highlights

INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“IFRS”) MEASURES:

- **Revenue** was RMB481.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, composed of RMB364.3 million in sales of pharmaceutical products, representing sales of the Company’s pharmaceutical products (avapritinib, pralsetinib and ivosidenib), RMB87.3 million in license fee income and RMB29.8 million in royalty income of sugemalimab, representing an increase of RMB237.7 million from RMB243.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2021, primarily attributable to the increase in the sales of the pharmaceutical products and royalty income of sugemalimab.
- **Research and development expenses** were RMB614.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, representing a decrease of RMB690.7 million from RMB1,304.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2021, primarily due to the decrease in milestone fee and third party contracting cost and the decrease in employee costs.
- **Administrative expenses** were RMB249.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, representing a decrease of RMB48.5 million from RMB297.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2021, primarily due to the decrease in professional fees and other fee.
- **Selling and marketing expenses** were RMB327.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, representing a decrease of RMB36.5 million from RMB363.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2021, primarily attributable to the decrease in marketing activities after the products launched in 2021.
- **Loss for the year** was RMB902.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, representing a decrease of RMB1,017.4 million from RMB1,920.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2021, primarily attributable to the increase in revenue and the decrease in research and development expenses.

NON-INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“NON-IFRS”) MEASURES:

- **Research and development expenses** excluding the share-based payment expenses were RMB559.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, representing a decrease of RMB623.0 million from RMB1,182.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2021, primarily due to the decrease in milestone fee and third party contracting cost and the decrease in employee costs.
- **Administrative and selling and marketing expenses** excluding the share-based payment expenses were RMB489.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, representing a decrease of RMB72.2 million from RMB561.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2021, primarily attributable to the decrease in marketing activities after the products launched in 2021.
- **Loss for the year** excluding the share-based payment expenses was RMB760.6 million, representing a decrease of RMB936.8 million from RMB1,697.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2021, primarily attributable to the increase in revenue and the decrease in research and development expenses.

Financial Highlights

	As at December 31/year ended December 31,				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
Non-IFRS measures					
Research and development expenses (excluding the share-based payment expenses)	(559,147)	(1,182,110)	(1,245,712)	(1,188,743)	(726,930)
Administrative expenses & Selling and marketing expenses (excluding the share-based payment expenses)	(489,316)	(561,548)	(287,607)	(137,640)	(79,296)
Loss for the year (excluding the non-IFRS adjustments)	(760,616)	(1,697,429)	(864,976)	(1,141,263)	(672,598)
IFRS measures					
Revenue	481,363	243,718	1,038,832	–	–
Cost of revenue	(202,985)	(106,832)	(241,421)	–	–
Other income	18,722	45,773	51,671	83,962	20,497
Other gains and losses	(776)	(134,188)	(179,419)	(637,365)	(741,979)
Research and development expenses	(614,162)	(1,304,945)	(1,404,684)	(1,395,624)	(850,197)
Administrative expenses	(249,062)	(297,596)	(342,508)	(341,476)	(190,991)
Selling and marketing expenses	(327,301)	(363,788)	(142,150)	–	–
Listing expenses	–	–	–	(17,638)	(30,459)
Finance costs	(8,477)	(2,242)	(1,320)	(303)	–
Loss for the year	(902,678)	(1,920,100)	(1,220,999)	(2,308,444)	(1,793,129)
Loss per share					
Basic and diluted (RMB Yuan)	(0.77)	(1.65)	(1.17)	(2.39)	(2.79)
Cash and cash equivalents and time deposits	1,042,091	1,603,444	3,383,418	2,725,867	1,462,552
Total assets	1,638,427	2,271,453	3,762,752	2,950,645	1,632,118
Total liabilities	1,189,101	1,064,445	808,292	469,063	1,116,787
Total equity	449,326	1,207,008	2,954,460	2,481,582	515,331

Business Highlights

2022 has been a fruitful year for CStone with milestones across our evolving pipeline and business. Our commercial successes, including the launch of two First-in-Class (“**FIG**”)/Best-in-Class (“**BIC**”) therapies, put us in an elite tier of innovative biopharmaceutical companies from China as we now have four products in market and generating recurring revenue to provide financial strength and fund further growth initiatives. For the year ended December 31, 2022 and as of the date of this report, significant progress has been made with respect to our product pipeline and business operations. A shortlist of our achievements over this period includes:

- RMB481.4 million in total revenue, including RMB394.1 million in commercial revenue which is composed of RMB364.3 million in sales of our precision medicines and RMB29.8 million in royalty income of sugemalimab
- Two new products launched: sugemalimab and ivosidenib, bringing us to a total of four products commercially launched and generating sales
- Five NDA approvals obtained for three products: sugemalimab for stage III non-small cell lung cancer (“**NSCLC**”) in mainland China, ivosidenib for isocitrate dehydrogenase 1 (“**IDH1**”) mutant relapsed/refractory acute myeloid leukemia (“**R/R AML**”) in mainland China, pralsetinib for rearranged during transfection (“**RET**”) mutant medullary thyroid cancer (“**MTC**”) & RET fusion-positive thyroid cancer (“**TC**”) in mainland China, pralsetinib for RET fusion-positive NSCLC in Hong Kong, China, and pralsetinib for RET fusion-positive NSCLC, RET-mutant MTC & RET fusion-positive TC in Taiwan, China
- Additional six NDAs currently under review: pralsetinib for first-line treatment of RET fusion-positive NSCLC in mainland China, sugemalimab for relapsed or refractory extranodal natural killer/T-cell lymphoma (“**R/R ENKTL**”) in mainland China, sugemalimab for first-line stage IV NSCLC in the United Kingdom (“**U.K.**”), sugemalimab for first-line stage IV NSCLC in the European Union (“**E.U.**”), sugemalimab for first-line gastric adenocarcinoma/gastroesophageal junction adenocarcinoma (“**GC/GEJ**”) in mainland China, and sugemalimab for first-line esophageal squamous cell carcinoma (“**ESCC**”) in mainland China
- Five positive topline data readouts for sugemalimab in various indications: R/R ENKTL, first-line stage IV NSCLC, stage III NSCLC, first-line GC/GEJ and first-line ESCC
- Thirteen data presentations/publications at/on global academic conferences/top-tier medical journals
- Three key clinical programs commenced: the first-in-human (“**FIH**”) global study of CS5001 (ROR1 ADC) in the United States of America (“**U.S.**”) and Australia, first-patient-dosed in the pivotal study of lorlatinib for ROS1-positive advanced NSCLC in mainland China and enrolment completed for global phase III trial of nofazimab in combination with LENVIMA® (lenvatinib) in first-line advanced hepatocellular carcinoma (“**HCC**”)
- Over ten discovery projects in progress, including multi-specifics, antibody drug conjugates, and a proprietary platform for drugging intractable intracellular targets; one pre-clinical candidate (“**PCC**”) declared for a potential FIC/BIC immuno-oncology tri-specific antibody against PD-L1, VEGF plus another immuno-oncology (“**IO**”) target
- Further advanced our strategic partnerships with Pfizer, Hengrui and EQRx through clinical development, regulatory registrations and commercial launches
- Achieved the technology transfer submission to Center for Drug Evaluation (“**CDE**”) of National Medical Products Administration (“**NMPA**”) for avapritinib and the technology transfer for pralsetinib is in progress smoothly

I. Multiple Product Launches and Continued Robust Commercial Efforts

Highlights and details on our commercial activities as of the date of this report are as follows:

- ***Steady and Continued Ramp Up in Product Sales***

We generated overall net sales of RMB364.3 million in 2022 on the basis of a steady growth in the total product sales of GAVRETO® (pralsetinib) and AYVAKIT® (avapritinib), as well as a successful launch of TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib).

- ***Achieved Successful Launches of New Products and Indications***

We expanded the number of in-market products and indications they cover with effective launches that position them to become meaningful future contributors to revenue.

- TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib): Launched in mainland China, with 100% channel availability in major target hospitals and pharmacies.
- GAVRETO® (pralsetinib): The indications of advanced or metastatic RET-mutant MTC and RET fusion-positive TC were launched in mainland China. Also, the indication of RET fusion-positive metastatic NSCLC was launched in Hong Kong, China, and the indication of RET fusion-positive NSCLC, RET-mutant MTC & RET fusion-positive TC was launched in Taiwan, China.
- CEJEMLY® (sugemalimab): A new indication was successfully launched in mainland China for the treatment of patients with unresectable stage III NSCLC whose disease has not progressed following concurrent or sequential platinum-based chemoradiotherapy.

- ***Expansion of sales force coverage in key markets for prescriptions of precision drugs***

We have specifically focused our efforts on ensuring dedicated sales force coverage and successfully expanded our coverage to approximately 800 hospitals in over 180 cities as of the date of this report, up from 600 in 2021, accounting for approximately 75-80% of the relevant market for precision medicines where we believe we can maximize the return on our sales efforts.

- ***Formed a precision diagnostics ecosystem with key stakeholders to facilitate patient identification and support prescriptions***

- We have signed collaboration agreements with top gene sequencing companies to further improve the testing rate for RET mutation in NSCLC/TC, platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha (“**PDGFRA**”) exon 18 mutation in gastrointestinal stromal tumor (“**GIST**”) and IDH1 mutation in AML, with education sessions covering over 5,000 pathologists and clinicians.
- We have strengthened partnership with National Pathology Quality Control Center (“**PQCC**”) to standardize testing process and improve testing accuracy, with number of participating hospitals increasing by 60%.
- We expanded financial support programs to RET mutation testing in MTC patients and IDH1 mutation testing in AML patients from only RET mutation in NSCLC patients before, covering approximately 1,000 patients.

Business Highlights

- ***Established broad industry and academic awareness of our brand and scientific leadership***
 - GAVRETO® (pralsetinib), AYVAKIT® (avapritinib) and TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib) were included in 20 of China’s national guidelines for testing and treatment in multiple therapeutic areas, such as NSCLC, TC, GIST and AML indication, etc. The newly included guidelines include 2022 CSCO Primary Lung Cancer Guideline, 2022 CSCO MTC Clinical Guideline, 2022 CSCO Hematologic Malignancy Guideline, 2022 China Anti Cancer Association (“**CACA**”) Hematological Oncology Guideline, 2022 Chinese Guideline for Diagnosis and Treatment of Systemic Mastocytosis in adults, etc.
 - We engaged in close collaboration with several industry associations – CSCO, CACA, Chinese Medical Association, Chinese Medical Doctor Association etc., – on diagnosis and treatment standardization projects for GIST, NSCLC and hematological malignancies, further strengthening our industry connections and demonstrating our expertise.
 - We enhanced awareness and endorsement of our products among key opinion leaders (“**KOLs**”) and healthcare professionals (“**HCPs**”) via proactive engagement and constant education. As of the date of this report, we have held over 160 academic meetings and events reaching over 50,000 leading KOLs and HCPs, resulting in improved brand perception and product adoption within the healthcare community of our treatments.
 - We initiated or sponsored leading KOLs in post-approval clinical projects such as investigator-initiated trials and real-world studies to generate additional data in multiple cancer indications which may support the adoption of our drugs. We funded nine studies in collaboration with non-profit academic institutions. In particular, two real-world studies and one investigator-initiated trial have reached milestones, including the finalization and publication in 2022 CSCO of the clinical study report of pralsetinib for the treatment of NSCLC in Bo’ao with all patients benefiting from treatment and duration of therapy (“**DOT**”) is more than 12 months, and the activation of thirteen sites for avapritinib study for the treatment of GIST and three top hematology hospitals for the treatment of R/R AML with KIT D816V mutation. In addition, we also observed the data from pool analysis of avapritinib in GIST with exon 17/18 mutations have obvious benefits compared with standard treatment.
- ***Developing a range of approaches to promote accessibility and affordability of our drugs***
 - We have updated our pricing strategy for our in-market products. Specifically, the patient assistance program (“**PAP**”) scheme of GAVRETO® (pralsetinib) was updated to support the long-term treatment of the patients. We adjusted the listing price of AYVAKIT® (avapritinib) and launched new PAP to improve affordability for GIST patients. We launched PAP for TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib) to increase affordability and DOT.
 - We secured inclusion of AYVAKIT® (avapritinib), GAVRETO® (pralsetinib) and TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib) in 130 of the major commercial and government insurance programs covering more than 90 million population, up from over 60 million population as disclosed in our 2021 annual results announcement.

Business Highlights

- We continued strategic collaboration with Sinopharm Group Co., Ltd (“**Sinopharm**”) and formed new partnership with Shanghai Pharmaceuticals Holding Co., Ltd (“**SPH**”) to broaden hospital and pharmacy distribution coverage for GAVRETO® (pralsetinib), AYVAKIT® (avapritinib) and TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib). As of the date of this report, AYVAKIT® (avapritinib), GAVRETO® (pralsetinib) and TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib) have been listed in approximately 220 hospitals and direct-to-patient pharmacies (“**DTPs**”), up from approximately 100 in 2021.
- We continued strategic collaboration with three of the largest integrated innovative healthcare service platforms in mainland China – Shanghai Meditrust Health Co., Ltd., Beijing Yuanxin Technology Group Co., Ltd., and Medbanks Health Technology Co., Ltd. – to improve distribution and affordability of GAVRETO® (pralsetinib), AYVAKIT® (avapritinib) and TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib) by facilitating enrolment in city insurance programs.
- ***Continued patient education and support, for retention and long-term medication***

We made continuous efforts in patient support via online patient communities and offline education sessions to improve patient retention and DOT. As of the date of this report, our online platform has over 5,000 subscribers and published over 200 patient stories and information. We held 130 patient education sessions, covering 15,000 potential patients.

- ***Collaborating with global strategic partners to support global launches of IO backbone drugs***
 - We are closely collaborating with our partners Pfizer on the commercialization of sugemalimab in mainland China.
 - For the launch readiness in China, we worked together with Pfizer to sign off all commercial agreements and set up ordering process and commercial/PAP goods supply. In addition, we have opened distributor accounts and supported bidding progress to ensure patient accessibility upon the NDA approval.
 - In 2022, sugemalimab has been recommended in the 2022 Chinese Society of Clinical Oncology (“**CSCO**”) Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer guideline and 2022 CSCO Immunotherapy guideline for the treatment of stage III and stage IV NSCLC patients. In addition, sugemalimab has also been included in Chinese Thoracic Oncology Group (“**CTONG**”) Stage III NSCLC Diagnosis and Therapy Expert Consensus and 2022 Chinese Medical Association guideline for clinical diagnosis and treatment of lung cancer.
 - With EQRx, we are working closely on development and regulatory strategies for sugemalimab outside of greater China, including the U.K. and the E.U., as well as additional regions. The global market size of PD-(L)1 for the treatment of NSCLC, gastric and esophageal cancers is forecasted to be approximately US\$30 billion in 2026.

Business Highlights

II. Innovation, High Quality and Rapid Execution Lead to Advances across an Evolving Pipeline

CStone followed through on an aggressive clinical agenda with further developments across its pipeline. As of the date of this report, we have secured five NDA approvals and submitted eight NDA filings as we rounded out our diverse and evolving pipeline of in-market and near-commercial ready drugs. In doing so, our clinical engine once again distinguished itself in terms of innovation, speed, and quality, as evidenced by the facts that it took only six months for ivosidenib from NDA acceptance to NDA approval, and we had thirteen data presentations/publications at/in global academic conferences/top-tier medical journals.

Details are as follows:

- **Sugemalimab** (CS1001, PD-L1 antibody), became the first anti-PD-1/PD-L1 monoclonal antibody approved for both stage III and stage IV NSCLC in China.
 - In May 2022, we received the NDA approval from the NMPA for the treatment of patients with unresectable stage III NSCLC whose disease has not progressed following concurrent or sequential platinum-based chemoradiotherapy. Sugemalimab became the first anti-PD-1/PD-L1 monoclonal antibody approved in this patient population.
 - In May 2022, we announced that the final progression-free survival (“**PFS**”) analysis of the registrational GEMSTONE-301 study further demonstrates sugemalimab’s robust efficacy and significant clinical benefits shown in interim analysis in stage III NSCLC patients. In August 2022, we presented the detailed results at World Conference on Lung Cancer (“**WCLC**”) 2022.
 - In September 2022, we received the NDA acceptance from the NMPA for the treatment of patients with R/R ENKTL with priority review granted.
 - In January 2022, we announced that the registrational GEMSTONE-201 study for R/R ENKTL met the primary endpoint and demonstrated a complete response (“**CR**”) rate significantly exceeding that of the currently available targeted monotherapy for these patients. We presented the topline results in an oral abstract session at American Society of Clinical Oncology (“**ASCO**”) 2022. The results of this study were also published in the Journal of Clinical Oncology (“**JCO**”) in March 2023.
 - In February 2023, we received the NDA acceptance from the NMPA for the first-line treatment of patients with locally advanced or metastatic GC/GEJ.
 - In November 2022, we announced that the GEMSTONE-303 study for first-line treatment of patients with unresectable locally advanced or metastatic GC/GEJ has met its PFS primary endpoint. Sugemalimab in combination with chemotherapy demonstrated statistically significant and clinically meaningful improvement in PFS, compared with placebo plus chemotherapy.
 - In January 2022, we completed enrolment for two key phase III registrational clinical trials, one for the first-line treatment of unresectable locally advanced or metastatic GC/GEJ, and the other for the first-line treatment of unresectable locally advanced, recurrent, or metastatic ESCC.

Business Highlights

- In April 2023, we received acceptance from the NMPA with respect to our supplemental biologics license application for sugemalimab in combination with chemotherapy as a first-line treatment of patients with unresectable locally advanced, recurrent, or metastatic ESCC.
- In January 2023, we announced that the GEMSTONE-304 study for first-line treatment of unresectable locally advanced, recurrent, or metastatic ESCC, has met its primary endpoints. Sugemalimab in combination with chemotherapy demonstrated a statistically significant and clinically meaningful improvement in PFS and OS compared with placebo in combination with chemotherapy.
- In January 2022, we announced that the pre-specified overall survival (“OS”) interim analysis showed sugemalimab in combination with chemotherapy significantly and clinically meaningfully improved the overall survival in stage IV NSCLC patients, and the data has been presented at ASCO 2022. The positive OS data will be used for global fillings.
- For the markets outside of Greater China, we are working closely with EQRx on discussions for regulatory submissions for indications in stage IV NSCLC and other indications in multiple countries and regions.
 - In December 2022, the marketing authorization application (“MAA”) filing for sugemalimab in combination with chemotherapy as the first-line treatment of patients with metastatic NSCLC was accepted for review by the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (“MHRA”) in the U.K.. This is the first MAA submission of sugemalimab outside of China.
 - In February 2023, the MAA filing for sugemalimab in combination with chemotherapy as first-line treatment of patients with metastatic NSCLC has been accepted for review by European Medicines Agency (“EMA”).
- **Nofazinlimab** (CS1003, PD-1 antibody)
 - In March 2022, we completed enrolment for the global phase III trial of nofazinlimab in combination with LENVIMA® (lenvatinib) in first-line treatment of patients with advanced HCC.
 - In June 2022, we presented the results from the phase Ib study of nofazinlimab combined with lenvatinib as first-line treatment in Chinese HCC patients at ASCO 2022.
- **Pralsetinib** (CS3009, RET inhibitor) – We have secured three NDA approvals and have one NDA filing currently under review.
 - In March 2022, we received the NDA approval from the NMPA for the treatment of patients with advanced or metastatic RET-mutant MTC and RET fusion-positive TC.
 - In July 2022, we received the NDA approval from the Hong Kong Department of Health (“HK DoH”) for the treatment of patients with RET fusion-positive locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC.

Business Highlights

- In January 2023, we received the NDA approval from the Taiwan Food and Drug Administration (“**TFDA**”) for the treatment of patients with RET fusion-positive locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC, and advanced or metastatic RET-mutant MTC and RET fusion-positive TC.
- In October 2022, we received the NDA acceptance from the NMPA for the first-line treatment of patients with RET fusion-positive locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC who have not been previously treated with systemic therapy.
- **Ivosidenib** (CS3010, IDH1 inhibitor) – We have secured our first NDA approval for this product.
 - In January 2022, we received an NDA approval from the NMPA for the treatment of adults with R/R AML with an IDH1 mutation.
 - In October 2022, we received Pediatric and Minority Serious Disease Designation from TFDA for IDH1-mutated R/R AML in adults.
- **Lorlatinib** (ALK/ROS-1 inhibitor)
 - We are working with Pfizer to jointly develop lorlatinib for c-ros oncogene 1 (“**ROS1**”)-positive advanced NSCLC in Greater China. In May 2022, we enrolled the first patient in the pivotal study of lorlatinib for the treatment of ROS1-positive advanced NSCLC. The enrolment continues at a steady pace.
- **CS5001** (LCB71, ROR1 ADC)
 - After obtaining an approval of the IND application from the U.S. FDA and approval from the Australia Ethics Committee (“**EC**”), the FIH study of this potential best-in-class receptor tyrosine kinase-like orphan receptor 1 (“**ROR1**”) antibody-drug conjugate (“**ADC**”) has shown swift recruitment to the dose-escalation part in both countries. Additionally, we submitted an IND application to the NMPA in March 2022 and received the approval in May 2022. To enable biomarker-driven patient selection based on tumor ROR1 expression, we have identified candidate ROR1 antibody clones for immuno-histochemistry (“**IHC**”) to support such precision medicine effort in the future. We presented the translational data of CS5001 in an oral presentation at the 13th World Antibody Drug Conjugate Conference (“**WADC**”) in March 2023.
- **CS2006** (NM21-1480, PD-L1/4-1BB/HSA tri-specific molecule)
 - The FIH study is ongoing and includes sites in the U.S. and Taiwan. The dose-escalation part of the study has been completed, and the maximum tolerated dose (“**MTD**”) was not reached; preliminary data from the dose escalation part was presented at the Society of Immunotherapy Cancer (“**SITC**”) 2022, which indicated a benign and differentiated safety profile with no notable liver toxicities; an unconfirmed Partial Response was observed in a colorectal cancer subject; meanwhile, full 4-1BB agonism was observed across a broad dose range providing complete inhibition of PD-L1, thus, clinically validating the concept of affinity-balancing built into the design of the molecule. The study has proceeded to proof-of-concept (“**PoC**”) stage to further explore the safety and efficacy of CS2006 in selected tumor indications in U.S., E.U. and Taiwan. We received the IND approval from the NMPA in September 2021. We presented the preclinical data at American Association for Cancer Research (“**AACR**”) 2022.

III. Building out Research Pipeline Leveraging Multiple Sources of Innovation

Precision medicines and immuno-oncology combinations remain our strategic focus. Antibody-drug conjugates which deliver cytotoxic agents to tumor with precision, and multi-specific biologics which can create new biology and are combinations of themselves represent two near-term modalities for early-development.

We have made significant progress in 2022 with several initiatives:

- **One FIC/BIC I/O program** declared PCC in 2022, which is a tri-specific molecule against PD-L1, VEGF plus another I/O target. Another FIC/BIC I/O program (antibody-cytokine fusion molecule) and up to two other I/O multi-specific programs are on track for PCC declaration in 2023.
- **Cell-penetrating therapeutic platform.** Many well-known oncology targets are intracellular proteins that are considered undruggable by current therapeutic approaches. We are developing a proprietary cell-penetrating therapeutic platform against these otherwise intractable targets. Significant progress has been made in the development of this platform with broad therapeutic potential for oncology and beyond. We obtained *in vitro* PoC using this platform with several treatment modalities in 2022 and expect additional *in vitro/in vivo* PoCs with multiple additional treatment modalities in 2023.

IV. Strategic Relationships Advance Commercialization Activities and Pipeline Development

We continue to grow and deepen relationships with key global strategic partners to expand commercialization of our in-market and late-stage drugs, bolster our early-stage pipeline of potential FIC/BIC molecules, and access technologies that complement our research and development efforts.

To begin with, we continued to make significant and smooth progress on our relationship with Pfizer to explore China markets for sugemalimab. In addition, we are working with EQRx on exploring global markets for sugemalimab and a global phase III study of nofazinlimab in HCC.

In 2022, we entered into a new partnership with Roche Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd ("**Roche**") who became the global marketing authorization holder ("**MAH**") for pralsetinib. As part of this agreement, we acquired full manufacturing right to pralsetinib. Locally manufactured supply is expected to provide significant cost saving and as a result improve CStone's overall profitability. In the meantime, Roche will be responsible for the manufacturing and supply of pralsetinib for China before our successful technology transfer. On February 22, 2023, Roche announced that Blueprint Medicines will regain global commercialization and development rights to pralsetinib in the future, excluding Greater China. Under the terms of the agreement, the termination will be effective within 12 months from the notification date of February 22, 2023. CStone is currently working together with Roche and Blueprint to take necessary step to maintain the marketing authorization for Pralsetinib and ensure continuity of supply of Pralsetinib for patients in China.

We further strengthened the strategic partnership with Jiangsu Hengrui Pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd. ("**Hengrui**"). In 2021, CStone and Hengrui established a strategic partnership by leveraging respective R&D and commercial expertise to accelerate the development and commercialization of our anti-CTLA-4 mAb (CS1002) to fully unleash its commercial value. In 2022, Hengrui received the IND clearance from NMPA for a phase Ib/II trial of CS1002 combination therapy for the treatment of advanced solid tumors, and has initiated two studies in HCC and NSCLC respectively.

Business Highlights

V. Other Business Updates

Manufacturing. We are also in the process of technology transfer for multiple imported products which will reduce costs and improve long-term profitability of our products. Specifically, we have completed the technology transfer submission to CDE for avapritinib in July 2022 and bio-equivalence (“BE”) has been demonstrated to support technology transfer. At the same time, the technology transfer for pralsetinib is in progress smoothly.

FUTURE AND OUTLOOK

We are working to bring a number of significant clinical and commercial developments to fruition that will be catalysts for our growth in the rest of 2023.

A detailed breakdown of expected developments for the remainder of 2023 is below.

Commercial Developments

Our commercial team is working rapidly to expand the addressable market for our products and maximize their commercial potential with a focus on the following:

- Improving market coverage by maximizing deployment effectiveness and leveraging digital platform.
- Improving diagnosis rate and accuracy via deep collaboration with diagnostic companies, industry associations (e.g. PQCC), patient platforms and big data companies.
- Strengthening branding and scientific leadership by leveraging the inclusion of guidelines, holding academic activities, and conducting post-approval clinical projects with focus on differentiation in clinical and safety profile.
- Strengthening accessibility with continued efforts in hospitals and DTPs listing.
- Improving affordability through pricing strategy optimization and commercial insurance/innovative payment plans.
- Enhancing patient education and support through patient community engagement, education sessions and follow-ups leveraging digital platform.

Research & Development

NDA approvals expected:

- Pralsetinib: NDA approval in mainland China for the first-line treatment of RET fusion-positive locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC in the first half of 2023
- Avapritinib: Prescription Drug User Fee Act (“**PDUFA**”) action date for the treatment of adults with indolent systemic mastocytosis in U.S. in May 2023
- Ivosidenib: MAA approval for the first-line treatment of AML and locally advanced or metastatic Cholangiocarcinoma with IDH1-mutated in E.U. in 2023
- Lorlatinib: enrollment completed of the registrational trial for ROS1-positive advanced NSCLC in 2023
- Sugemalimab: NDA approval for R/R ENKTL in mainland China in the second half of 2023
- Sugemalimab: MAA approval for the first-line treatment in stage IV NSCLC in U.K. in the second half of 2023 or the first half of 2024
- Sugemalimab: NDA approval for the first-line treatment in GC/GEJ in mainland China in the second half of 2023 or the first half of 2024

Topline readouts expected:

- Nofazinlimab: topline readout of the global phase III trial of nofazinlimab in combination with LENVIMA® (lenvatinib) in first-line treatment of patients with advanced HCC in the fourth quarter of 2023 or the first quarter of 2024

Early clinical programs:

- CS2006: continuation of PoC expansion of CS2006 monotherapy in selected solid tumor indications
- CS5001: first patient enrollment in mainland China in the second quarter of 2023
- CS5001: data release from phase I trial for dose escalation in the fourth quarter of 2023



Chairman's Statement

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of our board, I am pleased to present the annual report of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2022.

In 2022, CStone achieved significant milestones in commercialization, with a substantial increase of 142% in commercial revenue and a near doubling of total revenue, and ended the year with a solid cash position. We have also made significant progress to develop our clinical pipeline towards regulatory approvals and commercial launches globally.

In 2022, we launched two new products, TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib) and CEJEMLY® (sugemalimab). Together with GAVRETO® (pralsetinib), AYVAKIT® (avapritinib), which were launched in 2021, we have four commercial products in the market that are expected to generate significant revenue in the coming years.

We have continued to accelerate our clinical development and commercialization process. Since 2022, we have obtained five NDA approvals for three products, and we have six new NDAs currently under review, including sugemalimab for first-line stage IV NSCLC in the United Kingdom (U.K.) and the European Union (E.U.).

Global expansion is the inevitable trend for innovative biological pharmaceutical enterprise, as well as a critical part of our strategy to realize the full potential of our pipeline. To achieve this, we have made solid progress in our global strategic partnerships to facilitate drug development and commercialization. This highlights the global commercial value of our pipeline and international recognition of our innovative R&D capabilities.

We are conducting a phase I clinical trial for our potential best-in-class ROR1-targeting ADC, CS5001, in the U.S., Australia, and mainland China. We plan to release preliminary data by the end of the year and are exploring collaboration opportunities with overseas companies.

Over ten discovery projects are in progress, including multi-specifics, antibody-drug conjugates, and a proprietary platform for drugging intractable intracellular targets.

Moving forward, we will continue to leverage our industry-leading clinical development capabilities and utilizing multiple innovation sources to further build up our pipeline, accelerate drug development and bring innovative medicines to China and global markets, and at the same time realizing value for our various stakeholders.

Last but not least, we would like to extend our heartfelt thanks and infinite respect to our clinical trial participants and investigators, patients and physicians, employees and shareholders. Their trust in CStone is the driving force for our continuous innovation every day.

Dr. Wei Li

Chairman and Non-executive Director

Suzhou, PRC, March 15, 2023

Management Discussion and Analysis

BUSINESS REVIEW

Commercial Operations

Marching into the second year since we launched our first product, we are committed to establishing leadership in precision medicine and to benefiting more patients.

Our commercial team's efforts have enhanced the accessibility and affordability of our products on the market to bolster sales. They have continued a proactive engagement program to broaden and deepen ties to the healthcare community and critical stakeholder groups as part of preparations for launching and commercialization of our drug candidates. Our commercial team has established coverage of over 800 hospitals across more than 180 cities, building coverage of hospitals that account for approximately 75-80% of the relevant market of precision medicines. They also successfully secured the inclusion of our drugs in major commercial and government-administered insurance plans as part of an effort to broaden patient access to our drugs by making them more affordable. As a result of these efforts, we achieved a steady growth of AYWAKIT® (avapritinib) and GAVRETO® (pralsetinib) and a healthy sales ramp up of TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib), generating a combined net sales of RMB364.3 million in 2022.

Our partnerships with pharmaceutical and biotech companies are cornerstones of our near-term commercial plans as well as our global aspirations. Through our successful collaboration with Pfizer, we are demonstrating the merits of our unique clinical development capabilities, and our attractiveness to multinational players who may potentially partner with us. Our collaboration with EQRx is intended to bring our drugs into the largest global healthcare markets, and to help ensure that they are competitively positioned.

Details on our full commercial efforts are set out below:

- **GAVRETO® (pralsetinib)**
 - GAVRETO® (pralsetinib), a FIC RET inhibitor in China, has been approved by the NMPA for the treatment of 1) adults with locally advanced or metastatic RET fusion-positive NSCLC previously treated with platinum-based chemotherapy; and 2) patients with advanced or metastatic RET-mutant MTC and RET fusion-positive TC. In addition, it has been approved by the HK DoH for the treatment of patients with RET fusion-positive locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC and has been approved by TFDA for the treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic RET fusion-positive NSCLC, advanced or metastatic RET-mutant MTC, and RET fusion-positive TC.
 - We ramped up our efforts to establish scientific and academic leadership for GAVRETO® (pralsetinib). During the Reporting Period, GAVRETO® (pralsetinib) was recommended by additional national guidelines, including 2022 CSCO Primary Lung Cancer Guideline, 2022 CSCO MTC Clinical Guideline, and 2022 Chinese Guideline for Integrated Diagnosis and Treatment of Cancer-MTC.
 - We leveraged the newly included national guidelines, such as the First Consensus on RET Gene Testing of TC in China to educate pathologists and clinicians on RET testing in NSCLC and TC to maximize the pool of patients identified. We also expanded the scope of financial aid programs to MTC testing to increase the testing rate. These efforts have led to an 80% RET testing rate in top 200 hospitals.

Management Discussion and Analysis

- In addition, we further strengthened the brand and share of voice for GAVRETO® (pralsetinib) by successfully holding a TC Precision Treatment Forum with approximately 16,000 HCPs joining, 17 events of RET Case Tour with participants around 400,000 person-time, the GAVRETO® (pralsetinib) annual launch celebration and RET Treatment Academic Week with approximately 30,000 HCPs joining.
- We continued to improve the accessibility and affordability of GAVRETO® (pralsetinib). As of the date of this report, GAVRETO® (pralsetinib) has been included in 130 commercial and government insurance programs and listed in approximately 200 hospitals and DTPs. PAP scheme of GAVRETO® (pralsetinib) was updated in June 2022 to support the long-term treatment of the patients.
- **AYVAKIT® (avapritinib)**
 - AYVAKIT® (avapritinib), a FIC KIT/PDGFR α inhibitor, has been approved by the NMPA for the treatment of adults with unresectable or metastatic GIST harboring a PDGFR α exon 18 mutation, including PDGFR α D842V mutations. AYVAKIT® (avapritinib) has also been approved by the TFDA and HK DoH for the treatment of patients with unresectable or metastatic PDGFR α D842V mutant GIST.
 - AYVAKIT® (avapritinib) is recommended by several authoritative guidelines. During the Reporting Period, AYVAKIT® (avapritinib) was recommended by additional national guidelines, including 2022 Chinese Guideline for Diagnosis and Treatment of Systemic Mastocytosis in adults.
 - We collaborated with the Chinese Medical Doctor Association, Chinese College of Surgeons and the CSCO Experts Committee on GIST to help shape the paradigm of precision medicine and the ability to diagnose and treat GIST.
 - We further improved testing awareness and accessibility of PDGFR α exon 18 mutation in GIST through continuous collaborations with top diagnostics companies, PQCC and peers. The testing rate of PDGFR α exon 18 in GIST has been improved to 70% in top 200 hospitals.
 - Moreover, we continued to proactively engage with top KOLs and HCPs to improve the product perception and adoption of AYVAKIT® (avapritinib). In May 2022, we held the second GIST Summit & AYVAKIT® (avapritinib) annual launch celebration, with approximately 12,000 physicians joining. Our collaboration with CSCO on GIST Precision Treatment Case Competition and Gastrointestinal Oncology Satellite Meeting engaged over 40,000 HCPs and strengthened AYVAKIT® (avapritinib)'s leading position in GIST.
 - We continued to improve the accessibility and affordability of AYVAKIT® (avapritinib). As of the date of this report, AYVAKIT® (avapritinib) has been included in 90 commercial and government insurance programs and listed in approximately 80 hospitals and DTPs. We adjusted the listing price of AYVAKIT® (avapritinib) and launched new PAP to improve affordability for GIST patients. In addition, AYVAKIT® (avapritinib) received approval for National Health Insurance application in Taiwan, China, which has been effective since June 1, 2022.

Management Discussion and Analysis

- **TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib)**

- TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib), a FIC IDH1 inhibitor, has been approved by the NMPA for the treatment of adult patients with R/R AML who have an IDH1 mutation.
- Our commercial team made tremendous efforts in the product's launch readiness, laying a solid foundation for a healthy sales ramp up. Specifically, we achieved 18 prescriptions in 15 hospitals in 13 cities on the first day of launch. And the drug is available in all the major target hospitals and pharmacies in over 25 cities and more than 20 provinces.
- On July 16, 2022, we successfully held TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib) National Launch Meeting with 24 national top KOLs and approximately 22,000 HCPs attending. We also held 5 regional launch meetings, 2023 AML Precision Treatment Forums, and AML Case Tours, etc., with over 30,000 HCPs attending in total.
- Ivosidenib is recommended by six authoritative guidelines, including 2022 CSCO Hematologic Malignancy Guideline, 2022 CACA Hematological Oncology Guideline, and China Adult AML Clinical Guideline, 2022 Expert Consensus on Pathological Diagnosis of Intrahepatic Cholangiocarcinoma, etc. And it has become the first choice for treatment of AML with IDH1 mutation.
- We formed collaboration with top diagnostics company in hematology, such as Kinstar Global, to co-educate pathologists and clinicians on testing awareness and quality of IDH1 mutation in AML. We also launched testing aid programs for IDH1 mutation patients. IDH1 testing has become a standard process in hematology department in our covered hospitals and testing rate has reached 75% in Top 200 hospitals in less than one year.
- We have made significant progress in improving accessibility and affordability of TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib) in 7 months post launch. As of the date of this report, TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib) has been included in 80 commercial and government insurance programs and listed in approximately 70 hospitals and DTPs. We launched PAP for TIBSOVO® (ivosidenib) to increase affordability and extend DOT in November 2022.

- **Sugemalimab**

- We continued to work closely with Pfizer to support the commercialization in mainland China. At the same time, we are also collaborating with our partners EQRx to support the global launch (outside Greater China).
- For the launch readiness in China, we worked together with Pfizer to sign off all commercial agreements and set up ordering process and commercial/PAP goods supply. In addition, we have opened distributor accounts and supported bidding progress to ensure patient accessibility upon the NDA approval.
- In May 2022, we received the NDA approval from the NMPA for the treatment of patients with unresectable stage III NSCLC following concurrent or sequential chemoradiotherapy.

Management Discussion and Analysis

- In 2022, sugemalimab has been recommended in the 2022 CSCO NSCLC guideline and 2022 CSCO Immunotherapy guideline for the treatment of stage III and stage IV NSCLC patients. In addition, sugemalimab has also been included in CTONG Stage III NSCLC Diagnosis and Therapy Expert Consensus and 2022 Chinese Medical Association guideline for clinical diagnosis and treatment of lung cancer.
- In September 2022, we successfully completed sugemalimab MAH transfer to Pfizer in mainland China.
- With EQRx, we are working on development and regulatory strategies for sugemalimab outside of greater China, including the U.K. and the E.U., as well as additional regions. The global market size of PD-(L)1 for the treatment of NSCLC, gastric and esophageal cancers is forecasted to be approximately US\$30 billion in 2026.

Clinical Development

As of the date of this report, we have made significant progress with respect to our product pipeline.

Pralsetinib (CS3009, RET inhibitor)

- In March 2022, we received the NDA approval from the NMPA for the treatment of patients with advanced or metastatic RET-mutant MTC and RET fusion-positive TC.
- In July 2022, we received the NDA approval from the HK DoH for the treatment of patients with RET fusion-positive locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC.
- In January 2023, we received the NDA approval from the TFDA for the treatment of patients with RET fusion-positive locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC, and advanced or metastatic RET-mutant MTC and RET fusion-positive TC.
- In October 2022, we received the NDA acceptance from the NMPA for the first-line treatment of patients with RET fusion-positive locally advanced or metastatic NSCLC who have not been previously treated with systemic therapy.
- In December 2022, we presented updated results from the phase I/II ARROW trial in Chinese patients with RET fusion-positive NSCLC at ESMO Asia Congress 2022. The data showed durable and long-term clinical benefits of pralsetinib in both treatment-naïve and previously treated Chinese patients with advanced RET fusion-positive NSCLC, and pralsetinib had a generally well-tolerated safety profile.

Avapritinib (CS3007, KIT/PDGFR α inhibitor)

- In December 2022, we published the results from the NAVIGATOR China bridging study of avapritinib in *The Oncologist*.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Ivosidenib (CS3010, IDH1 inhibitor)

- In January 2022, we received an NDA approval from the NMPA for the treatment of adults with R/R AML with an IDH1 mutation. Ivosidenib was the first IDH1 inhibitor approved in China for the treatment of patients with R/R AML.
- In October 2022, we received Pediatric and Minority Serious Disease Designation from TFDA for IDH1-mutated R/R AML in adults.

Sugemalimab (CS1001, PD-L1 antibody)

- Sugemalimab is an investigational monoclonal antibody directed against PD-L1 that has been approved by the NMPA in China for both stage III and stage IV NSCLC patients. As a fully-human, full-length anti-PD-L1 monoclonal antibody, sugemalimab mirrors the natural G-type IgG4 human antibody, which may potentially reduce the risk of immunogenicity and toxicity in patients, a potential unique advantage and differentiation factor compared to similar drugs. As of the date of this report, we succeeded in five registrational trials for sugemalimab, including one phase II registrational study for lymphoma and four phase III registrational studies in stage IV NSCLC, stage III NSCLC, gastric cancer, and esophageal cancer, respectively.
- In May 2022, we received the NDA approval from the NMPA for the treatment of patients with unresectable stage III NSCLC whose disease has not progressed following concurrent or sequential platinum-based chemoradiotherapy. Sugemalimab became the first anti-PD-1/PD-L1 monoclonal antibody approved in this patient population.
- In May 2022, we announced that the final PFS analysis of the registrational GEMSTONE-301 study further demonstrates sugemalimab's robust efficacy and significant clinical benefits shown in interim analysis in stage III NSCLC patients. In August 2022, we presented the detailed results at WCLC 2022.
- In January 2022, we announced that the pre-specified OS interim analysis showed sugemalimab in combination with chemotherapy significantly and clinically meaningfully improved the overall survival in stage IV NSCLC patients. We presented the detailed results at ASCO 2022.
- In January 2022, we announced the results for the first-line treatment of stage IV NSCLC and consolidation therapy of stage III NSCLC were published in the world-leading oncology journal *The Lancet Oncology*, respectively.
- In September 2022, we received the NDA acceptance from the NMPA in patients with R/R ENKTL with priority review granted.
- In January 2022, the registrational trial GEMSTONE-201 in patients with R/R ENKTL met the primary endpoint. We presented the detailed results in an oral abstract session at 2022 ASCO Annual Meeting. The results of this study were also published in JCO in March 2023.
- In February 2023, we received the NDA acceptance from the NMPA in the first-line treatment of patients with locally advanced or metastatic GC/GEJ.
- In November 2022, we announced that the GEMSTONE-303 study for the first-line treatment of patients with unresectable locally advanced or metastatic GC/GEJ has met its PFS primary endpoint. Sugemalimab in combination with chemotherapy demonstrated statistically significant and clinically meaningful improvement in investigator assessed PFS, compared with placebo plus chemotherapy.

Management Discussion and Analysis

- In April 2023, we received acceptance from the NMPA with respect to our supplemental biologics license application for sugemalimab in combination with chemotherapy as a first-line treatment of patients with unresectable locally advanced, recurrent, or metastatic ESCC.
- In January 2023, we announced that the GEMSTONE-304 study for the first-line treatment of unresectable locally advanced, recurrent, or metastatic ESCC, has met its primary endpoints. Sugemalimab in combination with chemotherapy demonstrated a statistically significant and clinically meaningful improvement in Blinded Independent Central Review (BICR)-assessed PFS and OS compared with placebo in combination with chemotherapy.
- In January 2022, we completed enrolment for two key phase III registrational clinical trials, one for the first-line treatment of unresectable locally advanced or metastatic GC/GEJ, and the other for the first-line treatment of unresectable locally advanced, recurrent, or metastatic ESCC.
- For the markets outside of Greater China, we are working with EQRx on discussions for regulatory submissions for indications in stage IV NSCLC and other indications in multiple countries and regions.
 - In December 2022, the MAA filing for sugemalimab in combination with chemotherapy as first-line treatment of patients with metastatic NSCLC was accepted for review by the MHRA in the U.K.. This is the first MAA submission of sugemalimab outside of China.
 - In February 2023, the MAA filing for sugemalimab in combination with chemotherapy as first-line treatment of patients with metastatic NSCLC was accepted for review by EMA.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT REQUIRED BY RULE 18A.05 OF THE LISTING RULES: WE MAY NOT BE ABLE TO ULTIMATELY DEVELOP AND MARKET SUGEMALIMAB, OR ANY OF OUR PIPELINE PRODUCTS, SUCCESSFULLY.

Nofazinlimab (CS1003, PD-1 antibody)

- In March 2022, we completed the prespecified enrolment for the global phase III trial of nofazinlimab in combination with LENVIMA® (lenvatinib) as first-line treatment in patients with advanced HCC.
- In June 2022, we presented the updated results from the phase Ib study of nofazinlimab combined with lenvatinib as first-line treatment in Chinese HCC patients at ASCO 2022. Results showed that nofazinlimab in combination with lenvatinib demonstrated promising and durable efficacy in Chinese patients with advanced HCC.

Lorlatinib (ALK/ROS-1 inhibitor)

- We are working with Pfizer to jointly develop lorlatinib for ROS1-positive advanced NSCLC in Greater China. In December 2021, we received the IND approval from NMPA. In May 2022, we enrolled the first patient in this pivotal study. This is the first pivotal trial of lorlatinib for the treatment of ROS1-positive NSCLC in the world. The enrolment continues at a steady pace.

Management Discussion and Analysis

CS5001 (LCB71, ROR1 ADC)

- After obtaining an approval of the IND application from the U.S. FDA and approval from the Australia EC, the FIH study of this potential best-in-class ROR1 ADC has commenced with swift recruitment to the dose-escalation part ongoing in both countries. Additionally, we submitted an IND application to the NMPA in March 2022 and received the approval in May 2022. To enable biomarker-driven patient selection based on tumor ROR1 expression, we have identified candidate ROR1 antibody clones for IHC with good sensitivity and selectivity to support such precision medicine effort in the future. We presented the translational data of CS5001 in an oral presentation at the 13th WADC London in March 2023.

CS2006 (NM21-1480, PD-L1/4-1BB/HSA tri-specific molecule)

- The FIH study is ongoing and includes sites in the U.S. and Taiwan, China. The dose-escalation part of the study has been completed, and the MTD was not reached; preliminary data from the dose escalation part was presented at SITC 2022, which indicated a benign and differentiated safety profile with no notable liver toxicities; a partial response was observed in a patient with MSS-CRC; meanwhile, full 4-1BB agonism was observed across a broad dose range providing complete inhibition of PD-L1, thus, clinically validating the concept of affinity-balancing built into the design of the molecule (preclinical data presented at AACR 2022). The study has proceeded to PoC stage to further explore the safety and efficacy of CS2006 in selected tumor indications in U.S., E.U. and Taiwan. We received the IND approval from the NMPA in September 2021.

Trademarks

Blueprint Medicines, AYVAKIT, GAVRETO and associated logos are trademarks of Blueprint Medicines Corporation.

Research

Precision medicines and immuno-oncology combinations remain our strategic focus. Antibody-drug conjugates which deliver cytotoxic agents to tumor with precision, and multi-specific biologics which can create new biology and are combinations of themselves represent two near-term modalities for early-development.

One FIC/BIC I/O program declared **PCC** in 2022, which is a tri-specific molecule against PD-L1, VEGF plus another I/O target. Another FIC/BIC I/O program (antibody-cytokine fusion molecule) and up to two other I/O multi-specific programs are on track for PCC declaration in 2023.

Cell-penetrating therapeutic platform. Many well-known oncology targets are intracellular proteins that are considered undruggable by current therapeutic approaches. We are developing a proprietary cell-penetrating therapeutic platform against these otherwise intractable targets. Significant progress has been made in the development of this platform with broad therapeutic potential for oncology and beyond. We obtained *in vitro* PoC using this platform with several treatment modalities in 2022 and expect additional *in vitro/in vivo* PoCs with multiple additional treatment modalities by the end of 2023.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Business Development and Strategic Partnerships

Our business development team plays a vital strategic role in the growth of our business. They will pursue partnerships to expand commercialization of our in-market and late-stage drugs, bolster our early-stage pipeline of potential FIC/BIC molecules, and access technologies that complement our research and development efforts. In addition, they are supporting the development of our existing strategic partnerships including Pfizer, Hengrui, EQRx and DotBio.

As of the date of this report, we have made significant progress with respect to our existing partnerships.

- **Pfizer**

- In December 2021, we received the first approval of sugemalimab for stage IV NSCLC including both squamous and non-squamous patients. CStone and Pfizer have worked closely together to successfully launch and commercialize sugemalimab by educating the healthcare community about its BIC clinical results and leveraging Pfizer’s leading commercial infrastructure and deep expertise in China. In May 2022, we received the second indication approval of sugemalimab for the treatment of patients with unresectable stage III NSCLC. It is the world’s first anti-PD-1/PD-L1 monoclonal antibody successfully approved as a consolidation therapy to improve progression-free survival in patients with stage III NSCLC, after concurrent or sequential platinum-based chemoradiotherapy. The national launch ceremony for unresectable stage III NSCLC was held successfully on July 17, 2022.
- In June 2021, CStone and Pfizer jointly announced that they have selected the first late-stage oncology asset for co-development under the strategic collaboration agreement formed in 2020. The two companies initiated a pivotal clinical trial of lorlatinib for ROS1-positive advanced NSCLC. This step marks another milestone for CStone and Pfizer in their growing strategic partnership, which includes joint efforts to selectively introduce oncology therapies into the Greater China region. Additionally, it bolsters CStone’s growing pipeline. In May 2022, the first patient was enrolled in the pivotal study of lorlatinib for the treatment of ROS1-positive advanced NSCLC under the joint efforts of CStone and Pfizer. The clinical supply was imported, and the site start-up activities were conducted as planned despite the challenges presented by the COVID-19 lockdown in 2022.

- **EQRx**

- CStone is working with EQRx to advance regulatory submission in multiple countries and jurisdictions outside of Greater China. The regulatory pathways for sugemalimab in multiple indications are in discussion, including stage IV NSCLC and other indications. In December 2022, the U.K.’s MHRA accepted for review the MAA for sugemalimab in combination with chemotherapy as first-line treatment of patients with metastatic NSCLC, thus marking an important milestone in CStone’s globalization efforts. In February 2023, the MAA filing for sugemalimab in combination with chemotherapy as first-line treatment of patients with metastatic NSCLC was accepted for review by EMA.
- For the global phase III registrational trial of nifozinlimab in combination with lenvatinib as the first-line treatment for patients with advanced HCC, we completed the prespecified patient enrolment in March 2022 as planned.

Management Discussion and Analysis

- **Hengrui**

- In November 2021, we established a strategic partnership with Hengrui by signing an exclusive licensing agreement on the Greater China right of anti-CTLA-4 mAb (CS1002). Under the terms of the agreement, CStone received an upfront payment and will be eligible for additional milestone payments up to US\$200 million in addition to double-digit royalties. Hengrui obtained the exclusive rights for research, development, registration, manufacturing, and commercialization of CS1002 in Greater China. CStone retained the rights to develop and commercialize CS1002 outside of Greater China. This strategic partnership could help us to fully unlock the commercial potential of this asset. In 2022, Hengrui received the IND clearance from NMPA for a phase Ib/II trial of CS1002 combination therapy for the treatment of advanced solid tumors.

- **DotBio**

- In 2022, we had a productive collaboration with DotBio, a biotech company specializing in next generation antibody therapies. CStone led the design of a FIC/BIC multispecific target combination based on the intended mechanism of action and DotBio led the design and engineering of the molecules. Several bi and tri-specific prototype molecules are under testing with sequence handover expected in 2023.

In addition to the above, we continue to engage potential partners for multiple partnership opportunities that will accelerate our value creation, including in-licensing, out-licensing and strategic partnerships.

The Impact of the Novel Coronavirus (“COVID-19”)

The Company followed government mandates and took various mitigation measures to ensure employees’ safety and minimize disruptions to business operations.

Critical aspects of our business remain functional. Up to the date of this report, the pandemic has not hindered recruitment for our registrational trials, and we have been able to ensure continuous treatment and monitoring to mitigate the risk of patient dropout. We have been expanding hospital and physician coverage in areas adjacent to the regions impacted by COVID-19 where patients may seek treatment in 2022. We have been using digital platforms where possible, such as for virtual KOL engagement, managing long-term treatment of patients, and resolving logistics and supply issues.

However, lockdowns in some parts of Eastern and Northern China in April/May 2022 and travel restrictions due to pandemic throughout the year led to disruptions to physician-patient interactions and posed challenges to supply chain management. These partially impacted our business in some Tier 1 cities in China for the Reporting Period, as travel of patient from surrounding areas and inpatient services was restricted. Our business has been recovering since January 2023.

Management Discussion and Analysis

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Year ended December 31, 2022 Compared to Year ended December 31, 2021

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000 (Audited)	2021 RMB'000 (Audited)
Revenue	481,363	243,718
Cost of revenue	(202,985)	(106,832)
Gross profit	278,378	136,886
Other income	18,722	45,773
Other gains and losses	(776)	(134,188)
Research and development expenses	(614,162)	(1,304,945)
Selling and marketing expenses	(327,301)	(363,788)
Administrative expenses	(249,062)	(297,596)
Finance costs	(8,477)	(2,242)
Loss for the year	(902,678)	(1,920,100)
Other comprehensive income for the year:		
<i>Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>		
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations	405	399
Total comprehensive expense for the year	(902,273)	(1,919,701)
Non-IFRS measures:		
Adjusted loss for the year	(760,616)	(1,697,429)



Management Discussion and Analysis

Revenue. Our revenue was RMB481.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, composed of RMB364.3 million in sales of pharmaceutical products, representing sales of the Company's pharmaceutical products (avapritinib, pralsetinib and ivosidenib), RMB87.3 million in license fee income and RMB29.8 million in royalty income of sugemalimab, representing an increase of RMB237.7 million from RMB243.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2021, primarily attributable to the increase in the sales of the pharmaceutical products and royalty income of sugemalimab.

Other Income. Our other income decreased by RMB27.1 million from RMB45.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 to RMB18.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2022. This was primarily due to less government grants.

Other Gains and Losses. Our other gains and losses decreased by RMB133.4 million from losses of RMB134.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 to loss of RMB0.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2022. This decrease was primarily due to foreign exchange gain for the year ended December 31, 2022 vs foreign exchange loss for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Research and Development Expenses. Our research and development expenses decreased by RMB690.7 million from RMB1,304.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 to RMB614.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2022. This decrease was primarily attributable to (i) a decrease of RMB655.6 million in milestone fee and third party contracting cost from RMB1,032.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 to RMB376.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2022 for different phases of our clinical trials; and (ii) employee cost decreased by RMB55.4 million.

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Employee cost	212,108	267,470
Milestone fee and third party contracting cost	376,524	1,032,138
Others	25,530	5,337
Total	614,162	1,304,945

Management Discussion and Analysis

Administrative Expenses. Our administrative expenses decreased by RMB48.5 million from RMB297.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 to RMB249.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2022. This decrease was primarily attributable to (i) a decrease of RMB22.9 million in professional fees from RMB65.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 to RMB42.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2022; (ii) a decrease of RMB23.2 million in other fees.

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Employee cost	161,451	168,570
Professional fees	42,394	65,256
Rental expenses	3,069	2,475
Depreciation and amortization	21,367	17,347
Others	20,781	43,948
Total	249,062	297,596

Selling and Marketing Expenses. Our selling and marketing expenses decreased by RMB36.5 million from RMB363.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 to RMB327.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2022. The decrease was primarily attributable to less marketing activities after the products launched in 2021.

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Employee cost	195,255	182,251
Professional fees	48,584	62,775
Others	83,462	118,762
Total	327,301	363,788

Finance Costs. The finance costs increased by RMB6.3 million from RMB2.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 to RMB8.5 million for the year ended December 31, 2022, primarily due to the increase in interests on bank borrowings and on lease liabilities for office premises renting.

Management Discussion and Analysis

Non-IFRS Measures

To supplement the Group's consolidated financial statements, which are presented in accordance with the IFRS, the Company also uses adjusted loss for the year and other adjusted figures as additional financial measures, which are not required by, or presented in accordance with, the IFRS. The Company believes that these adjusted measures provide useful information to shareholders and potential investors in understanding and evaluating the Group's consolidated results of operations in the same manner as they help the Company's management.

Adjusted loss for the year represents the loss for the year excluding the effect of certain non-cash items and onetime events, namely the share-based payment expenses. The term adjusted loss for the year is not defined under the IFRS. The use of this non-IFRS measure has limitations as an analytical tool, and you should not consider it in isolation from, or as substitute for analysis of, the Group's results of operations or financial condition as reported under IFRS. The Company's presentation of such adjusted figure may not be comparable to a similarly titled measure presented by other companies. However, the Company believes that this and other non-IFRS measures are reflections of the Group's normal operating results by eliminating potential impacts of items that the management do not consider to be indicative of the Group's operating performance, and thus facilitate comparisons of operating performance from period to period and company to company to the extent applicable.

The table below sets forth a reconciliation of the loss to adjusted loss during the years indicated:

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000 (Audited)	2021 RMB'000 (Audited)
Loss for the year	(902,678)	(1,920,100)
Added:		
Share-based payment expenses	142,062	222,671
Adjusted loss for the year	(760,616)	(1,697,429)

The table below sets forth a reconciliation of the research and development expenses to adjusted research and development expenses during the years indicated:

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000 (Audited)	2021 RMB'000 (Audited)
Research and development expenses for the year	(614,162)	(1,304,945)
Added:		
Share-based payment expenses	55,015	122,835
Adjusted research and development expenses for the year	(559,147)	(1,182,110)

Management Discussion and Analysis

The table below sets forth a reconciliation of the administrative and selling and marketing expenses to adjusted administrative and selling and marketing expenses during the years indicated:

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	(Audited)	(Audited)
Administrative and selling and marketing expenses for the year	(576,363)	(661,384)
Added:		
Share-based payment expenses	87,047	99,836
Adjusted administrative and selling and marketing expenses for the year	(489,316)	(561,548)

Employees and Remuneration Policies

The following table sets forth a breakdown of our employees at December 31, 2022 by function:

Function	Number of employees	% of total number of employees
Research and Development	166	34.87
Sales, General and Administrative	310	65.13
Total	476	100.0

At December 31, 2022, we had 232 employees in Shanghai, 54 employees in Beijing, 34 employees in Suzhou and 156 employees in other regions of the PRC and overseas. Our employees' remuneration comprises salaries, bonuses, employee provident fund and social security contributions and other welfare payments. In accordance with applicable Chinese laws, we have made contributions to social security insurance funds (including pension plans, medical insurance, work-related injury insurance, unemployment insurance and maternity insurance) and housing funds for our employees.

Management Discussion and Analysis

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group has always adopted a prudent treasury management policy. The Group has taken a multi-source approach to fund our operations and meet development demands for capital, including service and milestone and upfront payments from our collaboration partners, bank borrowings, investments from other third parties and proceeds from our listing on the Stock Exchange.

On February 26, 2019, 186,396,000 Shares of US\$0.0001 each were issued at a price of HK\$12.00 per Share in connection with the Company's IPO on the Stock Exchange. The proceeds of HK\$146,294.76 representing the par value, were credited to the Company's share capital. The remaining proceeds of RMB2,090.16 million (before deduction of the expenses relating to the Company's IPO) were credited to the share premium account. The translation from US\$ to HK\$ is made at the exchange rate set forth in the H.10 weekly statistical release of the Federal Reserve System of the United States as of February 26, 2019.

On September 30, 2020 (before trading hours), the Company entered into the share subscription agreement with Pfizer, pursuant to which Pfizer has conditionally agreed to subscribe for an aggregate of 115,928,803 subscription shares at the subscription price of approximately HK\$13.37 per Share. The gross proceeds from the allotment and issue of the subscription shares were approximately US\$200.0 million (equivalent to approximately RMB1,355.9 million).

At December 31, 2022, our cash and cash equivalents and time deposits were RMB1,042.1 million, as compared to RMB1,603.4 million as of December 31, 2021. The decrease was mainly due to the payment of research and development expenses and development milestone to the partners.

Gearing Ratio

Gearing ratio is calculated using total liabilities divided by total assets and multiplied by 100%. At December 31, 2022, our gearing ratio was 72.6% (December 31, 2021: 46.9%).

Charge on Assets

At December 31, 2022, the Group did not pledge any group assets (December 31, 2021: Nil).

Management Discussion and Analysis

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Significant Investments, Material Acquisitions and Disposals

At December 31, 2022, we did not hold any significant investments and there had been no material acquisitions and disposals by the Group. As at the date of this report, we have no specific future plan for material investments or capital assets, as well as material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures.

Other Investments

From July to November 2021, the Company placed orders with CMB International Securities Limited (“CMBIS”) to subscribe in notes linked to a segregated portfolio held under a company registered in Cayman Islands (the “Investment”). The majority of the segregated portfolio was used to invest in the shares and options of companies listed on the PRC, Hong Kong and the US exchange, with the remainder invested in a private equity and held in cash.

The aggregate amount committed to the Investment was approximately HK\$227.7 million (equivalent to approximately RMB189.2 million). During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company redeemed such Investment at an amount of HK\$76,925,000 (equivalent to RMB70,217,000) in cash and the Company had taken over the 1,000,000 class X units of a private equity which the management of the Company assessed its fair value is nil after considering the expected return of the underlying investments. As such, the realized loss of the Investment for the year ended December 31, 2022 amounted to RMB62,028,000.

Foreign Exchange Risk

Our financial statements are expressed in RMB, but certain of our cash and cash equivalents, time deposits, other receivables, financial assets measured at FVTPL and account and other payables are denominated in foreign currencies, and are exposed to foreign currency risk. We currently do not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management of the Group monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

Bank Loans and Other Borrowings

In 2020, the Group obtained two new bank loan facilities amounting to RMB175 million and RMB25 million, respectively, for the purpose of the construction of the facilities and working capital. In 2022, the Group obtained one new bank loan facility amounting to RMB100 million for the purpose of working capital. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group has drawn down RMB113,042,000 and repaid RMB32,000,000 of principal and interest in accordance with the payment schedules.

Contingent Liabilities

At December 31, 2022, we did not have any material contingent liabilities (December 31, 2021: Nil).

Management Discussion and Analysis

Material events after the Reporting Period

In February 2023, the Company successfully raised net proceeds (after deducting the placing commission and other related expenses and professional fees) of approximately HK\$389.07 million through a placing of 84,800,000 new shares with a nominal value of US\$8,480 at the placing price of HK\$4.63 per placing share under the general mandate granted to the Board by a resolution of the Shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on June 30, 2022. The net placing price (after deducting related costs and expenses borne by the Company) is approximately HK\$4.588. The share price on the last full trading day immediately prior to the date of the placing agreement was HK\$5.080. Shares were placed to not less than six placees who are independent professional, institutional or other investors. The proceeds are planned to be used for commercialization and indication expansion of marketed products, development of pipeline products, business development activities and general corporate purposes. For details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated February 8, 2023 and February 15, 2023.

An extraordinary general meeting of the Company was held on Tuesday, March 7, 2023 for the purpose of considering and approving the, *inter alia*, (i) the proposed re-grants of Options under the Post-IPO ESOP; (ii) the proposed grant of Options to Dr. Jianxin Yang under the Post-IPO ESOP; (iii) the proposed amendments to the Post-IPO ESOP; (iv) the proposed amendments to the Post-IPO RSU scheme; (v) the proposed adoption of the Scheme Mandate Limit; and (vi) the proposed adoption of the Service Provider Sublimit. Capitalized terms used in this paragraph shall have the same meaning as defined in the circular of the Company dated February 15, 2023. For details, please refer to the circular of the Company dated February 14, 2023 and the poll results announcement of the Company dated March 7, 2023.

Save as disclosed above and in this report, there were no material events after the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report.

Directors and Senior Management

DIRECTORS

Executive Director

Dr. Jianxin Yang (楊建新), M.D., Ph.D., aged 59, is as our Chief Executive Officer, executive Director, chairman of the Strategy Committee and an authorised representative of the Company. Dr. Yang has been our senior vice president and chief medical officer since December 2016. Currently, he is responsible for the overall operation strategic planning and business operation of our Group.

Dr. Yang has over 25 years of experience in biomedical research and clinical development of oncology drugs in the U.S. and China. Prior to joining us, he served as the Senior Vice President and Head of Clinical Development at BeiGene, Ltd. (NASDAQ: BGNE, HKSE: 6160, the Star Market of SHSE: 688235) from July 2014 to December 2016. He led BeiGene, Ltd.'s clinical team in clinical development of its oncology pipeline, and led the development and management of over ten clinical trials worldwide, including the first anti-PD-1 mAb originated in China, BTK inhibitors and PARP inhibitors.

Prior to joining BeiGene, Ltd., Dr. Yang served as a Medical Director at Covance Inc. from September 2011 to July 2014. He served as Senior Chief Scientist for tumor biomarkers in Pfizer Inc., and served as a Research Scientist in the cancer genomics division at Tularik Inc. (acquired by Amgen Inc. in 2004).

Throughout his career, Dr. Yang has made significant contributions to the successful development of several anticancer drugs. He is also the author of over 50 publications and the inventor of nine patents.

Dr. Yang received a bachelor's degree in medicine from Xianning Branch of Hubei Medical College (湖北醫學院咸寧分院), (currently known as Hubei Institute of Science and Technology (湖北科技學院)) in Hubei, China in July 1985 and a master's degree in pathophysiology from Nanjing Medical College (南京醫學院), (currently known as Nanjing Medical University (南京醫科大學)) in Nanjing, China in July 1989. He then received his Ph.D. training in molecular biology with Nobel Laureates Drs. Michael S. Brown and Joseph L. Goldstein at the University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas, U.S. in June 1995. He conducted his postdoctoral training in chemical biology with Dr. Stuart L. Schreiber at Harvard University in the United States from 1995 to 1998.

Non-executive Directors

Dr. Wei Li (李偉), Ph.D., aged 51, is our Chairman of Board. He has been our Director since December 2015 and was re-designated as a non-executive Director on October 29, 2018, and was re-elected as a non-executive Director on June 23, 2021. Dr. Li took up the role of Chairman and the chairman of the Nomination Committee on May 31, 2022. Dr. Wei Li is also a member of the Compensation Committee.

Dr. Li has over 20 years of experience in the biotech industry. He serves as a partner of Creacion Ventures since April 2020 and the managing partner of 6 Dimensions Capital, L.P. since October 2017 and is a founding partner and the managing partner of WuXi Healthcare Ventures II, L.P. since July 2015. Dr. Li has been a director of Ocumension Therapeutics (歐康維視生物), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1477) since April 2018 and re-designated as a non-executive director since July 2021.

Directors and Senior Management

During his scientific research career, Dr. Li has first-authored numerous scientific publications in journals including Science, Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences, and Journal of Biological Chemistry.

Dr. Li received a Ph.D. in chemistry from Harvard University in the United States in November 1998, and an MBA from the J. L. Kellogg School of Management at Northwestern University in the United States in June 2003. He graduated with a bachelor of science in chemical physics from the University of Science and Technology of China (中國科學技術大學) in Anhui, China in July 1993.

Mr. Kenneth Walton Hitchner III, aged 63, was appointed as our non-executive Director with effect from December 10, 2021 and was re-elected as a non-executive Director on June 30, 2022. Mr. Hitchner is a member of the Investment Committee.

Mr. Hitchner has more than 30 years of experience in corporate finance. He had served as the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. in Asia Pacific Ex-Japan before his retirement in 2019. He was also a member of Goldman Sachs' Management Committee and co-chaired its Asia Pacific Management Committee.

Mr. Hitchner has served as an independent non-executive director of Provident Acquisition Corp., a company listed on NASDAQ (stock code: PAQC), from January 2021 to October 2022. He ceased to serve as a senior advisor to a leading global life sciences investor Valiance Asset Management in December 2022. During the period from 2013 to 2017, Mr. Hitchner had served as President of Goldman Sachs in Asia Pacific Ex-Japan. Prior to relocating to Hong Kong, he was global head of Goldman Sachs' Healthcare Banking Group and global co-head of its Technology, Media and Telecom Group. He was named managing director in 2000 and partner in 2002. He became head of the global medical device banking practice in 1998 and head of the global pharmaceutical banking practice in 2001. He began his career with Goldman Sachs' Corporate Finance Department in 1991.

Mr. Hitchner has been serving as an independent non-executive director of WuXi Biologics (Cayman) Inc., a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2269), since June 2020. Mr. Hitchner has been serving as a director of the alternative investment management firm Elements Advisors SPV since May 2020. He has joined Global Advisory Board of the global early-stage venture capitalist Antler since January 2021. He has also been serving as a senior advisor of WuXi AppTec Co., Ltd.* (無錫藥明康德新藥開發股份有限公司), a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (stock code: 603259) and the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2359) ("**WuXi AppTec**"), since February 2020. Mr. Hitchner has also been serving as the chairman of the board of HH&L Acquisition Co., a company listed on the New York Stock Exchange (stock code: HHLA), since February 11, 2021. Mr. Hitchner has also been serving as the chairman of the board of Cydar Medical since January 2023.

Mr. Hitchner obtained a bachelor's degree in arts from the University of Colorado in 1982 and a master's degree in business administration (MBA) as a merit fellow from Columbia University Business School in 1992.

Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Xianghong Lin (林向紅), aged 52, was appointed as our non-executive Director with effect from November 30, 2020, and was re-elected as a non-executive Director on June 23, 2021.

Mr. Lin has been the chairman of the board of directors and a member of the investment committee of Suzhou Equity Investment Fund Management Co. Ltd. (蘇州股權投資基金管理有限公司) since December 2017; the chairman of the board of directors and a member of the investment committee of Kaiyuan Guochuang Capital Management Co., Ltd. (開元國創資本管理有限公司) since March 2017; and the chief executive officer of Suzhou Private Capital Investment Holdings Co., Ltd. (蘇州民營資本投資控股有限公司) since April 2016. Mr. Lin was the president of Suzhou Oriza Holdings Corporation (蘇州元禾控股股份有限公司) from October 2015 to March 2016 and the chairman of the board of directors and the president of Suzhou Oriza Holdings Ltd. (蘇州元禾控股有限公司) from September 2007 to October 2015. Prior to that, he served as the chairman of the board of directors and the president of China-Singapore Suzhou Industrial Park Ventures Co., Ltd. (中新蘇州工業園區創業投資有限公司) from November 2001 to September 2007. From April 2000 to November 2001, he served as various positions of China-Singapore Suzhou Industrial Park Development Co., Ltd. (中新蘇州工業園區開發有限公司), including the deputy general manager of the finance department and the general manager of the investment department.

Mr. Lin served as a non-executive director of Lepu Biopharm Co., Ltd., a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2157) since April 2020. Mr. Lin has been a member of the venture capital fund professional committee of Asset Management Association of China (中國證券投資基金業協會創業投資基金專業委員會) since June 2015, a member of the investment decision committee of the China Integrated Circuit Industry Investment Fund (國家集成電路產業投資基金) since 2014, and a director of the Xi'an Jiaotong University Education Foundation (西安交通大學教育基金會) since 2011.

Mr. Lin obtained bachelor's degree in auditing from the Xi'an Jiaotong University in July 1992, a master degree in agricultural economic management from the University of Suzhou in June 1999 and a doctorate degree in management science and engineering from Xi'an Jiaotong University in June 2009.



Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Edward Hu (胡正國), aged 60, was appointed as our non-executive Director and July 9, 2021 and was re-elected as a non-executive Director on June 30, 2022. He is a member of the Strategic Committee and the chairman of the Investment Committee.

Mr. Hu is the vice chairman, the global chief investment officer and an executive director of WuXi AppTec. Mr. Hu is primarily responsible for the overall business and management of WuXi AppTec. Mr. Hu joined WuXi AppTec in August 2007 and was appointed as an executive director in March 2017. Mr. Hu served as a co-chief executive officer of WuXi AppTec from August 2018 to May 2020. He served as the chief financial officer from March 2016 to January 2019. He was appointed as a non-executive director by CANbridge Pharmaceuticals Inc., a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1228) on July 5, 2022.

- From February 2014 to June 2021, he served as a non-executive director of WuXi Biologics (Cayman) Inc., a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2269) and was primarily responsible for providing guidance on the business strategy and financial management.
- From May 2018 to March 2021, he served as a director of Viela Bio Inc., a company listed on NASDAQ (stock code: VIE) in October 2019.
- From August 2007 to December 2015, he served as the chief financial officer and chief operating officer of WuXi PharmaTech (Cayman) Inc., a company previously listed on the New York Stock Exchange and was responsible for the financial and operational management.
- From October 2000 to July 2007, he served on various roles to become a senior vice president and chief operating officer of Tanox Inc., a biopharmaceutical company previously listed on NASDAQ (stock code: TNOX, acquired by Genentech Inc. in August 2007) and primarily engaged in discovering and developing antibody therapeutic drugs, and was responsible for company operations, quality control, finance and information technology.
- From April 1998 to October 2000, he served as a business planning manager of Biogen Inc., a global biotechnology company listed on NASDAQ (stock code: BIIB) and primarily engaged in developing, marketing and sales of biopharmaceuticals for neurologic and immune diseases, and was responsible for business planning and budget management of its research and development division.
- From May 1996 to December 1998, he served as a senior financial analyst of Merck, and was responsible for financial planning and analysis.

Mr. Hu obtained a bachelor's degree in physics from Hangzhou University, currently known as Zhejiang University (浙江大學) in the PRC in July 1983. He also obtained a master's degree in chemistry and a master's degree of business administration from Carnegie Mellon University in the United States in May 1993 and May 1996, respectively.

Directors and Senior Management

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Paul Herbert Chew, M.D., aged 71, has been an INED since February 14, 2019, and was re-elected as an INED on June 23, 2021. Dr. Chew is a member of the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Strategy Committee.

Dr. Chew is currently the adviser chief medical officer and he is on the board of directors for Phesi, an innovative firm that optimizes clinical trial design with novel technology. Dr. Chew is also the adviser chief medical officer for CorMedix, Inc, utilizing a taurolidine-based platform to prevent infection in high-risk patients. Dr. Chew serves on the advisory boards at the Center for Public Health, George Washington School of Public Health as well as ArisGlobal, a leading life sciences software provider that speeds drug development. He has served as a member of the board of trustees for the U.S. Pharmacopeia that sets quality standards for U.S. drugs, foods and dietary supplements, enforced by the U.S. FDA but whose standards are also followed by more than 140 countries.

From 2013 to 2016, Dr. Chew served as the global chief medical officer for Sanofi, overseeing medical affairs, regulatory affairs, drug safety, and pharmaco-economics. From 2016 to 2018, Dr. Chew has also been the chief medical officer for Omada Health, a premier Bay area company in digital therapeutics for the management of chronic disease. Dr. Chew has been on the board of external advisors for the University of North Carolina School of Public Health. He has served as a member of the Institute of Medicine Value & Science-Driven Healthcare Roundtable. He is board certified in Internal Medicine and Cardiovascular Disease. Dr. Chew was also a member of the Cardiology and Radiology faculty at the Johns Hopkins Hospital and he holds a doctor of medicine and a bachelor of arts degree from the Johns Hopkins University School of Medicine in the United States.

Mr. Ting Yuk Anthony Wu (胡定旭), GBS, JP, aged 68, has been an INED since February 14, 2019, and was re-elected as an INED on June 30, 2022. Mr. Wu is the chairman of the Compensation Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee.

Mr. Wu has been appointed as an independent non-executive director of Hui Xian Real Estate Investment Trust (匯賢產業信託) (stock code: 87001) since November 2022. Since March 2019, Mr. Wu has been the chairman and a non-executive director of Clarity Medical Group Holding Limited (清晰醫療集團控股有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1406) on February 18, 2022. Mr. Wu has been an independent non-executive director of Sing Tao News Corporation Limited (星島新聞集團有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1105) since June 2021. He has been an independent non-executive director of China Resources Medical Holdings Company Limited (華潤醫療控股有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1515) since August 2018 and chairman of the board of directors from August 2018 to April 2021. He has been an independent non-executive director of Power Assets Holdings Limited (電能實業有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 0006) since June 2014. He has been an independent non-executive director of China Taiping Insurance Holdings Company Limited (中國太平保險控股有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 0966) from August 2013. He has been an independent non-executive director of Venus Medtech (Hangzhou) Inc. (杭州啟明醫療器械股份有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2500) since July 2019. He has been an independent non-executive director of Ocumension Therapeutics (歐康維視生物), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1477) since June 2020.

Directors and Senior Management

Between March 2015 and August 2018, Mr. Wu was the chairman and an executive director at Sincere Watch (Hong Kong) Limited, a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 0444), where he also acted as deputy chairman from October 2016 to August 2018. Between July 2011 and September 2014, he served as a director of Fidelity Funds. He served as an independent non-executive director of Agricultural Bank of China Limited (中國農業銀行股份有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1288), and Guangdong Investment Ltd. (粵海投資有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 0270), from January 2009 to June 2015 and from August 2012 to June 2022, respectively. Mr. Wu joined the Hong Kong Hospital Authority (醫院管理局) in 1999 and was formerly its chairman from 2004 to 2013. Between 2010 and 2012, he was and the chairman of the Chamber Council and is now a member of the consultation committee of the Hong Kong General Chamber of Commerce. He was a partner of Ernst & Young from July 1985 to December 2005 and served as chairman of Ernst & Young Far East and China Practice from January 2000 to December 2005.

Mr. Wu was admitted as a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales in November 1979 and became a fellow in October 1990. He was also admitted as a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants.

Mr. Wu was appointed by the Government of Hong Kong as Justice of the Peace and awarded Gold Bauhinia Star in 2004 and 2008, respectively. Mr. Wu finished a Foundation Course in Accountancy in Teesside Polytechnic in the United Kingdom in July 1975. Mr. Wu has also served in different capacities in the following organizations:

- as the honorary chairman of The Institute of Certified Management Accountants (Australia) Hong Kong Branch since January 2016
- as a member of the Chief Executive's Council of Advisers on Innovation and Strategic Development from March 2018 to June 2022
- as a member of the 12th and 13th Standing Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference National Committee
- as an expert advisor of the 2nd Chinese Medicine Reform and Development Advisory Committee of the State Administration of Traditional Chinese Medicine (國家中醫藥管理局第二屆中醫藥改革發展專家諮詢委員會) since December 2017

Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Hongbin Sun (孫洪斌), aged 47, has been an INED since February 14, 2019, and was re-elected as an INED on June 23, 2021. Mr. Sun is the chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee and the Investment Committee.

Mr. Sun has over 20 years of finance experience. He has been an independent non-executive director of New Century Healthcare Holding Co., Limited (新世紀醫療控股有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1518), since December 2016. He was appointed as an independent non-executive director of Mobvista Inc. (匯量科技有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 1860) since July 2020. He has been an independent non-executive director of Abbisko Cayman Limited (和譽開曼有限責任公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2256), since September 2021. He has been the chief financial officer of MicroPort Scientific Corporation (微創醫療科學有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 0853), since September 2010 and served as its executive director from July 2010 to September 2012. Mr. Sun was appointed as a director of Shanghai MicroPort MedBot (Group) Co., Ltd. (上海微創醫療機器人(集團)股份有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2252, "MedBot") in April 2020, and re-designated as a non-executive director from June 2021. He has also served as chairman of the board of MedBot. He was the deputy financial director of Otsuka (China) Investment Co., Ltd. (大冢(中國)投資有限公司) from January 2004 to December 2005 and then worked as its general manager from January 2006 to August 2010. From August 1998 to January 2004, he was an assistant manager in the audit department of KPMG Huazhen (畢馬威華振會計師事務所) in Shanghai.

Mr. Sun has been a member of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (中國註冊會計師協會) since December 2009 and also a chartered financial analyst in September 2009.

He received his bachelor's degree in accounting from Shanghai Jiao Tong University (上海交通大學) in China in July 1998.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Dr. Jianxin Yang (楊建新), M.D., Ph.D., aged 59, has been our senior vice president and chief medical officer since December 2016. He was appointed as our Chief Executive Officer on August 25, 2022. For further details, please refer to "Directors – Executive Director" in this section.

Dr. Ngai Chiu Archie Tse (謝毅釗), M.D., Ph.D., aged 56, joined us in December 2018, and currently is our senior vice president and chief scientific officer. Upon joining our Group, Dr. Tse established the department of translational medicine and early development. In this role, he is responsible for the clinical development of early-stage assets up to proof of concept. He also leads the translational medicine/biomarkers, molecular diagnostics, and clinical pharmacology functions to support the progression of our pipeline, as well as the scientific advisory board to facilitate development and execution of our R&D strategy.

Directors and Senior Management

Dr. Tse is an accomplished medical and scientific leader with over 21 years of global oncology experience in the clinic and pharmaceutical institutions. Prior to joining us, Dr. Tse was a distinguished scientist (executive director) at Merck from September 2015 to December 2018 in which role he oversaw the early clinical development of a number of novel agents in the immune-oncology pipeline, spanning various mechanisms and action and modalities. The programs he played a key role in spanned various mechanisms of action and modalities included, but not limited to, anti-CTLA4, STING agonists, bispecific Nanobodies, novel myeloid targets, oncolytic virus and personalized cancer vaccines. From January 2010 to August 2015, he served at Daiichi Sankyo Pharma Development, a division of Daiichi-Sankyo, Inc., where his last title was senior director, clinical development. From July 2003 to December 2009, Dr. Tse served at the U.S. Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center (“MSKCC”) as clinical assistant in the medicine/gastrointestinal oncology department, and during the same period he was also a faculty member at the MSKCC affiliated Weill Cornell Medical School.

Dr. Tse obtained certification from American Board of Internal Medicine in medical oncology from November 2003 to December 2013 and in general internal medicine from August 2000 to December 2010.

Dr. Tse obtained his M.D. and a Ph.D. in biochemistry & molecular biology from the University of Southern California in the United States in May 1997 and May 2002, respectively.

Dr. Josh Zhou (周遊), MD., aged 42, joined us in April 2022 and currently is our Greater China General Manager and Head of Commercial. In his role, he has the overall responsibilities for commercial functions including marketing, sales, post-launch medical affairs, market access, commercial and supply chain management, and business excellence. Dr. Zhou has more than 17 years of working experience in China’s pharmaceutical industry at multinational corporations and global strategy consulting firms. He is a seasoned leader with extensive experience in oncology and rare diseases. Prior to joining us, Dr. Zhou worked as Chief Marketing Officer at Sanofi Pasteur (China), led a 4-pillar-consisted team to successfully deliver multiple innovative signature programs.

From 2013 to 2021, Dr. Zhou worked at Novartis Oncology (China) and served successively as Head of Rare Disease Franchise and BU Head of Oncology Established Brands. He was in charge of several hundreds of millions of US dollars in business, successfully drove the growth of rare disease brands through precision diagnostics, market education and partnerships in rare diseases eco-system, and introduced innovative business models to ensure sustained growth of mature brands.

From 2011 to 2013, Dr. Zhou worked as Director of Hospital Portfolio Management and then Senior Analyst at China Resources Company. From 2007 to 2011, he worked at McKinsey & Company as a core member of Pharma-Healthcare Practice, and the clients he served included leading pharmaceuticals, medical device manufacturers, health insurance companies, and distributors in China or Europe.

Dr. Zhou started his career as a physician at Peking Union Medical College Hospital, and he obtained his medical doctor degree from Peking Union Medical College.

Directors and Senior Management

Mr. Michael J. Choi, MBA, aged 48, has been our Chief Business Officer since May 2021. In this role, he is responsible for business development, alliance management and corporate strategy.

Mr. Choi is an accomplished business executive with over 25 years of experience in the life science industry. Prior to joining us Mr. Choi was VP, Head of Business Development at Sun Pharma Advanced Research Corporation (SPARC) from September 2019 to April 2021. In this role, he led business development, commercial strategy and investor relations and oversaw the strategy and operations of SPARC as a member of the Executive Leadership Team. From March 2011 to July 2019, Mr. Choi served at Pfizer, Inc. in various business development roles including most recently as Business Alliance Lead for China, Japan, Asia-Pacific, Latin-America and Canada at Pfizer Essential Health. While at Pfizer, Mr. Choi completed over 40 transactions across 6 continents. From April 2009 to March 2011, Mr. Choi served as the Strategy Leader for the Molecular and Cell Biology business unit at Life Technologies (now Thermo Fisher). Mr. Choi started his career as a Research Associate at the Columbia University College of Physicians and Surgeons before starting his business career as a strategy focused Management Consultant at various firms such as PricewaterhouseCoopers – Management Consulting Services, Envision Consulting Group (now IQVIA), and Frankel Group (now Oliver Wyman).

Mr. Choi obtained his MBA in Finance and Economics from Columbia Business School in New York City in May 2004 and Bachelor of Arts in History with a pre-medical concentration from Columbia College in New York City in May 1996.

Mr. Jun Cheng (程君), aged 43, joined us in March 2022 and currently is our vice president of finance. In his role, he has the overall responsibilities for financial functions including finance, information technology, clinical and general procurement. Mr. Cheng has more than 20 years' experience across all finance functions with exposure to both biotech and MNCs. He is a seasoned leader with extensive cross-functional experience and an outstanding track record with the highest standard of professionalism and integrity.

Prior to joining us, Mr. Cheng worked as VP Finance & Control – Innovation Platform for over 8 years at HUTCHMED (China) Limited, a company listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market, the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and the London Stock Exchange's AIM market (Nasdaq/AIM:HCM; HKEX:13). He drove high performance in meeting financial objectives utilizing his deep understanding of business drivers and proactively addressing risks and opportunities. He also led the team to support the NASDAQ and HK IPO process and establishing IT infrastructure. From 2009 to 2013, Mr. Cheng worked in SIMPLOT AUSTRALIA as a Divisional Finance Manager, where he participated in the acquisition of frozen meals business from NESTLE Australia as financial lead, then set up a new Chilled & Emerging business division. Jun started his career at Nestle China and worked there for 8 years across a number of finance and control functions in the Dongguan coffee factory and Beijing Head Office.

Mr. Cheng obtained a bachelor's degree from South China Agricultural University and is a member of CPA Australia.

Other than the working relationships in the Company, there was no other relationship between any of the Directors or senior management of the Company in respect of finance, business and family or in other material aspects.

Report of the Directors

The Directors present their report and the audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the Reporting Period.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

During the Reporting Period, the principal activities of the Group included the developing and commercializing of innovative immuno-oncology and molecularly targeted drugs to address significant unmet medical needs in cancer treatment. There was no significant change in the nature of the Group's principal activities during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report.

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries as at December 31, 2022 are set out in Note 35 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A fair review of the business of the Group, the outlook of future development of the business of the Group as well as a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the Reporting Period and the material factors underlying its financial performance and financial position as required by section 388(2) and Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance can be found in the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this report. The financial risk management objectives and policies of the Group are set out in Note 33b to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

For further details, please refer to the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this report.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

Details of the consolidated loss of the Group for the Reporting Period and the Group's financial position as at December 31, 2022 are set out in the Consolidated Financial Statements.

The Board does not recommend payment of a dividend for the year ended December 31, 2022. No dividend was paid or declared by the Company or other members of the Group during the year ended December 31, 2022.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is committed to achieving environmental sustainability. The Group endeavours to comply with the relevant laws and regulations regarding environmental protection and adopt effective measures to achieve efficient use of resources, waste reduction and energy saving. For instance, the in-house facilities of the Group operate in compliance with the relevant environmental rules and regulations. The Group reviews its environmental policies on a regular basis.

In accordance with Rule 13.91 and the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide contained in Appendix 27 to the Listing Rules, the Company's environmental, social and governance report will be published and made available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company together with this report.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The principal risks and uncertainties that may cause the Group's financial conditions or results materially different from the expected or historical results can be categorised into the following areas: (i) risks relating to our financial position and need for additional capital; (ii) risks relating to our business, comprising (a) risks relating to clinical development of our drug candidates, (b) risks relating to extensive government regulation, (c) risks relating to commercialization of our drugs and drug candidates, (d) risks relating to our intellectual property rights and (e) risks relating to our reliance on third parties; (iii) risks relating to our operations; and (iv) risks relating to our doing business in China, as described below:

Risks Relating to Our Financial Position and Need for Additional Capital

- We have incurred significant net losses and net operating cash outflows since our inception, and we anticipate that we will continue to incur net losses and net operating cash outflows for the foreseeable future and may never become profitable.
- We have net operating cash outflow during the Reporting Period.
- We may need additional capital to meet our operating cash requirements, and financing may not be available on terms acceptable to us, or at all.
- We have a limited operating history, which may make it difficult to evaluate our current business and predict our future performance. The risks involved in our business may cause potential investors to lose substantially all of their investment in our business.
- We will need to obtain additional financing to fund our operations, and if we are unable to obtain such financing, we may be unable to complete the development and commercialization of our primary drug candidates.
- Raising additional capital may cause dilution to our Shareholders, restrict our operations or require us to relinquish rights to our technologies or drug candidates.

Risks Relating to Our Business

Risks Relating to Clinical Development of Our Drug Candidates

- We depend substantially on the success of our drug candidates, all of which are in pre-clinical or clinical development. If we are unable to successfully complete clinical development, obtain regulatory approval and commercialize our drug candidates, or experience significant delays in doing so, our business will be materially harmed.
- If we encounter difficulties enrolling patients in our clinical trials, our clinical development activities could be delayed or otherwise adversely affected.
- Clinical drug development involves a lengthy and expensive process with an uncertain outcome, and results of earlier studies and trials may not be predictive of future trial results.
- If clinical trials of our drug candidates fail to demonstrate safety and efficacy to the satisfaction of regulatory authorities or do not otherwise produce positive results, we may incur additional costs or experience delays in completing, or ultimately be unable to complete, the development and commercialization of our drug candidates.

Report of the Directors

- Immuno-oncology therapies including PD-1/PD-L1 antibodies may cause undesirable side effects.
- We may not be successful in developing, enhancing or adapting to new technologies and methodologies.

Risks Relating to Extensive Government Regulation

- All material aspects of the research, development and commercialization of pharmaceutical products are heavily regulated. Any failure to comply with existing regulations and industry standards or any adverse actions by the drug approval authorities against us could negatively impact our reputation and our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects.
- The regulatory approval processes of the National Medical Products Administration, U.S. FDA, European Medicines Agency and other comparable regulatory authorities are lengthy, time-consuming and inherently unpredictable. If we are ultimately unable to obtain regulatory approval for our drug candidates, our business will be substantially harmed.
- If we fail to comply with our obligations in the agreements under which we license intellectual property rights from third parties or otherwise experience disruptions to our business relationships with our licensors, we could be required to pay monetary damages or could lose license rights that are important to our business.
- Our failure to obtain or renew certain approvals, licenses, permits and certificates required for our business may materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.
- If we participate in compassionate use programs, current regulatory discrepancies among competent authorities of different countries may lead to increased risk of adverse drug reaction and serious adverse events being produced from the use of our products.
- Changes in government regulations or in practices relating to the pharmaceutical and biopharmaceutical industries, including healthcare reform in China, and compliance with new regulations may result in additional costs.
- Pilot Program in respect of Foreign Investment Risk Review Modernization Act of 2018 may restrict our ability to acquire technologies and assets in the United States that are material to our commercial success.
- The absence of data and market exclusivity for NMPA-approved pharmaceutical products could increase the risk of early generic competition with our products in China. There may be new laws and regulations promulgated by the PRC government, with respect to data and market exclusivity. The newly amended Patent Law of the People's Republic of China (the "**Amended PRC Patent Law**"), which became effective on June 1, 2021, introduces both early resolution of patent disputes and patent term extension mechanisms. However, the corresponding implementation rules of the Amended PRC Patent Law are still in draft form and have yet to be released, which could bring about uncertainties concerning the scope, timeline, and implementation of the patent term extension mechanism. The Company will closely monitor the progress and continue to evaluate the potential impact on the drug products.

Report of the Directors

- Any of our future approved drug candidates will be subject to ongoing or additional regulatory obligations and continued regulatory review, which may result in significant additional expense and we may be subject to penalties if we fail to comply with regulatory requirements or experience unanticipated problems with our drug candidates.
- If safety, efficacy, or other issues arise with any medical product used in combination with or to facilitate the use of our drug candidates, we may be unable to market such drug candidate or may experience significant regulatory delays.
- Even if we are able to commercialize any approved drug candidates, the drugs may become subject to national or other third-party reimbursement practices or unfavorable pricing regulations, which could harm our business.
- Adverse drug reactions and negative results from off-label use of our products could materially harm our business reputation, product brand name, financial condition and expose us to liability.
- The illegal and/or parallel imports and counterfeit pharmaceutical products may reduce demand for our future approved drug candidates and could have a negative impact on our reputation and business.

Risks Relating to Commercialization of Our Drugs and Drug Candidates

- If we are not able to obtain, or experience delays in obtaining, required regulatory approvals, we will not be able to commercialize our drug candidates, and our ability to generate revenue will be materially impaired.
- Our future approved drug candidates may fail to achieve the degree of market acceptance by physicians, patients, third-party payors and others in the medical community necessary for commercial success.
- If we are unable to develop marketing and sales capabilities or enter into agreements with third parties to market and sell our drug candidates, we may not be able to generate product sales revenue.
- We face substantial competition, which may result in others discovering, developing or commercializing competing drugs before or more successfully than we do.
- The market opportunities for our drugs and drug candidates may be limited to those patients who are ineligible for or have failed prior treatments and may be small.
- We may be subject, directly or indirectly, to applicable anti-kickback, false claims laws, physician payment transparency laws, fraud and abuse laws or similar healthcare and security laws and regulations in the United States and other jurisdictions, which could expose us to criminal sanctions, civil penalties, contractual damages, reputational harm and diminished profits and future earnings.

Report of the Directors

Risks Relating to Our Intellectual Property Rights

- If we are unable to obtain and maintain patent protection for our drug candidates through intellectual property rights, or if the scope of such intellectual property rights obtained is not sufficiently broad, third parties could develop and commercialize products and technologies similar or identical to ours and compete directly against us, and our ability to successfully commercialize any product or technology may be adversely affected.
- Our rights to develop and commercialize our drug candidates are subject, in part, to the terms and conditions of licenses granted to us by others.
- Our in-licensed patents and other intellectual property may be subject to further priority disputes or to inventorship disputes and similar proceedings. If we or our licensors are unsuccessful in any of these proceedings, we may be required to obtain licenses from third parties, which may not be available on commercially reasonable terms or at all, or to cease the development, manufacture, and commercialization of one or more of the drug candidates we may develop, which could have a material adverse impact on our business.
- We may not be able to protect our intellectual property rights throughout the world or prevent unfair competition by third parties.
- If we are sued for infringing, misappropriating, or otherwise violating intellectual property rights of third parties or engaging in unfair competition, such litigation could be costly and time-consuming and could prevent or delay us from developing or commercializing our drug candidates.
- Obtaining and maintaining our patent protection depends on compliance with various procedural, document submission, fee payment, and other requirements imposed by governmental patent agencies, and our patent protection could be reduced or eliminated for non-compliance with these requirements.
- Changes in patent law could diminish the value of patents in general, thereby impairing our ability to protect our drug candidates.
- If we are unable to protect the confidentiality of our trade secrets, our business and competitive position would be harmed. We may be subject to claims that our employees, consultants, or advisors have wrongfully used or disclosed alleged trade secrets of their former employers or claims asserting ownership of what we regard as our own intellectual property.
- We may not be successful in obtaining or maintaining necessary rights for our development pipeline through acquisitions and in-licenses.
- Intellectual property rights do not necessarily address all potential threats.

Risks Relating to Our Reliance on Third Parties

- We rely on third parties to conduct our pre-clinical studies and clinical trials and we must work effectively with collaborators to develop our drug candidates. If these third parties do not successfully carry out their contractual duties or meet expected deadlines, we may not be able to obtain regulatory approval for or commercialize our drug candidates and our business could be substantially harmed.

Report of the Directors

- We may rely on third parties to manufacture or import our clinical and commercial drug supplies. Our business could be harmed if those third parties fail to provide us with sufficient quantities of product or fail to do so at acceptable quality levels or prices.
- We have entered into collaborations and may form or seek collaborations or strategic alliances or enter into additional licensing arrangements in the future, and we may not realize the benefits of such alliances or licensing arrangements.
- We may be restricted from transferring our scientific and clinical data abroad.

Risks Relating to Our Operations

- Our future success depends on our ability to retain key executives and to attract, train, retain and motivate qualified and highly skilled personnel.
- Our reputation is key to our business success. Negative publicity may adversely affect our reputation, business and growth prospect.
- We have significantly increased the size and capabilities of our organization, and we may experience difficulties in managing our growth.
- Our involvement in acquisitions or strategic partnerships may increase our capital requirements, dilute our Shareholders, cause us to incur debt or assume contingent liabilities, and subject us to other risks.
- If we fail to comply with applicable anti-bribery laws, our reputation may be harmed and we could be subject to penalties and significant expenses that have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations.
- If we fail to effectively manage our anticipated growth or execute on our growth strategies, our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects could suffer.
- If we fail to comply with environmental, health and safety laws and regulations, we could become subject to fines or penalties or incur costs that could have a material adverse effect on the success of our business.
- Our facilities may be vulnerable to natural disasters or other unforeseen catastrophic events.
- Our internal computer systems, or those used by our CROs or partners or other contractors or consultants, may fail or suffer security breaches.
- In conducting drug discovery and development, we face potential liabilities, in particular, product liability claims or lawsuits could cause us to incur substantial liabilities.
- In addition to the risks of conducting business globally, we have entered into the licensing of commercialization rights or other forms of collaboration worldwide, which could potentially expose us to additional risks of conducting business in additional international markets.
- We may undertake acquisitions or joint ventures that may have a material adverse effect on our ability to manage our business and may not be successful.

Report of the Directors

- Increased labor costs could slow our growth and affect our profitability.
- Any future litigation, legal disputes, claims or administrative proceedings against us could be costly and time-consuming to defend.
- A significant portion of our assets is denominated in foreign currencies.
- Our other gains and losses include fair value changes for derivative financial liabilities, which are subject to uncertainties in accounting estimation.

Risks Relating to Our Doing Business in China

- The pharmaceutical industry in China is highly regulated and such regulations are subject to change which may affect approval and commercialization of our drug candidates.
- Changes in the political and economic policies of the PRC government may materially and adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and may result in our inability to sustain our growth and expansion strategies.
- There are uncertainties regarding the interpretation and enforcement of PRC laws, rules and regulations.
- We may rely on dividends and other distributions on equity paid by our PRC subsidiaries to fund any cash and financing requirements we may have, and any limitation on the ability of our PRC subsidiaries to make payments to us could have a material and adverse effect on our ability to conduct our business.
- Our dividend income from our PRC subsidiaries may be subject to a higher rate of withholding tax than that which we currently anticipate.
- Restrictions on currency exchange may limit our ability to utilize our revenue effectively.
- Our business benefits from certain discretionary financial incentives granted by local governments. Expiration of, or changes to, these incentives or policies would have an adverse effect on our results of operations.
- We are subject to PRC tax laws and regulations.
- It may be difficult to effect service of process upon us or our management that reside in China or to enforce against them or us in China any judgments obtained from foreign courts.
- Any failure by the Shareholders or beneficial owners of our Shares who are PRC residents to comply with certain PRC foreign exchange regulations relating to offshore investment activities by such PRC residents could restrict our ability to distribute profits, restrict our overseas and cross-border investment activities and subject us to liability under PRC laws.
- We face uncertainty relating to PRC laws and regulations relating to transfers by a nonresident enterprise of assets of a PRC resident enterprise.

Report of the Directors

- Under China's Enterprise Income Tax Law, we may be classified as a "resident enterprise" of China. This classification could result in unfavorable tax consequences to us and our non-PRC Shareholders.
- Government control of currency conversion of and regulations on loans to, and direct investment in, PRC entities by offshore holding companies may delay or prevent us from making loans or additional contributions to our PRC subsidiaries, which could restrict our ability to utilize the proceeds from the Global Offering effectively and affect our ability to fund and expand our business.
- The political relationships between China and other countries may affect our business operations.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Reporting Period are:

Executive Director

Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang (*ceased to act as Chairman with effect from May 31, 2022, and ceased to act as Chief Executive Officer and executive Director with effect from August 25, 2022*)

Dr. Jianxin Yang (*Chief Executive Officer and executive Director, appointed as Chief Executive Officer and executive Director with effect from August 25, 2022*)

Non-Executive Directors

Dr. Wei Li (*Chairman, appointed as Chairman with effect from May 31, 2022*)

Mr. Kenneth Walton Hitchner III

Mr. Yanling Cao (*Resigned on January 18, 2023*)

Mr. Xianghong Lin

Mr. Edward Hu

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Dr. Paul Herbert Chew

Mr. Ting Yuk Anthony Wu

Mr. Hongbin Sun

In accordance with article 16.19 of the Articles of Association, at every annual general meeting of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to, but not less than, one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Director appointed pursuant to Article 16.2 or Article 16.3 shall not be taken into account in determining which Directors are to retire by rotation. Accordingly, Dr. Wei Li, Mr. Xianghong Lin, Dr. Paul Herbert Chew and Mr. Hongbin Sun, will retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming AGM and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

Pursuant to article 16.2 of the Articles of Association, the Board shall have power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting. Accordingly, Dr. Jianxin Yang, who was appointed as the executive Director by the Board with effect from August 25, 2022, shall hold office until the forthcoming AGM and, being eligible, will offer himself for re-election.

Report of the Directors

Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang (“**Dr. Jiang**”) resigned as the Chief Executive Officer, the executive Director, the chairman of the Strategy Committee and an authorized representative of the Company for the purpose of Rule 3.05 of the Listing Rule in August 2022. In accordance with the requirements of Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules, Dr. Jiang confirmed that he has no disagreement with the Board and there is no other matter relating to his resignation that need to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders.

Mr. Yanling Cao resigned as a non-executive Director in January 2023 as he intended to focus and devote more time to his other work commitments. In accordance with the requirements of Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules, Mr. Yanling Cao confirmed that he has no disagreement with the Board and there is no other matter relating to his resignation that need to be brought to the attention of the Shareholders.

DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT’S BIOGRAPHIES

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Company are set out in the section headed “Directors and Senior Management” of this report.

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

So far as the Directors are aware and save as disclosed in this report, there has been no other change of information of Directors during the Reporting Period pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received from each of the INEDs an annual confirmation in writing of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers that, during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report, all of the INEDs are independent.

DIRECTORS’ SERVICE CONTRACTS

For more information about the service contract entered into by the Company, please see the Corporate Governance Report in this report for further details.

EMOLUMENT POLICY AND DIRECTORS’ REMUNERATION

Pursuant to Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules, the Company has established the Compensation Committee to formulate remuneration policies. The remuneration is determined and recommended based on the experience, qualification, position and seniority of each Director and senior management. As for the independent non-executive Directors, their remuneration is determined by the Board based on the recommendation from the Compensation Committee to ensure that INEDs are adequately compensated for their efforts and time dedicated to the Company’s affairs, including their participation in Board committees. The remuneration for the executive Director mainly comprises basic salaries, pensions and discretionary bonuses. The remuneration for the non-executive Directors and INEDs mainly comprises Director’s fee which is determined with reference to their duties and responsibilities by the Board. The Directors and the senior management are eligible participants of the applicable share incentive plans.

Details of the remuneration of the Directors, senior management and the five highest paid individuals are set out in Note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this report.

Report of the Directors

None of the Directors or five highest paid individuals waived or agreed to waive any remuneration and there were no emoluments paid by the Group to any of the Directors or five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join, or upon joining the Group, or as compensation for loss of office.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The Directors' fees and other emoluments are supervised by the Compensation Committee and determined by the Board with reference to the Directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Company as well as the prevailing market conditions. Details of the Directors' remuneration are set out in Note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Details of the remuneration by band (including share-based payments) of senior management of the Company (except for details of the remuneration of Directors which are set out in Note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements), whose biographies are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management – Senior Management" of this report, for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 are set out below:

HKD	2022 (members of senior management)	2021 (members of senior management)
4,000,000 – 5,000,000	1	–
5,000,000 – 6,000,000	1	–
6,000,000 – 7,000,000	1	1
7,000,000 – 8,000,000	–	–
12,000,000 – 13,000,000	1	1
13,000,000 – 14,000,000	–	–
17,000,000 – 18,000,000	–	–
19,000,000 – 20,000,000	–	–
20,000,000 – 21,000,000	–	–
22,000,000 – 23,000,000	–	1
24,000,000 – 25,000,000	–	–
31,000,000 – 32,000,000	–	1
33,000,000 – 34,000,000	–	1
50,000,000 – 51,000,000	–	–
	4	5

Certain members of senior management and Directors were granted share options or restricted share units in respect of their services to the Group. Details of the share-based payment transactions are set out in Note 28 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Report of the Directors

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION AND DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Articles of Association provide that the Directors or other officers of the Company are entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses and liabilities which he/she may sustain or incur in or about the execution of the duties of his/her office or otherwise in relation thereto, provided that such indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attach to any of the Directors. The Company has arranged appropriate Directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Company during the Reporting Period and as at the date of this report of Directors. The permitted indemnity provision is in force for the benefit of the Directors as required by section 470 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance when the Report of the Board of the Directors prepared by the Directors is approved in accordance with section 391(1)(a) of the Companies Ordinance.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

No Director nor an entity connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the Reporting Period.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract of significance concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of business of the Company or any of its subsidiaries was entered into or subsisted during the Reporting Period.

ARRANGEMENT FOR DIRECTORS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in this report and by way of public announcements from time to time, at no time during the Reporting Period was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement to enable a Director to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Other than the Directors named in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this report, the persons who had served on the boards of the subsidiaries of the Company during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report include (i) Mr. Xiaomeng Tong (resigned as a non-executive Director on May 15, 2019), who also serves as a director of CStone (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. (基石藥業(蘇州)有限公司); (ii) Mr. Jason Andrew Campling, who serves as a director of CStone Pharmaceuticals Australia Pty Ltd. and (iii) Mr. Choo Boon Kwee Colin, who serves as a director of CStone Pharmaceuticals Singapore Pte. Ltd.

CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS PURSUANT TO THE LISTING RULES

Save as disclosed in this report, the Company does not have any other disclosure obligations under Rules 13.20, 13.21 and 13.22 of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESSES

During the Reporting Period and up to the date of this report, save as disclosed in this report, none of the Directors is considered to have interests in businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group pursuant to the Listing Rules.

From time to time our non-executive Directors may serve on the boards of both private and public companies within the broader healthcare and biopharmaceutical industries. However, as these non-executive Directors are neither our controlling shareholders nor members of our executive management team, we believe their holding of offices in such companies would not compromise our ability to carry on our business independently from the other companies in which they may hold directorships from time to time.

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION

There is no non-competition undertakings during the Reporting Period between the Company and the largest shareholders of the Company, namely, WuXi Healthcare Ventures II, L.P. and WuXi Healthcare Management, LLC.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

Interests and short positions of our Directors in the share capital of the Company

As of December 31, 2022, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of the associated corporations of the Company (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which were required (a) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (b) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein; or (c) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, are as follows:

Long Position in the Shares of the Company

Name of Director or chief executive	Nature of interest	Number and class of securities	Approximate percentage of interest in our Company ⁽¹⁾
Dr. Jianxin Yang, CEO and executive Director ⁽⁴⁾	Beneficial Owner	46,247,256 Shares ⁽²⁾	3.86%
Mr. Kenneth Walton Hitchner III, non-executive Director	Beneficial Owner	393,981 Shares ⁽³⁾	0.03%

Notes:

- (1) The calculation is based on the total number of 1,198,744,012 Shares in issue as of December 31, 2022.
- (2) Includes (1) 8,279,786 Shares beneficially held by Dr. Jianxin Yang; (2) Dr. Jianxin Yang's entitlement to receive up to 3,000,000 Shares pursuant to the exercise of options granted to him under the Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan, subject to the vesting and other conditions of those options; (3) share options to subscribe for 34,200,000 Shares granted to him under the Post-IPO ESOP, subject to the vesting and other conditions of those options; and (4) Dr. Jianxin Yang's entitlement to (i) restricted share units equivalent to 67,470 Shares granted to him under the Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan, subject to vesting conditions; and (ii) restricted share units equivalent to 700,000 Shares granted to him under the Post-IPO RSU Scheme, subject to vesting conditions.
- (3) Includes (1) 345,995 Shares beneficially held by Mr. Hitchner; and (2) Mr. Hitchner's entitlement to restricted share units equivalent to 47,986 Shares granted to him under the Post-IPO RSU Scheme, subject to vesting conditions.
- (4) Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang ceased to act as the CEO and executive Director on August 25, 2022; Dr. Jianxin Yang was appointed as the CEO and executive Director on August 25, 2022.

Save as disclosed above and to the best knowledge of the Directors, none of the Directors or the chief executive of the Company has or is deemed to have any interests or short positions in the Shares, underlying Shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations as of December 31, 2022.

Report of the Directors

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

Interests and short positions discloseable under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO

As of December 31, 2022, the following are the persons, other than the Directors or the chief executive of the Company, who had interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares as recorded in the register of interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of Part XV of the SFO:

Long Position in the Shares of the Company

Substantial Shareholder	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Total number of Shares/underlying Shares	Approximately percentage of interest in our Company ⁽¹⁾
WuXi Healthcare Ventures II, L.P. ⁽²⁾	Beneficial interest	293,381,444	24.47%
WuXi Healthcare Management, LLC ⁽²⁾	Interest in controlled corporation	293,381,444	24.47%
Graceful Beauty Limited ⁽³⁾	Beneficial interest	142,560,448	11.89%
Boyu Capital Fund II, L.P. ⁽³⁾	Interest in controlled corporation	142,560,448	11.89%
Boyu Capital General Partner II, L.P. ⁽³⁾	Interest in controlled corporation	142,560,448	11.89%
Boyu Capital General Partner II, Ltd. ⁽³⁾	Interest in controlled corporation	142,560,448	11.89%
Boyu Capital Holdings Limited ⁽³⁾	Interest in controlled corporation	142,560,448	11.89%
Pfizer Corporation Hong Kong Limited ⁽⁴⁾	Beneficial interest	115,928,803	9.67%
Pfizer Inc. ⁽⁴⁾	Interest in controlled corporation	115,928,803	9.67%
Zhengze Yuanshi ⁽⁵⁾	Beneficial interest	98,216,972	8.19%
Suzhou Industrial Park Zhengze Health Venture Capital Management Centre (Limited Partnership) (蘇州工業園區正則健康創業投資管理中心(有限合夥)) ⁽⁵⁾	Interest in controlled corporation	98,216,972	8.19%
Suzhou Industrial Park Oriza Yuandian Venture Capital Management Co., Ltd. (蘇州工業園區元禾原點創業投資管理有限公司) ⁽⁵⁾	Interest in controlled corporation	98,216,972	8.19%
Suzhou Oriza Holdings Co., Ltd. (蘇州元禾控股股份有限公司) ⁽⁵⁾	Interest in controlled corporation	98,216,972	8.19%
Suzhou Industrial Park Zhengze Jiming Equity Investment Management Co., Ltd. (蘇州工業園區正則既明股權投資管理有限公司) ⁽⁵⁾	Interest in controlled corporation	98,216,972	8.19%
Suzhou Industrial Park Economic Development Co., Ltd. (蘇州工業園區經濟發展有限公司) ⁽⁵⁾	Interest in controlled corporation	98,216,972	8.19%
Suzhou Industrial Park Administrative Committee (蘇州工業園區管委會) ⁽⁵⁾	Interest in controlled corporation	98,216,972	8.19%
Fei Jianjiang (費建江) ⁽⁵⁾	Interest in controlled corporation	98,216,972	8.19%
GIC Private Limited ⁽⁶⁾	Investment manager	22,880,000	5.95%
	Interest of corporation controlled by you	48,392,472	
Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang (江寧軍) ⁽⁷⁾	Beneficial interest	60,254,902	5.59%
	Trustor of a trust	6,760,000	

Report of the Directors

Notes:

- (1) The calculation is based on the total number of 1,198,744,012 Shares in issue as of December 31, 2022.
- (2) As of December 31, 2022, WuXi Healthcare Ventures II, L.P. directly held 293,381,444 Shares. To the best knowledge of us, WuXi Healthcare Ventures II, L.P. is a limited partnership established under the laws of Cayman Islands managed by its sole general partner, WuXi Healthcare Management, LLC, a Cayman Islands exempted company in which each of its five members holds an equal share of equity interest. For the purpose of the SFO, WuXi Healthcare Management, LLC is deemed to have an interest in the Shares held by WuXi Healthcare Ventures II, L.P.
- (3) As of December 31, 2022, Graceful Beauty Limited, an exempted company with limited liability incorporated under the laws of Cayman Islands, directly held 142,560,448 Shares. For the purpose of the SFO, each of Boyu Capital Fund II, L.P. (as the sole shareholder of Graceful Beauty Limited), Boyu Capital General Partner II L.P. (as the general partner of Boyu Capital Fund II, L.P.), Boyu Capital General Partner II Ltd. (as the general partner of Boyu Capital General Partner II L.P.), and Boyu Capital Holdings Ltd. (as the sole shareholder of Boyu Capital General Partner II Ltd.) is deemed to have an interest in the Shares held by Graceful Beauty Limited.
- (4) As of December 31, 2022, Pfizer Corporation Hong Kong Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability, directly held 115,928,803 Shares. For the purpose of the SFO, Pfizer Inc., a Delaware-incorporated company listed on the New York Stock Exchange and indirectly holding 100% of the shares in Pfizer Corporation Hong Kong Limited is deemed to have an interest in the Shares held by Pfizer Corporation Hong Kong Limited.
- (5) As of December 31, 2022, Zhengze Yuanshi directly held 98,216,972 Shares. Zhengze Yuanshi is managed by its sole general partner, Suzhou Industrial Park Zhengze Health Venture Capital Management Centre (Limited Partnership) (蘇州工業園區正則健康創業投資管理中心(有限合夥)), a limited partnership established in China, in which Suzhou Industrial Park Oriza Yuandian Venture Capital Management Co., Ltd. (蘇州工業園區元禾原點創業投資管理有限公司) has 45% equity interest. Suzhou Oriza Holdings Co., Ltd. (蘇州元禾控股股份有限公司) and Suzhou Industrial Park Zhengze Jiming Equity Investment Management Co., Ltd. (蘇州工業園區正則既明股權投資管理有限公司) hold 49% and 51% of the issued share capital of Suzhou Industrial Park Oriza Yuandian Venture Capital Management Co., Ltd., respectively. Suzhou Oriza Holdings Co., Ltd. is held 60% by Suzhou Industrial Park Economic Development Co., Ltd. (蘇州工業園區經濟發展有限公司), a state-owned enterprise directly under the Suzhou Industrial Park Administrative Committee (蘇州工業園區管委會), a PRC government related institution primarily responsible for implementing government investment functions. Suzhou Industrial Park Zhengze Jiming Equity Investment Management Co., Ltd. is 45.18% owned by Fei Jianjiang (費建江). For the purpose of the SFO, each of Suzhou Industrial Park Zhengze Health Venture Capital Management Centre (Limited Partnership), Suzhou Industrial Park Oriza Yuandian Venture Capital Management Co., Ltd., Suzhou Oriza Holdings Co., Ltd., Suzhou Industrial Park Zhengze Jiming Equity Investment Management Co., Ltd., Suzhou Industrial Park Economic Development Co., Ltd., the Suzhou Industrial Park Administrative Committee and Fei Jianjiang is deemed to have an interest in the Shares held by Zhengze Yuanshi.
- (6) As of December 31, 2022, Tetrad Ventures Pte Ltd directly held 48,392,472 Shares. Tetrad Ventures Pte Ltd is wholly owned by GIC (Ventures) Pte. Ltd. and GIC (Ventures) Pte. Ltd. is wholly owned by GIC Special Investments Pte Ltd, which in turn is wholly owned by GIC Private Limited. For the purpose of the SFO, each of GIC Private Limited, GIC Special Investments Pte Ltd and GIC (Ventures) Pte. Ltd. is deemed to have an interest in the Shares held by Tetrad Ventures Pte Ltd.
- (7) Includes (1) 30,012,974 Shares beneficially held by Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang; (2) Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang's entitlement to receive up to 30,241,928 Shares pursuant to the exercise of options and vesting of RSUs granted to him under the Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan, Post-IPO ESOP and Post-IPO RSU Scheme, subject to the vesting and other conditions of those options and RSUs; and (3) the 6,760,000 Shares held by Jiang Irrevocable Gifting Trust, of which Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang is the trustor. Effective from August 30, 2019, Jiang Irrevocable Gifting Trust as beneficial owner appointed Yanni Xiao as its legal nominee to hold 6,760,000 ordinary shares of CStone Pharmaceuticals as legal owner. Under the SFO, Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang is deemed to be interested in these Shares.

Save as disclosed above and to the best knowledge of the Directors, as of December 31, 2022, the Company is not aware of any other person (other than the Directors or the chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the Shares or underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

Report of the Directors

LARGEST SHAREHOLDER'S INTERESTS IN SIGNIFICANT CONTRACTS

At no time during the Reporting Period had the Company or any of its subsidiaries, and its largest shareholders of the Company or any of their subsidiaries (as the case may be) entered into any contract of significance or any contract of significance for the provision of services by any such largest shareholders or their subsidiaries (as the case may be) to the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

SHARE INCENTIVIZATION SCHEMES

We have adopted three share incentivization schemes, collectively referred to as the Share Incentivization Schemes.

Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan

We have adopted the Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan by the resolutions in writing of the Board passed on July 7, 2017 and as amended and restated on August 14, 2018 and as further amended and restated on January 26, 2019 and as further amended and restated on January 7, 2020. No options and RSUs will be granted under the Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan after completion of the Listing.

Report of the Directors

Movement of the options, which were granted under the Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan, during the Reporting Period is as follows:

Name of Participant or Category of Participant	Date of grant	Number of options held at January 1, 2022	Number of options granted during the reporting period	Number of options lapsed and cancelled	Number of options exercised	Number of options held at December 31, 2022	Exercise Price	Weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised	Fair value of options at the date of grant
Directors									
Dr. Jianxin Yang, CEO and executive Director	2016-12-07	3,000,000	-	-	-	3,000,000	HKD0.2-0.39	-	US\$0.33 -US\$0.35
Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang	2016-07-01	2,803,336	-	-	2,803,336	-	HKD0.2	HKD3.82	US\$0.26
	2016-07-01	5,750,000	-	-	5,750,000	-	HKD0.39	HKD3.62	US\$0.24
Other employee participants	2016/7/11-2019/2/25	4,636,261	-	4,764	1,946,358	2,685,139	HKD0.20-4.65	HKD6.37	US\$0.24 -US\$1.39
Total		16,189,597	-	4,764	10,499,694	5,685,139			

Notes:

- (1) The exercise period of all options shall be 10 years from the vesting commencement date.
- (2) The vesting schedule of these options shall be 25% of the shares will be vested on the first anniversary of the vesting commencement date, and the remaining shares will be vested with equal monthly installments over the following thirty-six months.
- (3) During the Reporting Period, no option was cancelled.

Report of the Directors

Details of RSUs granted under the Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan during the Reporting Period are as follows:

Name of Participant or Category of Participant	Date of grant	Number of RSUs held at January 1, 2022	Number of RSUs granted during the reporting period	Number of RSUs lapsed and cancelled	Number of RSUs vested	Number of RSUs held at December 31, 2022	Weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the dates on which the RSUs were vested	Fair value of RSUs at the date of grant
Directors								
Dr. Jianxin Yang, CEO and executive Director	2019-03-28	876,858	-	-	809,388	67,470	HKD4.28	US\$1.28
Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang	2019-03-28	5,644,696	-	-	5,644,696	-	HKD3.60	US\$1.28
Other employee participants	2018-12-06	1,500,000	-	-	1,375,000	125,000	HKD4.22	US\$1.48
Total		8,021,554	-	-	7,829,084	192,470		

Notes:

- (1) The vesting schedule of these RSUs shall be 25% of the shares will be vested on the first anniversary of the vesting commencement date, and the remaining shares will be vested with equal monthly installments over the following thirty-six months.
- (2) During the Reporting Period, no RSU was cancelled.

Post-IPO ESOP

We have adopted the Post-IPO ESOP by resolutions passed by our Company on January 30, 2019, with effect upon completion of the Listing, and as amended and restated on March 7, 2023.

The number of shares that may be issued in respect of options granted under the Post-IPO ESOP during the Reporting Period divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue for the year was 3.58%. The total number of options available for grant under the Post-IPO ESOP as of January 1, 2022 and December 31, 2022 was 27,375,869 and 10,693,496, respectively.

Report of the Directors

Movement of the options, which were granted under the Post-IPO ESOP, during the Reporting Period is as follows:

Name of Participant or Category of Participant	Date of grant	Closing price of shares immediately before the date on which the options were granted (HKD)	Number of options held at January 1, 2022	Number of options granted during the reporting period	Number of options lapsed and cancelled	Number of options exercised	Number of options held at December 31, 2022	Exercise Price	Weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised	Fair value of options at the date of grant
Directors										
Dr. Jianxin Yang, CEO and executive Director ⁽⁴⁾	2020-04-01	8.7	1,400,000	-	-	-	1,400,000	HKD8.85	-	HKD4.58
	2021-04-01	9.25	4,800,000	-	-	-	4,800,000	HKD9.85	-	HKD6.32
	2022-08-30	4.77	-	28,000,000	-	-	28,000,000	HKD4.66	-	HKD1.49 - HKD3.12
Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang	2019-08-15	10.32	36,432,379	-	13,430,603	-	23,001,776	HKD10.69	-	HKD5.49
Other employee participants										
	2019-04-01	15.88	688,003	-	247,633	-	440,370	HKD15.86	-	HKD7.19
	2019-06-10	12.12	1,836,827	-	366,419	-	1,470,408	HKD12.6	-	HKD5.74 - HKD5.89
	2019-10-11	12.04	552,911	-	71,570	-	481,341	HKD12.2	-	HKD6.90 - HKD7.02
	2019-12-09	10.5	6,465,584	-	6,345,084	-	120,500	HKD10.79	-	HKD5.96 - HKD6.06
	2020-04-01	8.7	2,092,527	-	566,033	-	1,526,494	HKD8.85	-	HKD4.58 - HKD4.68
	2020-07-13	11.1	1,102,500	-	495,000	-	607,500	HKD11.048	-	HKD5.60
	2020-11-30	9.99	1,699,250	-	422,500	-	1,276,750	HKD9.96	-	HKD4.83 - HKD5.02
	2021-04-01	9.25	4,393,400	-	263,522	-	4,129,878	HKD9.85	-	HKD5.26 - HKD6.32
	2021-07-02	17.1	4,015,000	-	106,250	-	3,908,750	HKD17.308	-	HKD8.28 - HKD9.14
	2021-12-10	9.75	4,075,336	-	1,166,756	-	2,908,580	HKD9.588	-	HKD4.77 - HKD5.15
	2022-06-06	5.1	-	8,493,799	989,423	-	7,504,376	HKD5.274	-	HKD2.63 - HKD2.93
	2022-07-21	4.9	-	5,498,789	839,422	-	4,659,367	HKD5.002	-	HKD2.30 - HKD2.39
Total			69,553,717	41,992,588	25,310,215	-	86,236,090			

Report of the Directors

Notes:

- (1) The exercise period of all options shall be 10 years from the vesting commencement date.
- (2) All options granted are subject to any of the individual performance result and other requirements as set out in the grant letters to be entered into between each of the grantees and the Company.
- (3) The vesting schedules of the grant of options shall vest in accordance with either of the followings:
 - 25% of the shares shall vest on the first anniversary of the date of grant and the remaining shares shall vest with equal monthly installments over the thirty-six months immediately following the first anniversary of the date of grant; or
 - 25% shall vest on each of the first to fourth anniversary of the date of grant.
- (4) The vesting schedules of the grant of 28,000,000 share options to Dr. Jianxin Yang shall be as follows:
 - 14,000,000 Options granted to Dr. Yang shall vest as follows:
 - 25% shall vest on the first anniversary of August 25, 2022 (rounding to the nearest whole Option);
 - 25% shall vest on the second anniversary of August 25, 2022 (rounding to the nearest whole Option);
 - 25% shall vest on the third anniversary of August 25, 2022 (rounding to the nearest whole Option); and
 - 25% shall vest on the fourth anniversary of August 25, 2022 (rounding to the nearest whole Option).
 - The remaining 14,000,000 Options granted to Dr. Yang are divided into various batches of Options. Upon satisfaction of the performance target milestone specified for each batch of Options, the respective batch of Options shall vest as follows:
 - 25% shall vest on the first anniversary of the date of satisfaction of the respective performance target milestone (rounding to the nearest whole Option);
 - 25% shall vest on the second anniversary of the date of satisfaction of the respective performance target milestone (rounding to the nearest whole Option);
 - 25% shall vest on the third anniversary of the date of satisfaction of the respective performance target milestone (rounding to the nearest whole Option); and
 - 25% shall vest on the fourth anniversary of the date of satisfaction of the respective performance target milestone (rounding to the nearest whole Option).
- (5) During the Reporting Period, no option was cancelled.

Post-IPO RSU Scheme

We have adopted the Post-IPO RSU Scheme by resolutions passed by our Company on March 22, 2019 and restated and amended by our Company on December 10, 2019, January 7, 2020 and March 7, 2023, as amended from time to time.

The number of shares that may be issued in respect of RSUs granted under the Post-IPO RSU Scheme during the Reporting Period divided by the weighted average number of shares in issue for the year was 0.16%. The total number of RSUs available for grant under the Post-IPO RSU Scheme as of January 1, 2022 and December 31, 2022 was 8,005,966 and 13,048,447, respectively.

Report of the Directors

Details of RSUs granted under the Post-IPO RSU Scheme, during the Reporting Period are as follows:

Name of Participant or Category of Participant	Date of grant	Closing price of shares immediately before the date on which the RSUs were granted (HKD)	Number of RSUs held at January 1, 2022	Number of RSUs granted during the reporting period	Number of RSUs lapsed and cancelled	Number of RSUs vested	Number of RSUs held at December 31, 2022	Weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the dates on which the RSUs were vested	Fair value of RSUs at the date of grant
Directors									
Dr. Jianxin Yang, CEO and executive Director	2021-04-01	9.25	1,200,000	-	-	500,000	700,000	HKD4.41	HKD9.85
Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang ⁽²⁾	2019-08-15	10.32	7,068,316	-	3,357,650	3,710,666	-	HKD6.79	HKD10.52
	2020-11-30	9.99	500,000	-	-	500,000	-	HKD4.57	HKD9.53
Kenneth Walton Hitchner III	2021-12-10	9.75	63,981	-	-	15,995	47,986	HKD4.46	HKD9.33
Other employee participants									
	2019-03-25	16.48	31,257	-	-	22,913	8,344	HKD4.39	HKD15.74
	2019-03-28	16.02	116,921	-	-	98,923	17,998	HKD4.22	HKD15.72
	2019-04-01	15.88	14,411	-	-	9,922	4,489	HKD4.39	HKD15.86
	2019-04-29	13.72	5,340	-	-	3,663	1,677	HKD4.39	HKD13.56
	2019-05-13	14.36	99,154	-	16,251	55,423	27,480	HKD4.05	HKD14.36
	2019-05-16	13.44	170,000	-	-	110,000	60,000	HKD4.39	HKD13.20
	2019-05-20	12.64	21,250	-	4,992	11,248	5,010	HKD4.48	HKD12.38
	2019-06-10	12.12	453,340	-	227,092	226,248	-	HKD4.26	HKD12.60
	2019-10-11	12.04	552,459	-	145,907	238,711	167,841	HKD4.20	HKD12.20
	2019-12-09	10.5	2,163,000	-	2,046,000	58,500	58,500	HKD4.19	HKD10.60
	2020-04-01	8.7	180,000	-	100,500	54,500	25,000	HKD4.87	HKD8.60
	2020-07-13	11.1	444,000	-	185,000	148,000	111,000	HKD4.60	HKD10.78
	2020-11-30	9.99	688,334	-	104,250	206,413	377,671	HKD3.85	HKD9.53
	2021-04-01	9.25	1,962,600	-	68,150	502,319	1,392,131	HKD8.72	HKD9.85
	2021-07-02	17.1	1,121,000	-	15,000	270,250	835,750	HKD4.91	HKD16.20
	2021-12-10	9.75	1,878,884	-	668,689	427,221	782,974	HKD3.94	HKD9.33
	2022-06-06	5.1	-	1,767,000	30,000	40,000	1,697,000	HKD3.80	HKD5.09
	2022-07-21	4.9	-	160,000	-	-	160,000	-	HKD4.58
Total			18,734,247	1,927,000	6,969,481	7,210,915	6,480,851		

Report of the Directors

Notes:

- (1) The vesting schedules of the grant of RSUs shall vest in accordance with either of the followings:
 - 25% of the shares shall vest on the first anniversary of the date of grant and the remaining shares shall vest with equal monthly installments over the thirty-six months immediately following the first anniversary of the date of grant; or
 - 25% shall vest on each of the first to fourth anniversary of the date of grant.
- (2) The vesting schedules of the RSUs granted to Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang on November 30, 2020 shall have a vesting period of two years, commencing on November 9, 2020 and 12.5% of the grant shall vest on each quarter end; and provided always that the compensation committee of the Company has the discretion to accelerate such vesting schedules on a case-by-case basis.
- (3) During the Reporting Period, no RSU was cancelled.

For further details of the Share Incentivization Schemes, including the fair value of the options and RSUs granted under the Share Incentivization Schemes, please refer to note 28 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

SUMMARY OF THE SHARE INCENTIVIZATION SCHEMES

The major terms and details of the Share Incentivization Schemes are set out below:

Details	Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan	Post-IPO ESOP	Post-IPO RSU Scheme
1. Purpose	To attract, motivate and/or to reward eligible employees, officers, directors, contractor, advisors and consultants of our Group	To attract and retain employees, to reward eligible participants for their past contribution to the Company, to provide incentives to the eligible participants to further contribute to the Group and to align their interests with the best interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole	To: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • recognize the contributions by certain selected participants with an opportunity to acquire a proprietary interest in the Company; • encourage and retain such individuals for the continual operation and development of the Group; • provide additional incentives for them to achieve performance goals; • attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group; and • motivate the selected participants to maximize the value of the Company for the benefits of both the selected participants and the Company, with a view to achieving the objectives of increasing the value of the Group and aligning the interests of the selected participants directly to the Shareholders of the Company through ownership of Shares



Report of the Directors

Details	Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan	Post-IPO ESOP	Post-IPO RSU Scheme
2. Participants	Eligible employees include any employee, officer, director, contractor, advisor or consultant of the Group who is notified by the Board that he or she is eligible by reason of their contribution to the Group	Eligible employees include any employee, officer, director, contractor, advisor or consultant of the Group who is notified by the Board that he or she is an employee eligible by reason of his or her contribution to the Group, to the extent that an offer of an award to or a receipt of such award by him or her is permitted under the applicable laws, rules and regulations or accounting or tax rules and regulations. In the amended rules of the Post-IPO ESOP as adopted on the Amendment Date, eligible participants include (i) employee participant: any employee (whether full-time or part-time), a director (including executive directors, non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors) of any member of the Group, and any persons who are granted awards under this plan as an inducement to enter into employment contracts with any member of the Group, in each case until such employee shall cease to be an employee with effect from (and including) the date of termination of his or her employment; and (ii) service provider: any persons (nature person or corporate entity) who provide services to the Group on a continuing and recurring basis in the ordinary course of business of the Group which are in the interests of the long term growth of the Group, including independent contractor, consultant and/or advisors for the R&D, product commercialization, marketing, innovation upgrading, strategic/commercial planning on corporate image and investor relations in investment environment of the Company (excluding any placing agents or financial advisers providing advisory services for fundraising, mergers or acquisition, and service providers such as auditors or valuers who provide assurance, or are required to perform their services with impartiality and objectivity)	Eligible persons include any employee of any member of the Group and any consultant, adviser or agent of any member of the Group (including the connected persons (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company), who have contributed or will contribute to the growth and development of the Group. In the amended rules of the Post-IPO RSU Scheme as adopted on the Amendment Date, eligible participants include (i) employee participant: any employee (whether full-time or part-time), a director (including executive directors, non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors) of any member of the Group, and any persons who are granted awards under this scheme as an inducement to enter into employment contracts with any member of the Group, in each case until such employee shall cease to be an employee with effect from (and including) the date of termination of his or her employment; and (ii) service provider: any persons (nature person or corporate entity) who provide services to the Group on a continuing and recurring basis in the ordinary course of business of the Group which are in the interests of the long term growth of the Group, including independent contractor, consultant and/or advisors for the R&D, product commercialization, marketing, innovation upgrading, strategic/commercial planning on corporate image and investor relations in investment environment of the Company (excluding any placing agents or financial advisers providing advisory services for fundraising, mergers or acquisition, and service providers such as auditors or valuers who provide assurance, or are required to perform their services with impartiality and objectivity)

Report of the Directors

Details	Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan	Post-IPO ESOP	Post-IPO RSU Scheme
3. Maximum number of Shares that can be awarded	The maximum number of Shares in respect of which awards may be granted under the plan shall not, subject to any reorganisation of capital structure and other corporate events, exceed 130,831,252 Shares in the aggregate (taken into account of the capitalization issue on the Listing Date)	The maximum number of Shares in respect of which awards may be granted or delivered in satisfaction of awards under the plan shall not, subject to any reorganisation of capital structure and other corporate events, exceed 98,405,153 (taken into account of the capitalization issue on the Listing Date), being 10% of the Shares in issue as of the adoption date. The limit on the number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the plan and any other schemes must not exceed 30% of the relevant class of Shares in issue from time to time. In the amended rules of the Post-IPO ESOP as adopted on the Amendment Date, the Company shall not make any further grant of options which will result in the aggregate number of Shares underlying all grants of (i) new Shares or restricted share units or restricted shares of the Company; or (ii) options over new Shares made pursuant to this Plan and other share schemes adopted by the Company from time to time to exceed 128,384,401 Shares, representing 10% of the total number of issued Shares as of the Amendment Date without Shareholders' approval (the " Scheme Mandate Limit "). Within the Scheme Mandate Limit, the total number of Awards which may be granted under this plan and grants made under other share schemes of the Company to service providers shall not exceed 12,838,440 Shares, representing 1% of the total number of Shares in issue on the Amendment Date (the " Service Provider Sublimit ").	The Board may not make any further award which will result in the aggregate number of the Shares awarded by the Board under the scheme exceeding, initially, 7,650,000 Shares (being approximately 0.78% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the adoption date), which was subsequently increased to 38,010,316 Shares (being approximately 3.20% of the issued share capital of the Company as at December 31, 2022) pursuant to a board meeting dated July 15, 2019. In the amended rules of the Post-IPO RSU Scheme as adopted on the Amendment Date, the Company shall not make any further grant of restricted new share award which will result in the aggregate number of Shares underlying all grants of (i) new Shares of the Company; or (ii) options over new Shares made pursuant to this scheme and other share schemes adopted by the Company to exceed 128,384,401 Shares, representing 10% of the total number of issued Shares as of the Amendment Date without Shareholders' approval (the " Scheme Mandate Limit "). Within the Scheme Mandate Limit, the total number of restricted new shares which may be granted under this scheme and grants made under other share schemes of the Company to Service Providers shall not exceed 12,838,440 Shares, representing 1% of the total number of Shares in issue on the Amendment Date (the " Service Provider Sublimit "). The maximum number of grant of restricted existing shares under this scheme is 5% of the total issued Shares of the Company as at the Amendment Date (excluding any restricted existing shares lapsed in accordance with term of this scheme).

Report of the Directors

Details	Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan	Post-IPO ESOP	Post-IPO RSU Scheme
4. Maximum entitlement of each participant	No employee shall be granted an award which, if exercised or settled in full, would result in such employee becoming entitled to subscribe for such number of shares as, when aggregated with the total number of shares already issued under all the awards previously granted to him which have been exercised, and, issuable or settled under all the awards previously granted to him which for the time being subsisting and unexercised, would exceed 10% of the aggregate number of Shares for the time being issued and issuable under the plan	Except with the approval of the Shareholders in general meeting, no option may be granted to any one person which, if exercised or settled in full, such that the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of options and any other option over the Shares (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) granted and to be granted to such person in any 12-month period up to the date of the latest grant exceeds 1% of the Shares in issue from time to time. In the amended rules of the Post-IPO ESOP as adopted on the Amendment Date, for any 12-month period up to and including the grant date, the aggregate number of Shares issued and to be issued in respect of all options granted to any eligible participant under this plan and any grants made under any other share scheme(s) of the Company (excluding any options or awards lapsed under any share scheme of the Company) shall not exceed 1% of the total number of the Shares in issue as at the grant date without Shareholders' approval.	In the amended rules of the Post-IPO RSU Scheme as adopted on the Amendment Date, for any 12-month period up to and including the grate date, the aggregate number of Shares issued and to be issued in respect of all restricted new shares granted to any selected participant and all grants made under any other share scheme(s) of the Company (excluding any options and/or awards lapsed in accordance with the share schemes of the Company) shall not exceed 1% of the total number of the Shares in issue as at the grate date without Shareholders' approval. Where any grant of awards to a substantial shareholder of the Company or an independent non-executive Director, or their respective associates, would result in the total number of Shares issued and to be issued in respect of all awards or options granted and to be granted to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant (excluding any awards or options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the share schemes of the Company), representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the total number of Shares in issue, such further grant of awards must be approved by the Shareholders in general meeting.
5. Option period	The period during which the option can be exercised as set forth in the relevant offer letters in accordance with the plan	The period during which the option can be exercised as set forth in the relevant offer letters in accordance with the plan, which, in any event, must end on or before the tenth anniversary of the date of the grant of such option.	The vesting of the awarded Shares is subject to the selected participant remaining at all times after the grant date and on the date of vesting, an eligible person, subject to the rules of the scheme.
		In the amended rules of the Post-IPO ESOP as adopted on the Amendment Date, the option must be held by the grantee for at least 12 months before the option can be vested save for the exceptional circumstances prescribed in the plan	Save for the circumstances prescribed in the scheme, the vesting period of the restricted new shares granted shall not be less than 12 months.

Report of the Directors

Details	Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan	Post-IPO ESOP	Post-IPO RSU Scheme
6. Acceptance of offer	Awards granted must be accepted within the period as stated in the offer of the grant, upon payment of exercise price as set out in the relevant offer letter per grant, if any. There is no amount payable solely for application or acceptance of the option or awards.		
7. Exercise price	<p>The subscription price shall be approved by the Board and shall be set out in the offer letter</p> <p>The exercise prices of the options granted between the adoption date and the Listing Date include US\$0.1, US \$0.2, US \$0.57 and US\$2.37 (without taking into account the effect of the capitalisation issue)</p>	<p>The subscription price shall be approved by the Board and shall be set out in the offer letter. The subscription price per Share of each award requiring exercise must be determined in accordance with the Fair Market Value of the Shares subject to the award, determined as of the date of grant.</p> <p>“Fair Market Value” means the higher of (a) the closing price of a Share on the date of grant, which must be a business day, on the principal stock market or exchange on which the Shares are quoted or traded, and (b) the average closing price of a Share for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant, on the principal stock market or exchange on which the Shares are quoted or traded, or if Shares are not so quoted or traded, the fair market value of a Share as determined by the Compensation Committee</p>	–
8. Remaining life of the scheme	<p>The plan shall be valid and effective for the period of ten years commencing on the adoption date until July 7, 2027 after which period no further awards will be granted, but the provisions of the plan shall in all other respects remain in full force and effect and the grantees may exercise the options in accordance with the terms upon which the options are granted. The remaining life of the plan is approximately three months and four years as at the date of this report.</p>	<p>The plan shall be valid and effective for the period of ten years commencing on the adoption date until February 26, 2029 after which period no further awards will be granted, but the provisions of the plan shall in all other respects remain in full force and effect and the grantees may exercise the options in accordance with the terms upon which the options are granted. The remaining life of the plan is approximately five years and 11 months as at the date of this report.</p>	<p>The scheme remains valid and effective from the adoption date until March 22, 2029, being the tenth anniversary of the adoption date, after which period no further awards will be granted, but the provisions of the scheme will in all other respects remain in full force and effect and awards that are granted from the adoption date until the tenth anniversary of the adoption date may continue to be exercisable in accordance with their terms of issue. The remaining life of the scheme is approximately six years as at the date of this report.</p>

Report of the Directors

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

None of the related parties transactions as disclosed in Note 31 to the Consolidated Financial Statements constitute connected transaction or continuing connected transaction as defined under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. During the Reporting Period, there were no connected transactions nor continuing connected transactions of the Group which has to be disclosed in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

SEGMENT INFORMATION

An analysis of the Group's revenue and contribution to results by geographical areas of the operations for the Reporting Period is set out in Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Reporting Period are set out in Note 14 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

SHARES ISSUED IN THE REPORTING PERIOD

Details of the Shares issued by the Company during the Reporting Period are set out in Note 27 and Note 28 to the Consolidated Financial Statements. During the Reporting Period, no placing or fund raising activities took place.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As of December 31, 2022, the Company did not have any distributable reserves.

USE OF NET PROCEEDS

Our Shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange on February 26, 2019 (the "**Listing**"). The Group received net proceeds (after deduction of underwriting commissions and related costs and expenses) from the initial public offering in Hong Kong (the "**HK IPO**") and the exercise of over-allotment option of approximately RMB2,090.16 million. There was no change in the intended use of net proceeds as previously disclosed in the Prospectus and at December 31, 2021, the Company had utilised the entire net proceeds from the HK IPO. For details, please refer to the annual report of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2021.

On September 30, 2020 (before trading hours), the Company entered into the share subscription agreement with Pfizer, pursuant to which Pfizer has conditionally agreed to subscribe for an aggregate of 115,928,803 subscription shares at the subscription price of approximately HK\$13.37 per Share. The gross proceeds from the allotment and issue of the subscription shares were approximately US\$200.0 million (equivalent to approximately RMB1,355.9 million), which will be used for the funding of the development activities under the collaboration agreement. All the conditions of the subscription have been fulfilled and the closing of the subscription took place on October 9, 2020. The use of these proceeds is in line with the planned use and there is no significant change or delay.

Report of the Directors

The table below sets out the planned applications of the proceeds and actual usage up to December 31, 2022:

	% of use of proceeds	Proceeds from the subscription (RMB million)	Unutilized net proceeds at December 31, 2021 (RMB million)	Actual usage during the Reporting Period (RMB million)	Unutilized net proceeds at December 31, 2022 (RMB million)
Fund the development activities under the collaboration agreement	100.0%	1,355.9	950.2	415.3	534.9

Note: The unutilised net proceeds are planned to be put into use by December 31, 2023.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company had maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules during the Reporting Period and up to the date of this annual report.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the Reporting Period.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new Shares on a pro-rata basis to its existing Shareholders.

PROFESSIONAL TAX ADVICE RECOMMENDED

If any of the Shareholders is unsure about the taxation implications of purchasing, holding, disposing of, dealing in, or the exercise of any rights in relation to the Shares, he or she is advised to consult an expert. The Company is not aware of any relief on taxation available to the Shareholders by reason of their holdings of the Shares.

Report of the Directors

BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

In 2020, the Group obtained two new bank loan facilities amounting to RMB175 million and RMB25 million, respectively, for the purpose of construction of the facilities. In 2022, the Group obtained one new bank loan facility amounting to RMB100 million for the purpose of working capital. During the Reporting Period, the Group has drawn down RMB113,042,000 and repaid RMB32,000,000 of principal and interest in accordance with the payment schedules. For details on the maturity profile of our borrowings, please see Note 24 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Save as disclosed above, we did not have any material mortgages, charges, debentures, loan capital, debt securities, loans, unutilized banking facilities, bank overdrafts or other similar indebtedness, liabilities under acceptances (other than normal trade bills), acceptance credits, which are either guaranteed, unguaranteed, secured or unsecured, or guarantees.

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Revenue increased by RMB237.7 million from RMB243.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 to RMB481.4 million for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Other gains and losses decreased by RMB133.4 million from losses of RMB134.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 to losses of RMB0.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Research and development expenses decreased by RMB690.7 million from RMB1,304.9 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 to RMB614.2 million for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Administrative expenses decreased by RMB48.5 million from RMB297.6 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 to RMB249.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Selling and marketing expenses decreased by RMB36.5 million from RMB363.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 to RMB327.3 million for the year ended December 31, 2022.

As a result of the above factors, the loss for the year decreased by RMB1,017.4 million from RMB1,920.1 million for the year ended December 31, 2021 to RMB902.7 million for the year ended December 31, 2022.

CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not make any charitable contributions.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group derived substantially its revenues from license fee income. For the year ended December 31, 2022, revenue from the five largest customers and the largest customer accounted for approximately 95.18% and 59.78%, respectively, of the Group's total revenue. For further details, please see Note 6 to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this report.

None of the Directors or any of their close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) or any Shareholders (whom, to the best knowledge and belief of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's total issued share capital) had a material interest in the Group's five largest customers during the Reporting Period.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, purchases from the Group's five largest supplier accounted for less than 30% of the Groups total purchases.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group has compliance policies and procedures in place to ensure adherence to applicable laws, rules and regulations, in particular, those that have a significant impact on the operation of the Group, including the requirements under the Companies Ordinance, the Listing Rules, the SFO and the CG Code for, among other things, the disclosure of information and corporate governance. For details of the applicable laws and regulations, please refer to the section headed “Regulatory Environment” in the Prospectus for details. The Group would seek professional legal advice from its legal advisers to ensure that transactions and business to be performed by the Group are in compliance with the applicable laws and regulations. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with any relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on it.

MATERIAL LITIGATION

The Company was not involved in any material litigation or arbitration during the Reporting Period. The Directors are also not aware of any material litigation or claims that were pending or threatened against the Group during the Reporting Period.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH THE GROUP’S EMPLOYEES

The Group believes that employees are important and valuable assets. The Group will provide trainings for employees to enhance their knowledge in corporate values and culture and to implement them thoroughly. Meanwhile, the Group encourages staff on continued studies by giving subsidy to recognized development courses. The Group also aims to provide competitive and attractive remuneration packages to retain its employees. Management reviews the remuneration package offered to the employees of the Group on an annual basis. Meanwhile, for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants who have contributed to the success of the Group’s operations, the Company has adopted the Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan, the Post-IPO ESOP and the Post-IPO RSU Scheme. Details of such schemes are set out in the section headed “Share Incentivization Schemes” in this report.

RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The employees of the Company’s subsidiaries in the PRC are members of the state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the relevant local government authority in the PRC. The subsidiaries are required to contribute, based on a certain percentage of the payroll costs of its employees, to the retirement benefit scheme and has no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions. The total amount provided by the Group to the scheme in the PRC and charged to profit or loss are approximately RMB55,896,000 (2021: RMB49,745,000) for the year ended December 31, 2022.

In Australia, the Group pays superannuation contributions to an Australian superannuation fund under relevant rules and regulations in Australia. The Group’s Australian subsidiaries are required to contribute a minimum of 9.5% to 10.0% of the employee’s ordinary time earnings for all qualifying employees in Australia to any complying super funds of employees’ own choice.

During the Reporting Period and as at the date of this report, there were no forfeited contributions under the defined contributions plans of the Group, and there were no forfeited contributions had been used by the Group to reduce the existing level of contributions.

Report of the Directors

RELATIONSHIPS WITH THE GROUP'S SUPPLIERS AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS

The Group values long-standing relationships with its suppliers, customers, medical experts, and other business associates are key to the Group's success. The Group strives to achieve corporate sustainability through engaging, collaborating, and cultivating strong relationships with them. The Group aims at delivering high quality products to its potential customers and developing mutual trust and enhancing communication and commitment between the Group and its suppliers to maintain sustainable growth. For details of an account of the Company's key relationships with its employees, customers and suppliers and others that have a significant impact on the Company is set out in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" of the Company which will be published and made available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company together with this report.

SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Particulars of the Company's significant events affecting the Company or any of its subsidiaries after the year ended December 31, 2022 are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis – Material events after the Reporting Period" of this report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Particulars of the Company's corporate governance practices are set out in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" of this report.

EQUITY-LINK AGREEMENT

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Share Incentivization Schemes" in this report, there was no equity-link agreement entered into by the Company during the Reporting Period.

REVIEW BY AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee currently comprises three INEDs, namely, Mr. Hongbin Sun, Dr. Paul Herbert Chew and Mr. Ting Yuk Anthony Wu. The Audit Committee has reviewed with the management of the Company the audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the Reporting Period.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

The Consolidated Financial Statements for the Reporting Period have been audited by Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu. Having been approved by the Board upon the Audit Committee's recommendation, a resolution for the re-appointment of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu as the Independent Auditor for the ensuing year will be put forward at the forthcoming AGM for Shareholder's approval.

In the preceding three years, the auditors of the Company have not changed.

On Behalf of the Board

Dr. Wei Li

Chairman and Non-executive Director

Suzhou, PRC, March 15, 2023



Corporate Governance Report

The Board hereby presents to the Shareholders the corporate governance report of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2022 (the “**Corporate Governance Report**”).

CORPORATE CULTURE

The Company is firmly committed to a high level of corporate governance and adherence to the governance principles and practices emphasising transparency, independence, accountability, responsibility and fairness. These principles and practices are reviewed and revised regularly as appropriate to reflect the ever changing regulatory requirements and corporate governance development. The Board believes that the high standards of corporate governance is the essential core for sustaining the Group’s long term performance and value creation for our Shareholders, the investing public and the other stakeholders.

The Company also recognises the importance of integrity, ethical conduct, and responsible business practices, which are instilled and continually reinforced across the Group. It strives to foster a culture of compliance, good corporate governance, and ethical behaviour with its stakeholders to build trust and credibility.

The Board has established the Company’s purpose, values, and strategy, and has satisfied itself that the Company’s culture is aligned. By acting with integrity and leading by example, the Directors will further and continue to promote the desired culture within the Group.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board is committed to achieving high corporate governance standards.

The Company has applied the principles and code provisions as set out in the CG Code contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules as the basis of the Company’s corporate governance practices.

The Company has adopted and applied the principles as set out in the CG Code. The Board is of the view that during the Reporting Period, the Company has complied with all the applicable principles and code provisions as set out in the CG Code, except for code provision C.2.1 described in the paragraph headed “Board of Directors – Chairman and Chief Executive Officer” in this Corporate Governance Report.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

We have also adopted our own code of conduct regarding Directors’ securities transactions, namely the Policy on Management of Securities Transactions by Directors (the “**Securities Transactions Code**”), which applies to all Directors on terms not less exacting than the required standard indicated by the Model Code as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

Specific enquiries have been made of all the Directors and they have confirmed that they have complied with the Securities Transactions Code throughout the Reporting Period.

The Group’s employees, who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information of the Group, are subject to the Model Code. No incident of non-compliance of the Model Code by the employees of the Group was noted by the Company as at the date of this report.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible for the overall leadership of the Group, oversees the Group's strategic decisions and monitors business and performance. The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for day-to-day management and operation of the Group to the senior management of the Group. To oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs, the Board has established five Board committees including the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Strategy Committee and the Investment Committee (collectively, the "**Board Committees**"). The Board has delegated to the Board Committees responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference. For details of the composition of the Board, please see the paragraphs headed "Composition" in this Corporate Governance Report and "Directors" in the Report of the Directors.

All Directors have carried out their duties in good faith and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and have acted in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders at all times.

All Directors have full and timely access to all the information of the Company as well as the services and advice from the company secretary and senior management. The Directors may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses for discharging their duties to the Company.

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance in respect of legal action against the Directors. The insurance coverage will be reviewed on an annual basis.

Responsibilities, Accountabilities and Contributions of the Board and Management

The Board should assume responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and is collectively responsible for directing and supervising the Company's affairs. The Board directly, and indirectly through its committees, leads and provides direction to the management by laying down strategies and overseeing their implementation, monitors the Group's operational and financial performance, and ensures that sound internal control and risk management systems are in place.

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning.

Continuous Professional Development of Directors

The Company believes education and training are important for maintaining an effective Board. Every Director should participate in continuous professional development to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

Every newly appointed Director during the Reporting Period have received formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

Corporate Governance Report

The Company arranges continuous professional development for Directors such as updates by its compliance counsel to ensure Directors keep abreast of regulatory developments and changes in order to effectively perform their responsibilities and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. During the year ended December 31, 2022, all Directors were regularly briefed on the amendments to or updates on the relevant laws, rules and regulations. Internally-facilitated briefings for Directors would be arranged and reading materials on relevant topics would be provided to Directors where appropriate. Directors also regularly meet with the senior management team to understand the Group's businesses, governance policies and regulatory environment. All Directors are also encouraged to attend relevant training courses.

According to the records provided by the Directors, the training attended by all the Directors for the year ended December 31, 2022 is summarized as follows:

Name of Directors	Topic of Training Covered
Executive Director	
Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang (<i>Resigned on August 25, 2022</i>)	(1), (2)
Dr. Jianxin Yang (<i>Appointed on August 25, 2022</i>)	(1), (2)
Non-executive Directors	
Dr. Wei Li	(1), (2)
Mr. Kenneth Walton Hitchner III	(1), (2)
Mr. Yanling Cao (<i>Resigned on January 18, 2023</i>)	(1), (2)
Mr. Xianghong Lin	(1), (2)
Mr. Edward Hu	(1), (2)
Independent Non-executive Directors	
Dr. Paul Herbert Chew	(1), (2)
Mr. Ting Yuk Anthony Wu	(1), (2)
Mr. Hongbin Sun	(1), (2)

Notes:

- (1) Attending the training for Directors covering a wide range of topics, including but not limited to the management of inside information, discloseable transactions and connected transactions, duty of disclosure of interests, the laws applicable to the Company and the Company's continuing compliance obligations.
- (2) Reading relevant guideline materials regarding the duties and responsibilities of being a Director, the relevant laws and regulations applicable to the Directors and duty of disclosure of interests.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

In accordance with Code Provision C.2.1 of Part 2 of the CG Code, the roles of the chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company had been performed by Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang until he ceased to act as the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer on May 31, 2022 and August 25, 2022, respectively. While this constituted a deviation from Code Provision C.2.1 of Part 2 of the CG Code, our Board believed that this structure did not impair the balance of power and authority between our Board and the management of our Company, given that the balance of power and authority was ensured by the operations of our Board which comprises experienced and high caliber individuals who meet regularly to discuss issues affecting the operations of our Company. Moreover, the overall strategic and other key business, financial and operational policies of our Group are made collectively after thorough discussion at both our Board and senior management levels.

Subsequent to and as from the cessation of Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang's acting as the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer, and Dr. Wei Li's taking up the role of the Chairman and Dr. Jianxin Yang's taking up the role of the Chief Executive Officer, on May 31, 2022 and August 25, 2022, respectively, the Company has fully complied with the requirements under Code Provision C.2.1 of Part 2 of the CG Code. For further details, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated May 31, 2022 and August 25, 2022.

During the Reporting Period, the Company held board meetings that included the participation of the executive Director, yet the non-executive Directors could freely provide their independent opinion to the Board. The Company has also arranged for the then Chairman Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang, (who was the sole executive Director) to have one meeting with the three INEDs in the absence of the non-executive Directors and senior management in compliance with the requirement of code provision C.2.7 during the Reporting Period.

Composition

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises eight Directors, with one executive Director, four non-executive Directors and three INEDs. With effect from January 18, 2023, Dr. Yanling Cao resigned as a non-executive Director. With effect from August 25, 2022, Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang ceased to act as the Chief Executive Officer, the executive Director, and Dr. Jianxin Yang took up the roles of the Chief Executive Officer and the executive Director. Apart from the foregoing, there is no change to the composition of the Board during the Reporting Period. A list of Directors and their respective biographies are set out in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this report. As at the date of this report, to the best knowledge of the Company, there has been no financial, business, family, or other material/relevant relationships among members of the Board.

The Board's composition is in compliance with the requirement under Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules that the number of INEDs must represent at least one-third of the Board. The Board believes that the balance between the executive Director and the non-executive Directors is reasonable and adequate to provide sufficient checks and balances that safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and the Group.

The Board values the importance of professional judgment and advice provided by non-executive Directors to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders. The non-executive Directors contribute diversified qualifications and experience to the Group by expressing their views in professional, constructive and informed manner, and actively participate in Board and committee meetings and to bring professional judgment and advice on issues relating to the Group's strategies, policies, performance, accountability, resources, key appointments, standards of conduct, conflicts of interests and management process, with the Shareholders' interests being the utmost important factor. The non-executive Directors also exercise their professional judgment and utilise their expertise to scrutinise the Company's performance in achieving agreed corporate goals, and monitor performance reporting.

Corporate Governance Report

Further, in compliance with Rule 3.10 of the Listing Rules, two of the Company's INEDs (namely Mr. Ting Yuk Anthony Wu and Mr. Hongbin Sun) have the appropriate professional qualifications of accounting or related financial management expertise, and provide valuable advice from time to time to the Board. The Company has also received from each INED an annual confirmation of his independence and the Nomination Committee has conducted an annual review and considers that all INEDs are independent, taking into account of the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules in the context of the length of service of each INED.

As part of the Company's corporate governance practice to provide transparency to the investor community and in compliance with the Listing Rules and the CG Code, the INEDs are clearly identified in all corporate communications containing the names of the Directors. In addition, an up-to-date list of Directors identifying the INEDs and the roles and functions of the Directors is maintained on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

Appointments and Re-election of Directors

The Company entered into a letter of appointment with Dr. Jianxin Yang on August 25, 2022. Dr. Jianxin Yang will be subject to re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company to be held on June 21, 2023 and his appointment shall continue for a period of three years and until the conclusion of the third AGM of the Company after his re-election or such earlier date pursuant to the Articles of Association.

Dr. Wei Li was re-designated as our non-executive Director on October 29, 2018 with an unspecified term (subject to retirement as and when required under the Articles of Association). Mr. Xianghong Lin has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company on November 30, 2020. The term of their appointment shall be three years with effect from the appointment date and upon being re-elected. Dr. Wei Li and Mr. Xianghong Lin will be subject to re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company to be held on June 21, 2023.

Each of the non-executive Directors and INEDs has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of two to three years (subject to retirement as and when required under the Articles of Association) or until terminated in accordance with the terms and conditions of the appointment letter or by either party giving to the other not less than one month's prior notice in writing. Dr. Paul Herbert Chew and Mr. Hongbin Sun will be subject to re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company to be held on June 21, 2023.

Apart from the above, during the Reporting Period, the Company has not entered into any other director's service contract with any of its Directors. None of the Directors has entered into a service contract which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation), and no remunerations have been paid to Directors by the Company in the capacity of them as Directors in the Company.

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are set out in the Articles of Association. In accordance with the Articles of Association, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and any new Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall submit himself for re-election by the Shareholders at the first AGM of the Company after appointment and new Directors appointed as an addition to the Board shall submit himself/herself for re-election by the Shareholders at the next following AGM of the Company after appointment.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board composition and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-election of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

Corporate Governance Report

Board Meetings

The Board held eight meetings during the Reporting Period for discussing and approving the operation and business development of the Company, including without limitation, change in Directors, financial budget and financial statements and amendments to relevant equity incentive plans of the Company. The attendance of each Director at the Board and committee meetings of the Company during the Reporting Period, whether in person or by means of electronic communication, is detailed in the table below:

Name of Directors	Attendance/No. of Meetings held during the Reporting Period						
	Board	Audit Committee ⁽¹⁾	Compensation Committee ⁽²⁾	Nomination Committee ⁽³⁾	Strategy Committee ⁽⁴⁾	Investment Committee ⁽⁵⁾	General Meeting ⁽⁶⁾
Executive Directors							
Frank Ningjun Jiang ^{(7), (8)}	6/6	N/A	N/A	1/1	N/A	N/A	1/1
Jianxin Yang ⁽⁸⁾	2/2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Non-executive Directors							
Wei Li ⁽⁷⁾	8/8	N/A	1/1	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Kenneth Walton Hitchner III	8/8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Yanling Cao ⁽⁹⁾	7/8	N/A	N/A	1/1	N/A	N/A	1/1
Xianghong Lin	8/8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Edward Hu	8/8	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors							
Paul Herbert Chew	8/8	2/2	1/1	1/1	N/A	N/A	1/1
Ting Yuk Anthony Wu	8/8	2/2	1/1	1/1	N/A	N/A	1/1
Hongbin Sun	8/8	2/2	N/A	1/1	N/A	N/A	1/1

Notes:

- (1) The Audit Committee held two meetings on May 30, 2022 and August 25, 2022, respectively, and all members of the Audit Committee attended the two meetings.
- (2) The Compensation Committee held a meeting on May 30, 2022, and all members of the Compensation Committee attended the meeting.
- (3) The Nomination Committee held a meeting on May 30, 2022, and all members of the Nomination Committee attended the meeting.
- (4) Although no Strategy Committee meeting was held during the Reporting Period, matters relating to long-term strategic positioning, development and implementation have been discussed in Board meetings.
- (5) Although no Investment Committee meeting was held during the Reporting Period, matters relating to our investment strategies and risks have been discussed in Board meetings.
- (6) The Company held only one annual general meeting on June 30, 2022 during the Reporting Period.
- (7) Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang ceased to act as the Chairman of the Board and chairman of the Nomination Committee and Dr. Wei Li took up the roles of the Chairman of the Board and chairman of the Nomination Committee with effect from May 31, 2022.
- (8) Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang ceased to act as the Chief Executive Officer, the executive Director, the chairman of the Strategy Committee and the authorised representative and Dr. Jianxin Yang took up the roles of the Chief Executive Officer, the executive Director, the chairman of the Strategy Committee and the authorised representative with effect from August 25, 2022.
- (9) Mr. Yanling Cao's resignation as a non-executive Director was effective from January 18, 2023.

Corporate Governance Report

During the Reporting Period, apart from the eight Board meetings held, the then Chairman, Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang, who was also the sole executive Director, held one meeting with the three INEDs in the absence of the non-executive Directors and senior management of the Company.

The Company held one annual general meeting on June 30, 2022 during the Reporting Period. All proposed Shareholders' resolutions put forward at the above general meeting were resolved by poll vote and were duly passed. The vote tally of each of such resolutions was set out in the Company's announcement released on the day of the annual general meeting.

Board Independence

During the Reporting Period, the Company has in place various measures and mechanisms underpinning a strong independent Board and that independent views and input are conveyed to the Board. The measures and mechanisms are kept under regular review to ensure their effectiveness and to uphold good corporate governance. The Board reviewed and considered that such mechanisms were properly implemented during 2022 and were effective, they are as follows:

- **Board and Committees' structure.** The Company has been steered by a Board, comprising a majority of non-executive Directors. Board comprises a majority of non-executive Directors and INEDs. The Chief Executive Officer is the only executive Director on the Board, and all the remaining 7 Directors, including the Chairman, are non-executive Directors or independent non-executive Directors. Separation of the role of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer ensures that there is a balance of power and authority. Other than Dr. Jianxin Yang being the chairman of the Strategy Committee, members of all governance related committees are non-executive Directors or independent non-executive Directors.
- **Appointment of Directors.** In assessing suitability of the candidates, the Nomination Committee will review their character and integrity; qualifications including professional experience, skills and knowledge; diversity in all aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background; having regard to the Board's composition, the selection criteria approved by the Board, the nomination policy and the board diversity policy.
- **Annual review of Directors' commitment and independence.** The Nomination Committee reviews annually each Director's time commitment to the Group's business. Each INED is required to inform the Stock Exchange as soon as practicable if there is any change in his or her personal particulars that may affect his or her independence. No such notification was received during the year ended December 31, 2022. The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of the INED in respect of his/her independence in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all INED are independent.
- **Conflict management.** A Director who has a material interest in any transaction, contract or arrangement shall not vote (nor shall be counted in the quorum) on any Board resolution approving the same.
- **Professional advice.** To facilitate proper discharge of their duties, all Directors have full and timely access to all the information of the Company and may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expenses.
- **Board evaluation.** The quality and efficiency of discussions at Board meetings are assessed during the annual evaluation of the Board's performance.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established the following committees: Audit Committee, Compensation Committee, Nomination Committee, Strategy Committee and Investment Committee. The committees operate in accordance with their respective terms of reference established by the Board.

Audit Committee

The Company has established the Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The Audit Committee consists of three INEDs, namely, Dr. Paul Herbert Chew, Mr. Ting Yuk Anthony Wu and Mr. Hongbin Sun. Mr. Hongbin Sun, being the chairman of the Audit Committee, holds the appropriate professional qualifications as required under Rules 3.10(2) and 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee include but are not limited to:

- to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
- to review the Company's financial and accounting policies and practices;
- to assist our Board by providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, internal control and risk management systems of our Group, overseeing the audit process and performing other duties and responsibilities as assigned by our Board; and
- to perform corporate governance duties delegated by the Board.

During the Reporting Period, the Audit Committee scheduled two meetings and all the members of the Audit Committee attended the meetings to, among other things, review the interim and annual results, review the financial statements, the risk management and internal control systems and the effectiveness of the Company's internal audit function.

Compensation Committee

The Company has established the Compensation Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The Compensation Committee consists of one non-executive Director, namely Dr. Wei Li, our Chairman, and two INEDs, namely, Dr. Paul Herbert Chew and Mr. Ting Yuk Anthony Wu. Mr. Ting Yuk Anthony Wu is the chairman of the Compensation Committee.

The primary duties of the Compensation Committee include, but are not limited to, the following: (i) making recommendations to the Board of Directors on our policy and structure for all remuneration of Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing the policy on such remuneration; (ii) determining the specific remuneration packages of all Directors and senior management; (iii) reviewing and approving performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by the Board from time to time; and (iv) reviewing and/or approving matters relating to share schemes under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

Corporate Governance Report

During the Reporting Period, the Compensation Committee scheduled one meeting and all the members of the Compensation Committee attended the meeting to, among other things, review the remuneration policy and structure for the Directors and senior management, make recommendations to the Board on determining the annual remuneration packages of the Directors and the senior management and other related matters, assess and review performance of the Directors and senior management. No material matters relating to share schemes (as defined under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules) required the Compensation Committee to review or approve. For details of our emolument policy and remuneration of our directors and senior management, please refer to the sections headed “Emolument Policy and Directors’ Remuneration” and “Remuneration of Directors and Senior Management”.

Nomination Committee

The Company has established the Nomination Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code. The Nomination Committee consists of one non-executive Director, namely, Dr. Wei Li, and three INEDs, namely, Dr. Paul Herbert Chew, Mr. Ting Yuk Anthony Wu and Mr. Hongbin Sun. Dr. Wei Li, our Chairman of the Board, is the chairman of the Nomination Committee. Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang ceased to act as chairman and member of the Nomination Committee and Dr. Wei Li took up the role of the chairman of the Nomination Committee with effect from May 31, 2022. Mr. Yanling Cao ceased to be a member of the Nomination Committee with effect from January 18, 2023.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include, without limitation, reviewing the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board, assessing the independence of INEDs and making recommendations to the Board on matters relating to the appointment of Directors.

Our Company recognizes and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to capture different talents so as to further bolster our Board’s performance. This would also enable us in achieving a sustainable and balanced development in the long run. The Board has adopted a board diversity policy during the Reporting Period in order to enhance the effectiveness of our Board and to maintain a high standard of corporate governance. We are committed to promote diversity in the Company to the extent practicable by taking into consideration a number of factors in respect of our corporate governance structure.

In 2022, we hired 168 full-time employees, of which 92 were male and 76 were female. The gender ratio in the workforce (including senior management) was approximately 6 males to 10 females. In recognizing the particular importance of gender diversity and that gender diversity at the Board level and our workforce can be improved, we are using our best endeavours to ensure the principles of board and gender diversity are integrated into our recruitment process for staff at a mid to senior level so that we will have a pipeline of potential employees (including senior management) and successors to our Board and engage more resources in training staff (particularly female staff) who have extensive and relevant experience in our business, with the aim of promoting them to the senior management or directorship of our Group. As female representation in senior roles throughout the economy and the pool of qualified females keeps growing, we expect to appoint at least one female director who would be qualified to sit on our Board no later than December 31, 2024 in compliance with the Listing Rules, subject to our Directors:

- (i) being satisfied with the competence and experience of the relevant candidate based on reasonable criteria; and
- (ii) fulfilling their fiduciary duties to act in the best interests of our Company and our Shareholders as a whole when considering the appointment. We believe that such merit-based selection process with reference to our diversity policy and the nature of our business will be in the best interests of our Company and our Shareholders as a whole.

Corporate Governance Report

We have adopted the nomination and board diversity policy in relation to the nomination, appointment, re-appointment of new Directors and the nomination procedure of the Company, which provides the factors to consider in evaluating and selecting any candidate for directorship and sets out the objective and approach to achieve and maintain diversity of our Board in order to enhance the effectiveness of our Board. Pursuant to the policy, we seek to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to, professional experience, skills, knowledge, gender, age, cultural and education background, ethnicity and length of service. We are of the view that the Company has achieved these objectives during the Reporting Period, as our Directors have a balanced mix of knowledge and skills, including knowledge and experience in the areas of business management, biotech, clinical research, biomedical research, clinical development of oncology drugs, finance, investment, auditing and accounting. They obtained degrees in various areas including medicine, immunology, chemistry, chemical physics, pathophysiology, agricultural economic management, management science and engineering, physics, business administration, economics and accounting. Furthermore, our Directors range from 47 years old to 71 years old.

We are also committed to adopting a similar approach to promote diversity of the management (including but not limited to the senior management) and at all levels of the Company to enhance the effectiveness of corporate governance of the Company as a whole. We will select potential Board candidates based on merit and his/her potential contribution to our Board while taking into account our Board Diversity Policy and other factors including but not limited to, his/her integration into our management mindset and business model and any specific requirements from time to time.

Our Nomination Committee is delegated by our Board to be responsible for compliance with relevant codes governing board diversity under the CG Code. Our Nomination Committee will continue to review the board diversity policy from time to time to ensure its continued effectiveness.

During the Reporting Period, the Nomination Committee scheduled one meeting and all the members of the Nomination Committee attended the meeting to, among other things, review structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations to the Board regarding any proposed changes, assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors, make recommendation to the Board on the re-appointment of the Directors, review the board diversity policy and training and continuing professional development for the Directors and senior management of the Company.

The director nomination procedures and process: (a) the Nomination Committee shall first review and assess factors relating to the diversity of the Board, including but not limited to professional experience, skill, knowledge and length of service, gender, age, cultural and education background, and give consideration to the candidate's willingness to devote adequate time to the Board and independence of each INED based on the requirements of the Listing Rules as amended from time to time; (b) the Nomination Committee shall then nominate suitable candidates to the Board based on the then-current and anticipated future leadership needs of the Company, with a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development of the Company; and (c) the Nomination Committee shall also monitor and review the implementation of the nomination policy, as appropriate from time to time, and will report to the Board annually.

Strategy Committee

The Company has established the Strategy Committee which consists of one executive Director, namely, Dr. Jianxin Yang, one non-executive Director, namely, Mr. Edward Hu and one INED, namely, Dr. Paul Herbert Chew. Dr. Jianxin Yang, our Chief Executive Officer and executive Director, is the chairman of the Strategy Committee. Dr. Frank Ningjun Jiang ceased to act as the chairman of the Strategy Committee and Dr. Jianxin Yang took up the role of the chairman of the Strategy Committee with effect from August 25, 2022.

The primary duties of the Strategy Committee are to review and advise on our mid to long term strategic positioning and development plans and to monitor the implementations of our development plans.

Corporate Governance Report

Although no Strategy Committee meeting was held during the Reporting Period, matters relating to long-term strategic positioning, development and implementation have been discussed in Board meetings.

Investment Committee

The Company has established the Investment Committee on May 31, 2022, which consists of two non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Edward Hu and Mr. Kenneth Walton Hitchner III, and one INED, namely, Mr. Hongbin Sun. Mr. Edward Hu is the chairman of the Investment Committee.

The primary duties of the Investment Committee include but are not limited to:

- formation of investment strategy;
- review and authorization of investment related policies and procedures, and ensure policies are strictly executed and followed;
- reviewing investment performance and advising the Board on their investment of cash, cash equivalents, financial assets, deposits, cash collateral, funds and equity shares (as applicable), taking into account of the relevant risks, necessary constraints on the deployment of the various sources and purposes of the funds to enhance the Company's investment returns;
- discussing, formulating views and advising the Board on asset allocation, selection of external portfolio investment advisor/fund manager(s) and quantum to be invested with collective investment schemes/fund managers and appointment of custodian(s);
- approval of key investment activities and to determine whether such investment is in the interests of the Company and the shareholders of the Company as a whole, including acquisition and dispossession of investments and material matters in post-investment management;
- monitoring on investment discipline, performance and post-investment management;
- other responsibilities delegated by the Board.

Although no Investment Committee meeting was held during the Reporting Period, matters relating to investment strategy and risks have been discussed in Board meetings.

Corporate Governance Function

As no corporate governance committee has been established, the Board is responsible for, among other things, formulating and reviewing the policies and practices on corporate governance of the Group and making recommendations to the Board, reviewing and monitoring the policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management, developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct applicable to employees and directors and reviewing the corporate governance compliance with the CG Code and the disclosures in the Corporate Governance Report.

The Corporate Governance Report has been reviewed by the Board in the discharge of its corporate governance function during the Reporting Period.

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

The Board delegates its powers and authorities from time to time to the Board Committees in order to ensure operational efficiency and that specific issues are being handled by personnel with the relevant expertise. The segregation of duties and responsibilities between the Board and the management has been clearly defined and provided as internal guidelines of the Company.

The types of decisions which are to be taken by the Board include those relating to:

- corporate and capital structure;
- corporate strategy;
- significant policies affecting the Company as a whole and material changes thereof;
- business plan, budgets and any subsequent material changes, material public announcements and matters referred to the Board by Board Committees;
- key financial matters;
- appointment, removal or reappointment of Board members, senior management and auditor;
- remuneration of Directors and senior management; and
- communication with key stakeholders, including Shareholders and regulatory bodies.

The types of decisions that the Board has delegated to the management include:

- approving the extension of the Group's activities not in a material manner into a new geographic location or a new business;
- approving assessing and monitoring the performance of all business units and ensuring that all necessary corrective actions have been taken;
- approving external payments up to a certain limit;
- conducting investments in line with the investment policy of the Company and under the Investment Committee's instructions;
- approving the entering into of any connected transactions not requiring disclosure under the Listing Rules;
- approving the nomination and appointment of personnel other than the member of the Board, senior management and auditor;
- approving press release concerning matters decided by the Board;
- approving any matters related to routine matters or day-to-day operation of the Group (including the entering into of any transaction not requiring disclosure under the Listing Rules and cessation of nonmaterial part of the Group's business); and
- carrying out any other duties as the Board may delegate from time to time.

Corporate Governance Report

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board takes overall responsibility for risk management and internal control systems, and is responsible for reviewing the effectiveness of these systems, evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks it is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and ensuring that the Company maintains robust and effective risk management and internal control systems (including reviewing the relevant functions), so as to safeguard shareholders' investment and the Company's assets. The Company has continued to make efforts to strengthen and improve its risk management and internal control systems as well as enhance the control procedures, so as to improve operating efficiencies and reduce operating risks.

Risk Management

We recognize that risk management is critical to the success of our business operation. Key operational risks faced by us include changes in the general market conditions and the regulatory environment of the Chinese and global pharmaceutical markets, our ability to develop, manufacture and commercialize our drug candidates, and our ability to compete with other pharmaceutical companies. We also face various market risks. In particular, we are exposed to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks that arise in the normal course of our business.

We have adopted a consolidated set of risk management policies which set out a risk management framework to identify, assess, evaluate and monitor key risks associated with our strategic objectives and remediation action plans on an on-going basis. The legal and finance departments of the Company will conduct independent review on the sufficiency and effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system. Our Audit Committee, and ultimately our Directors, will supervise the implementation of our risk management policies from time to time. The monitoring and the internal control measures of management at different levels of the Company are the first defence of risk management and internal control; the senior management (including risk management and financial control) of the Company is the second defence of risk management and internal control; the Audit Committee under the Board and legal and finance department are the third defence of risk management and internal control.

The following key principles outline our Group's approach to risk management and internal control:

Our Audit Committee will oversee and manage the overall risks associated with our business operations, including (i) reviewing and approving our risk management policy to ensure that it is consistent with our corporate objectives; (ii) reviewing and approving our corporate risk tolerance; (iii) monitoring the most significant risks associated with our business operations and our management's handling of such risks; (iv) reviewing our corporate risk in the light of our corporate risk tolerance; and (v) monitoring and ensuring the appropriate application of our risk management framework across our Group.

Our Vice President of Finance will be responsible for (i) formulating and updating our risk management policy and target; (ii) reviewing and approving major risk management issues of our Company; (iii) promulgating risk management measures; (iv) providing guidance on our risk management approach to the relevant departments in our Company; (v) reviewing the relevant departments' reporting on key risks and providing feedback; (vi) supervising the implementation of our risk management measures by the relevant departments; (vii) ensuring that the appropriate structure, processes and competences are in place across our Group; and (viii) reporting to our Audit Committee on our material risks.

Corporate Governance Report

The relevant departments in our Company, including the finance department, the legal & compliance department and the operations & human resources department, are responsible for implementing our risk management policy and carrying out our day-to-day risk management practice. In order to formalize risk management across our Group and set a common level of transparency and risk management performance, the relevant departments will (i) gather information about the risks relating to their operation or function; (ii) conduct risk assessments, which include the identification, prioritization, measurement and categorization of all key risks that could potentially affect their objectives; (iii) prepare a risk management report annually for our senior management team's review; (iv) continuously monitor the key risks relating to their operation or function; (v) implement appropriate risk responses where necessary; and (vi) develop and maintain an appropriate mechanism to facilitate the application of our risk management framework.

In order to further improve the risk management and internal control systems, establish good systems and work procedure, execute and implement work monitoring, fulfil a full work flow risk management system to achieve early prevention, and better monitor at present and subsequent follow-up and implementation of such systems, the Company has organized each functional department to review and update the various management systems of the Group from time to time.

Internal Control

Our Board is responsible for establishing our internal control system and reviewing its effectiveness. Our Audit Committee assists the Board in leading the management and overseeing the design, implementation and monitoring of the internal control systems.

During the Reporting Period, we conducted two reviews on our internal control system designed to manage the risks and uncertainties that may cause the Group's financial conditions or business performance to be materially different from the expected or historical results. Below is a summary of the internal control policies, measures and procedures we have implemented:

- We have adopted various measures and procedures regarding each aspect of our business operation, such as protection of intellectual property, environmental protection and occupational health and safety.
- We have developed standard operating procedures governing our activities including an integrated procurement-to-pay process, standardized expense accrual methodology and budgeting and tracking mechanism.
- We have established the enterprise resource planning system, an automated and standardized procedure to increase transparency and efficiency in monitoring online vendor registration and purchase requisition and online contract management.
- We provided our employees with our employee handbook and the code of conduct, as amended from time to time. To strengthen compliance awareness, we established the employee orientation program and also provide periodic internal and external compliance training to our employees as part of our employee training program.
- Our Directors (who are responsible for monitoring the corporate governance of our Group) with help from our legal advisors, conduct periodic review of our compliance status with all relevant laws and regulations.

Corporate Governance Report

- Our Audit Committee assists the Board to monitor the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems. Our Audit Committee maintains regular dialogue with the Company's external auditors and conducts review of the Company's financial statements. After completion of its internal audit, our Audit Committee made recommendations to our Directors on the appointment and removal of external auditors and rendered advice in respect of financial reporting as well as oversee internal control procedures of our Group. The Company has established a compliance committee to review grants and sponsorships and other compliance initiatives to enhance compliance awareness through daily guidance.
- Our Board evaluated the design and operating effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company and did not identify any material weaknesses as a result of the evaluation. This evaluation included *inter alia* consideration by the Board and the Audit Committee of a report prepared by an internal control consultant engaged by the Company to conduct a review of selected processes. For further information, please refer to the Company's announcement dated June 30, 2022.
- We have engaged a PRC law firm to advise us on and keep us abreast with PRC laws and regulations on a regular basis (especially for the pharmaceutical and life science sector). We will continue to arrange various trainings to be provided by external advisors from time to time when necessary and/or any appropriate accredited institution to update our Directors, senior management, and relevant employees on the latest PRC laws and regulations.
- Our Investment Committee assists the Board to deal with investment related matters, which is responsible for approving the Company's investment strategy, developing investment policies and processes, approving investment decisions and reviewing investment performance.
- We have provided trainings to senior management and the accounting and finance personnel, in particular, on further strengthening internal financial and accounting policies, preparation of comprehensive accounting memo to support the accounting basis for complex or significant transactions.
- We have adopted and circulated a detailed guideline relating to notifiable and connected transactions under the Listing Rules and arranged trainings provided by our legal advisors to the Directors, senior management and accounting and finance personnel on regular basis, on the Listing Rules, particularly in relation to the subscription of different types of financial products aiming to strengthen their understanding to identify the circumstances which are expected to trigger the announcement requirement under the Listing Rules and potential issues at an early stage to avoid the recurrence of delay in disclosure for future subscriptions of financial products should such obligations arise.
- We have adopted policies to ensure compliance with the Listing Rules when entering into any relevant potential transactions, pursuant to which, we performed and will perform size test analysis with accounting and finance personnel and consulted and will consult with the legal department and external counsel.

The Company has adopted an anti-corruption policy to promote an ethical culture with the Company, to minimize the Group's operation risks and to protect the Company and its Shareholders' interests as a whole. Such policy encourages all employees (including senior management) to report any suspicious fraudulent activities or misconducts through relevant procedures in accordance with the policy. For instance, the Company has established and will continue to maintain strict anti-corruption policies among our sales personnel and distributors in our upcoming sales and marketing activities. We will also ensure that our sales and marketing personnel comply with applicable promotion and advertising requirements, which include restrictions on promoting drugs for unapproved uses or patient populations, and limitations on industry-sponsored scientific and educational activities.

Corporate Governance Report

Our Board and senior management also strive to promote an ethical culture within our Company. We also have a whistleblowing policy that serves the purpose of establishing whistleblowing procedures for employees and other relevant external parties of our Company, in order to report and escalate any suspicious misconducts. In accordance with the policy, we protect all whistleblowers from any kind of retaliation. All the information provided by the whistleblowers will be strictly confidential.

Investment Risk Management

We may engage in short-term investments with surplus cash on hand. Our primary objective for short-term investments is to preserve principal through the minimization of both default and market risk. During the Reporting Period, our finance department, under the supervision of our Vice President of Finance, is responsible for managing our short-term investment activities. Before making a proposal to invest in wealth management products, our finance department must assess our cash flow and operational needs and capital expenditures. On May 31, 2022, the Company also established a new Investment Committee which is responsible for approving the Company's investment strategy, developing investment policies and processes, approving investment decisions and reviewing investment performance. For details, please refer to the section headed "Board Committees – Investment Committee."

We operate under a Board approved investment policy which governs the investment of our funds and is reviewed from time to time by our Board. Our investment policy only allows investment in a specific list of instruments for investment, including US government securities, US corporate securities, US municipal securities, US money bank obligations and money market funds backed by the above instruments. To ensure a diversified portfolio holding, no purchase of any single issuer can represent more than five percent of the total portfolio market value at the time of purchase, with the exception of the U.S. government, its agencies, or municipals defeased with U.S. government securities for which no limit is imposed.

Our investment strategy strives to minimize risk by reasonably and conservatively matching the maturities of the portfolio securities to anticipated operating cash requirements. Our investment decisions are made on a case-by-case basis that considers multiple factors, such as general market conditions and the anticipated benefit and potential loss of the investment.

Our portfolios to date have been required to hold only instruments with an effective final maturity of 12 months or less, with effective final maturity being defined either as the obligation of the issuer to repay principal and interest or the discretionary ability to put the security back to the issuer. The initial target range for the average maturity of our portfolio is 12 months. Our investments to date have been required to be denominated and held in U.S. dollars with readily ascertainable market value. We do not invest in any derivative securities.

Effectiveness of Risk Management and Internal Control

The Audit Committee, on behalf of the Board, continuously reviews the risk management and internal control systems. The review process comprises, among other things, meetings with management of business groups, internal audit team, legal personnel and the external auditors, reviewing the relevant work reports and information of key performance indicators, and discussing the major risks with the senior management of the Company. During the Reporting Period, among other things, the Board has reviewed the Group's financial operation and compliance controls, the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programs and budget of the Group's accounting, audit and financial reporting functions.

Corporate Governance Report

Furthermore, while the Company does not have an internal audit department, the Company has an internal audit function performed by the Board's audit committee and the senior management. Company has engaged external consultant to (i) perform audit on key functions that may impose risks (such as procurement and payment), and (ii) review and enhance internal control, risk management on investment, payment and bank account management. The Company considers that the above arrangement in place has met the requirements for an internal audit function and it will continue to assess whether there is a need to set up a standalone internal audit department to further enhance the effectiveness of the Company's internal controls. The Audit Committee has reviewed the Company's internal audit function and the internal control systems for the year ended December 31, 2022. A confirmation regarding the effectiveness of these systems has been provided to the Board for the year ended December 31, 2022.

In addition, the Board believes that the Company's accounting and financial reporting functions have been performed by staff of the appropriate qualifications and experience and that such staff receives appropriate and sufficient training and development. Through the above-mentioned series of Rectification Measures, the Company has been and will be able to achieve an effective and adequate risk management and internal control. As part of the Rectification Measures, the Board will provide trainings to senior management and the accounting and finance personnel in relation to the investment related policies and the Listing Rules, which the Board believes will enable the qualifications and experiences of the staff in the areas of accounting, internal audit and the financial reporting functions to be adequate.

Policy on the Disclosure of Inside Information

The Company has put in place an internal policy for the handling and disclosure of inside information in compliance with the SFO. The internal policy sets out the procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information in a timely manner and provides the Directors, senior management and relevant employees a general guide in monitoring information disclosure and responding to enquiries.

Control procedures have been implemented to ensure that unauthorized access and use of inside information are strictly prohibited. The Board is aware of its obligations to announce any inside information in accordance with the Listing Rules.

SHAREHOLDERS

Communication with Shareholders and Investor Relations

The Company strives to provide ready, equal, regular and timely disclosure of information that is material to the investor community. As such, the Company has developed and maintains the Shareholders' communication policy, which is available on the Company's website. In accordance with such policy, the Company works to maintain effective and on-going communication with Shareholders so that they, along with prospective investors, can exercise their rights in an informed manner based on a good understanding of the Group's operations, businesses and financial information. The annual general meeting of the Company provides opportunity for the Shareholders to communicate directly with the Directors. The Chairman of the Company and the chairmen of the Board Committees of the Company will attend the annual general meetings to answer Shareholders' questions. The Auditor will also attend the annual general meetings to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor independence. The Company also encourages Shareholders' active participation in annual general meetings and other general meetings or other proper means. To safeguard Shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution will be proposed for each issue at general meetings, including the election of individual Directors. All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be

Corporate Governance Report

voted by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange in a timely manner after each general meeting. The Company also maintains a corporate website (www.cstonepharma.com) to keep Shareholders and the investing public posted of the Company's latest business developments, final and interim results announcements, financial reports, public announcements, corporate governance policies and practices and other relevant shareholder information.

After the Board has reviewed the afore-mentioned implementation and effectiveness of the Shareholders' Communication Policy including steps taken at the annual general meeting and the handling of queries received (if any) which were conducted during the year ended 31 December 2022, we are of the view that the implementation of the Shareholders' communication policy is satisfactory and effective during the Reporting Period.

A summary of the disclosure of interests of the substantial shareholders of the Company is set out in "Report of the Directors" of this annual report.

Convening of Extraordinary General Meeting and Putting Forward Proposals

Any one or more members holding as of date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition, to require an extraordinary general meeting of the Company to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. A written requisition shall be deposited with our joint company secretaries at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong at 40th Floor, Dah Sing Financial Centre, No. 248 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting to be held within a further 21 days, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

There are no provisions in the Articles of Association or in the Cayman Companies Act for putting forward proposals of new resolutions by Shareholders at general meetings. Shareholders who wish to move forward a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting in accordance with the procedures mentioned above.

As regards to proposing a person for election as a Director, the procedures are available on the website of the Company.

Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders should direct their enquiries about their shareholdings to the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, namely, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong. Shareholders who wish to put enquiries to the Board can send their enquiries to the head office of the Company at 218 Xinghu Str., C1 Building, North Block, Suzhou Industrial Park, China or send email to ir@cstonepharma.com. Shareholders may at any time make a request for the Company's information to the extent such information is publicly available. Corporate communication of the Company will be provided to Shareholders in plain language and in both English and Chinese versions to facilitate Shareholders' understanding. Shareholders have the right to choose the language (either English or Chinese) or means of receipt of the corporate communications (in hard copy or through electronic means).

Corporate Governance Report

Dividend Policy

Subject to the Articles of Association and other applicable laws and regulations, the Company targets to formalize its dividend policy once the Group commences to have products approved for commercial sale and generate revenue from product sales. Any proposed distribution of dividends will be subject to the discretion of the Board and the approval of the Shareholders. Recommendations for distribution of dividends will be made after taking into account the results of operations, financial condition, operating requirements, capital requirements, Shareholders' interests and any other conditions that the Board may deem relevant.

As at December 31, 2022, no arrangement was reached pursuant to which the shareholders of the Company waived or agreed to waive their dividends.

JOINT COMPANY SECRETARIES

During the Reporting Period, Ms. Jeanie Lau, who resigned as the joint company secretary on July 28, 2022, Ms. Yin Kwan Ho, a Vice President of SWCS Corporate Services Group (Hong Kong) Limited, who was appointed as the joint company secretary on July 28, 2022, together with Mr. Ning He, who was the primary contact person whom Ms. Jeanie Lau and Ms. Yin Kwan Ho contacted, serve as the joint company secretaries of the Company, and each of them has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the Reporting Period and has complied with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules in relation to the professional training requirements.

Reference is made to the Company's announcement dated January 18, 2023. Mr. Ning He resigned as a joint company secretary of the Company on January 18, 2023; Ms. Weicong Ni, our secretary of the Board and head of capital markets and business planning of the Company, was appointed as a joint company secretary of the Company with effect from January 18, 2023. Ms. Weicong Ni is the primary contact person whom Ms. Yin Kwan Ho contacts. Ms. Weicong Ni will comply with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules in relation to the professional training requirements.

For more information on Ms. Weicong Ni and Ms. Yin Kwan Ho, please refer to the Company's announcement dated January 18, 2023.

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS LIABILITY INSURANCE

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance in respect of legal action against the Directors. The insurance coverage will be reviewed on an annual basis.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022, and are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement of the Independent Auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report".

Corporate Governance Report

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The remuneration for the audit and non-audit services provided by the auditors to the Group during the Reporting Period was approximately as follows:

Type of Services	Total fees paid and payable (RMB' 000)
Audit services	2,100
Non-audit services	
Interim review service	1,200
Compliance service	210
Total	3,510

Note: The Company appointed Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu, Certified Public Accountants as the external auditor for the year ended December 31, 2022. A statement by Deloitte about their reporting responsibilities for the financial statements is included in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 96 to 99 of this annual report.

CHANGE IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The Company's constitutional documents consist of the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association. The Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association have been adopted on January 30, 2019 with effect from the Listing Date. There has been no change in the Memorandum of Association and the Articles of Association during the Reporting Period.

The Listing Rules were amended by, among others, adopting a uniform set of 14 core standards for shareholder protections for issuers regardless of their place of incorporation (the "Core Standards") as set out in Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules. The Board proposes to amend the existing Articles of Association in order to conform to the Core Standards, allow the Company to convene a general meeting as an electronic meeting (also referred to as a virtual meeting) or a hybrid meeting and make some other housekeeping amendments. The proposed amendments to the Articles of Association will be presented to the Shareholders for approval as a special resolution at the AGM of the Company to be held on June 21, 2023.



Independent Auditor's Report

Deloitte.

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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CSTONE PHARMACEUTICALS

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of CStone Pharmaceuticals (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 100 to 177, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position at December 31, 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group at December 31, 2022, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the "IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including International Independence Standards (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independent Auditor's Report

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter	How our audit addressed the key audit matter
<i>Cut-off of research and development expenses</i>	
<p>During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group incurred research and development ("R&D") expenses of RMB614,162,000. The recording of outsourcing service fees to the appropriate financial reporting period and the corresponding accruals at the end of the reporting period were based on the progress of the R&D projects. Outsourcing service fees and corresponding accruals of RMB233,827,000 were accrued at December 31, 2022 as set out in note 22 to the consolidated financial statements.</p> <p>We identified the cut-off of outsourcing service fees and corresponding accruals as a key audit matter due to its significant amount and the risk of not accruing outsourcing service fees and corresponding accruals incurred for services provided by contract research organisations, contract manufacturing organisations and clinical trial centres (collectively referred to as the "Outsourced Service Providers") in the appropriate financial reporting period.</p>	<p>Our procedures in relation to the cut-off of the R&D expenses included:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Obtaining an understanding of key controls of the management's basis and assessment in relation to the accrual process of the R&D expenses, including service fees paid or payable to the Outsourced Service Providers;• For the expenses accrued in relation to the contract research organisations and contract manufacturing organisations at December 31, 2022, checking the respective contract terms and/or milestones of the relevant agreements and evaluating the completion status with reference to the progress reported by the representatives of the relevant service provider, on a sample basis, to determine whether the expenses were recorded based on the respective contract terms and the progress completed; and• For the service fees accrued in relation to clinical trial centres at December 31, 2022, testing the accrual of the clinical trial related costs, on a sample basis, with reference to the clinical trial data and terms of services.

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent Auditor's Report

OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors of the Company determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

Independent Auditor's Report

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors of the Company.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors of the Company's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Chan Chun Kit Tommy.

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
Certified Public Accountants
Hong Kong
March 15, 2023

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	NOTES	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Revenue	5	481,363	243,718
Cost of revenue		(202,985)	(106,832)
Gross profit		278,378	136,886
Other income	7	18,722	45,773
Other gains and losses	7	(776)	(134,188)
Research and development expenses		(614,162)	(1,304,945)
Selling and marketing expenses		(327,301)	(363,788)
Administrative expenses		(249,062)	(297,596)
Finance costs	8	(8,477)	(2,242)
Loss for the year	9	(902,678)	(1,920,100)
Other comprehensive income:			
<i>Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>			
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations		405	399
Total comprehensive expense for the year		(902,273)	(1,919,701)
Loss per share	13		
– Basic (RMB)		(0.77)	(1.65)
– Diluted (RMB)		(0.77)	(1.65)

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At December 31, 2022

	NOTES	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	14	138,379	154,166
Right-of-use assets	15	68,187	28,631
Prepayments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets		–	5,126
Intangible assets	16	159,699	70,539
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”)	19	3,482	3,188
Other receivables	18	21,763	52,158
		391,510	313,808
Current assets			
Account receivables	17	77,133	117,598
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	18	105,505	52,345
Financial assets measured at FVTPL	19	–	122,895
Inventories	20	22,188	61,363
Time deposits with original maturity over three months	21	483,407	860,720
Cash and cash equivalents	21	558,684	742,724
		1,246,917	1,957,645
Current liabilities			
Account and other payables and accrued expenses	22	869,366	872,871
Refund liabilities	23	25,198	8,678
Bank borrowings	24	8,567	30,700
Deferred income	25	7,000	7,451
Lease liabilities	26	36,351	13,248
		946,482	932,948
Net current assets		300,435	1,024,697
Total assets less current liabilities		691,945	1,338,505

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

At December 31, 2022

	NOTES	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Non-current liabilities			
Bank borrowings	24	218,986	115,811
Deferred income	25	1,247	1,247
Lease liabilities	26	22,386	14,439
		242,619	131,497
Net assets			
		449,326	1,207,008
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	27	802	796
Treasury shares held in the trusts	27	(2)	(11)
Reserves		448,526	1,206,223
Total equity			
		449,326	1,207,008

The consolidated financial statements on pages 100 to 177 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors of the Company on March 15, 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

Dr. Jianxin Yang

DIRECTOR

Dr. Wei Li

DIRECTOR

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Share capital RMB'000	Share premium RMB'000	Other reserves RMB'000 (note a)	Treasury shares held in the trusts RMB'000	Share- based payment reserve RMB'000	Foreign currency translation reserve RMB'000	Accumulated losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At January 1, 2021	787	8,324,313	(92,717)	(19)	554,887	(3,076)	(5,829,715)	2,954,460
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,920,100)	(1,920,100)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	399	-	399
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	399	(1,920,100)	(1,919,701)
Restricted stock units exercised under trusts (note 27)	-	148,645	(11)	11	(148,645)	-	-	-
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment (note 28)	-	-	-	-	222,671	-	-	222,671
Exercise of share options (note 28)	6	58,896	-	-	(42,072)	-	-	16,830
Shares issued to trusts and converted into treasury shares held in trusts (note 27)	3	-	-	(3)	-	-	-	-
Withhold the number of equity instruments equal to the monetary value of the employee's tax obligation (note 18)	-	(67,252)	-	-	-	-	-	(67,252)
At December 31, 2021	796	8,464,602	(92,728)	(11)	586,841	(2,677)	(7,749,815)	1,207,008
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(902,678)	(902,678)
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	-	-	405	-	405
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	405	(902,678)	(902,273)
Restricted stock units exercised under trusts (note 27)	-	87,931	(10)	10	(87,931)	-	-	-
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment (note 28)	-	-	-	-	142,062	-	-	142,062
Exercise of share options (note 28)	5	75,399	-	-	(72,875)	-	-	2,529
Shares issued to trusts and converted into treasury shares held in trusts (note 27)	1	-	-	(1)	-	-	-	-
At December 31, 2022	802	8,627,932	(92,738)	(2)	568,097	(2,272)	(8,652,493)	449,326

Note:

- (a) Other reserves included (1) share-based payment expenses recognised as deemed losses to non-controlling shareholders; (2) differences between (i) the carrying amounts of net assets attributable to the non-controlling shareholders at the date of subscription of paid in capital of 基石藥業(蘇州)有限公司 ("CStone Suzhou"), and (ii) fair value of the respective conversion features of preferred shares at the date of capital injection and the relevant proceeds received; (3) adjustment to non-controlling interests in CStone Suzhou as a result of additional capital injection by the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"); (4) effect of exercise of put option by a non-controlling shareholder to convert into the equity interests in a subsidiary to the Company's preferred shares; and (5) restricted stock units granted to several employees which were exercised.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Loss for the year	(902,678)	(1,920,100)
Adjustments for:		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	6,586	5,611
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	25,293	11,300
Amortisation of intangible assets	12,661	5,750
Net foreign exchange (gains) losses	(61,492)	69,130
Net loss on fair value changes of financial assets measured at FVTPL	62,028	64,214
Provision for inventories	7,715	21,966
Write-off of inventories	1,042	2,850
Impairment losses recognised on construction in progress	23,412	–
Share-based payment expenses	142,062	222,671
Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	–	901
Interest income	(9,672)	(9,803)
Changes in fair value of money market funds	(99)	(10)
Finance costs	8,477	2,242
Government grants income related to property, plant and equipment	(451)	(450)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	(685,116)	(1,523,728)
Decrease (increase) in account receivables	40,465	(117,598)
(Increase) decrease in deposits, prepayments and other receivables	(11,656)	88,488
Decrease (increase) in inventories	30,418	(86,179)
(Decrease) increase in account and other payables and accrued expenses	(3,100)	153,075
Decrease in deferred income	–	(6,760)
Increase in refund liabilities	16,520	8,678
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(612,469)	(1,484,024)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest received	9,672	9,692
Receipt of return from money market funds	99	10
Placement of time deposits with maturity over three months	(683,407)	(860,720)
Withdrawal of time deposits with maturity over three months	1,077,725	353,403
Payments of rental deposits	(6,540)	(349)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	–	(85,900)
Purchase of intangible assets	(101,821)	(58,110)
Prepayments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	–	(5,126)
Purchase of financial assets measured at FVTPL	–	(190,297)
Proceeds on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL	69,391	10,125
Withdrawal of pledged bank deposits	–	720
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES	365,119	(826,552)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Interest paid	(11,808)	(2,242)
New bank borrowings raised	113,042	96,215
Repayments of bank borrowings	(32,000)	(6,706)
Repayments of lease liabilities	(43,296)	(11,793)
Exercise of share options	2,529	16,830
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	28,467	92,304
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(218,883)	(2,218,272)
Effects of foreign exchange rate changes	34,843	(63,552)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	742,724	3,024,548
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	558,684	742,724



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

CStone Pharmaceuticals (the “Company”) is a public limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Stock Exchange”) since February 26, 2019. The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the corporate information section to the annual report.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company’s subsidiaries are principally engaged in research and development of highly complex biopharmaceutical products and sale of pharmaceutical products.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Renminbi (“RMB”), which is also the same as the functional currency of the Company.

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“IFRSs”)

Amendments to IFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Company and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) has applied the following amendments to IFRSs issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (the “IASB”) for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the Group’s annual periods beginning on January 1, 2022 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework
Amendment to IFRS 16	Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021
Amendments to IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use
Amendments to IAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract
Amendments to IFRSs	Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2018-2020

The application of these amendments to IFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group’s financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“IFRSs”) (continued)

New and amendments to IFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

IFRS 17 (including the June 2020 and and December 2021 Amendments to IFRS 17)	<i>Insurance Contracts</i> ¹
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	<i>Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture</i> ²
Amendments to IFRS 16	<i>Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback</i> ³
Amendments to IAS 1	<i>Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current</i> ³
Amendments to IAS 1	<i>Non-current Liabilities with Covenants</i> ³
Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS Practice Statement 2	<i>Disclosure of Accounting Policies</i> ¹
Amendments to IAS 8	<i>Definition of Accounting Estimate</i> ¹
Amendments to IAS 12	<i>Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction</i> ¹

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024

Except for the amendments to IFRSs mentioned below, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all these new and amendments to IFRSs will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

Amendments to IAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments narrow the scope of the recognition exemption of deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets in paragraphs 15 and 24 of IAS 12 Income Taxes so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

As disclosed in note 4 to the consolidated financial statements, for leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies IAS 12 requirements to the relevant assets and liabilities separately. Temporary differences on initial recognition of the relevant assets and liabilities are not recognised due to application of the initial recognition exemption.

Upon the application of the amendments, the Group will recognise a deferred tax asset (to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised) and a deferred tax liability for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with the right-of-use assets and the lease liabilities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

2. APPLICATION OF AMENDMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (“IFRSs”) (continued)

Amendments to IAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (continued)

The amendments are effective for the Group’s annual reporting period beginning on January 1, 2023. At December 31, 2022, the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities which are subject to the amendments amounted to RMB68,187,000 and RMB58,737,000, respectively, in which the Group will recognise the related deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities of RMB11,086,000 and RMB9,557,000, respectively. The cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments will be recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained earnings (or other component of equity, as appropriate) at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented.

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the “Listing Rules”) and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The directors of the Company have, at the time of approving the consolidated financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for good and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of IFRS 2 *Share-based Payment*, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with IFRS 16 *Leases*, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in IAS 2 *Inventories* or value in use in IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.1 Basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements (continued)

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

3.2 Significant accounting policies

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when “control” of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Except for granting of a license that is distinct from other promised goods or services, control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group’s performance as the Group performs;
- the Group’s performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group’s performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct good or service.

For granting of a license that is distinct from other promised goods or services, the nature of the Group’s promise in granting a license is a promise to provide a right to access the Group’s intellectual property if all of the following criteria are met:

- the contract requires, or the customer reasonably expects, that the Group will undertake activities that significantly affect the intellectual property to which the customer has rights;
- the rights granted by the license directly expose the customer to any positive or negative effects of the Group’s activities; and
- those activities do not result in the transfer of a good or a service to the customer as those activities occur.

If the criteria above are met, the Group accounts for the promise to grant a license as a performance obligation satisfied over time. Otherwise, the Group considers the grant of license as providing the customers the right to use the Group’s intellectual property and the performance obligation is satisfied at a point in time at which the license is granted.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Variable consideration

For licence fee income that contain variable consideration, the Group estimates the amount of consideration to which it will be entitled using the most likely amount, which better predicts the amount of consideration to which the Group will be entitled.

The estimated amount of variable consideration is included in the transaction price only to the extent that it is highly probable that such an inclusion will not result in a significant revenue reversal in the future when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group updates the estimated transaction price (including updating its assessment of whether an estimate of variable consideration is constrained) to represent faithfully the circumstances present at the end of the reporting period and the changes in circumstances during the reporting period.

Notwithstanding the above criteria, the Group shall recognise revenue for a sales-based or usage-based royalty promised in exchange for a licence of intellectual property only when (or as) the later of the following events occurs:

- the subsequent sale or usage occurs; and
- the performance obligation to which some or all of the sales-based or usage-based royalty has been allocated has been satisfied (or partially satisfied).

Refund liabilities

The Group recognises a refund liability if the Group expects to refund some or all of the consideration received from customers.

Sale with a right of return

For a sale of products with a right of return/exchange, the Group recognises all of the following:

- (a) revenue for the transferred products in the amount of consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled (therefore, revenue would not be recognised for the products expected to be returned);
- (b) a refund liability; and
- (c) an asset (and corresponding adjustment to cost of sales) for its right to recover products from customers and are presented as right to returned goods asset.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Leases

Definition of a lease

A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application of IFRS 16, the Group assesses whether a contract is or contains a lease based on the definition under IFRS 16 at inception or modification date, as appropriate. Such contract will not be reassessed unless the terms and conditions of the contract are subsequently changed.

The Group as a lessee

Allocation of consideration to components of a contract

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

The Group applies practical expedient not to separate non-lease components from lease component, and instead account for the lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of motor vehicles, equipment and office premises that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option. It also applies the recognition exemption for lease of low-value assets. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis or another systematic basis over the lease term.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

Right-of-use assets

The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

Right-of-use assets in which the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the underlying leased assets at the end of the lease term are depreciated from commencement date to the end of the useful life. Otherwise, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of its estimated useful life and the lease term.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Refundable rental deposits

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted under IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9") and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable.

After the commencement date, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) whenever:

- the lease term has changed or there is a change in the assessment of exercise of a purchase option, in which case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment.
- the lease payments change due to changes in market rental rates following a market rent review, in which cases the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using the initial discount rate.

The Group presents lease liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Leases (continued)

The Group as a lessee (continued)

Lease modifications

The Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if:

- the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset.

When the modified contract contains one or more additional lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component. The associated non-lease components are included in the respective lease components.

Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity (foreign currencies) are recognised at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise, except for exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currencies (continued)

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group (i.e. RMB) using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expenses items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the date of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of foreign currency translation reserve.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Any specific borrowing that remain outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale is included in the general borrowing pool for calculation of capitalisation rate on general borrowings. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable. Such grants are presented under "other income".

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Employee benefits

Retirement benefit costs

Payments to state-managed retirement benefit schemes are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

Termination benefits

A liability for a termination benefit is recognised at the earlier of when the Group entity can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when it recognises any related restructuring costs.

Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another IFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries) after deducting any amount already paid.

Share-based payments

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

Share options and restricted share units ("RSUs") granted to employees

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees (including directors of the Company) are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value of the equity-settled share-based payments determined at the grant date without taking into consideration all non-market vesting conditions is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity (share-based payment reserve). At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest based on assessment of all relevant non-market vesting conditions. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based payment reserve. For share options and RSUs that vest immediately at the date of grant, the fair value of the share options and RSUs granted is expensed immediately to profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Share-based payments (continued)

Equity-settled share-based payment transactions (continued)

Share options and restricted share units ("RSUs") granted to employees (continued)

When share options are exercised, the amount previously recognised in share-based payment reserve will be transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share-based payment reserve will continue to be held in share-based payment reserve.

When shares and RSUs granted are vested, the amount previously recognised in share-based payment reserve will be transferred to share premium.

The Group is obliged by tax laws and regulations to withhold an amount for an employee's tax obligation associated with a share-based payment which the Group is then required to transfer (normally in cash) to the tax authority on the employee's behalf. To fulfil this obligation, the terms of the Group's share-based payment arrangement permit the Group to withhold the number of equity instruments equal to the monetary value of the employee's tax obligation from the total number of equity instruments issued to the employee when the share-based payments are exercised or vest.

Such an arrangement is classified as equity-settled in its entirety, provided that the share-based payment would have been classified as equity-settled had it not included the net settlement feature.

The payment to the tax authority to settle an employee's tax obligation is accounted for as a deduction from equity, except to the extent that the payment exceeds the fair value at the net settlement date of the equity instruments withheld.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from loss before tax because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognised the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies IAS 12 *Income Taxes* requirements to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately. Temporary differences on initial recognition of the relevant right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are not recognised due to application of the initial recognition exemption. Temporary differences arising from subsequent revision to the carrying amounts of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, resulting from remeasurement of lease liabilities and lease modifications, that are not subject to initial recognition exemption are recognised on the date of remeasurement or modification.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred taxes are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are tangible assets that are held for use in the research and development or for administrative purposes (other than construction in progress as described below) are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost less subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Construction in progress is carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Costs include any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, including costs of testing whether the related assets is functioning properly and, for qualifying assets, borrowing costs capitalised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property, plant and equipment, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets other than construction in progress less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are carried at costs less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation for intangible assets with finite useful lives is recognised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Internally-generated intangible assets – research and development expenditure

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

An internally-generated intangible asset arising from development activities (or from the development phase of an internal project) is recognised if, and only if, all of the following have been demonstrated:

- the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale;
- the intention to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it;
- the ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- how the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- the availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- the ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the intangible asset during its development.

The amount initially recognised for internally-generated intangible asset is the sum of the expenditure incurred from the date when the intangible asset first meets the recognition criteria listed above. Where no internally-generated intangible asset can be recognised, development expenditure is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred.

Subsequent to initial recognition, internally-generated intangible assets are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses (if any), on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Intangible assets (continued)

Internally-generated intangible assets – research and development expenditure (continued)

An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal, or when no future economic benefits are expected from use or disposal. Gains and losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset, measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset, are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

Impairment on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets with finite useful lives to determine whether there is any indication that these assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that they may be impaired.

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

In testing a cash-generating unit for impairment, corporate assets are allocated to the relevant cash-generating unit when a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be established, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be established. The recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units to which the corporate asset belongs, and is compared with the carrying amount of the relevant cash-generating unit or group of cash-generating units.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Impairment on property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets (continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cash-generating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cash-generating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cash-generating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cash-generating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit or a group of cash-generating units) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents presented on the consolidated statement of financial position include:

- (a) cash, which comprises of cash on hand and demand deposits, excluding bank balances that are subject to regulatory restrictions that result in such balances no longer meeting the definition of cash; and
- (b) cash equivalents, which comprises of short-term (generally with original maturity of three months or less), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes.

For the purposes of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs of inventories are determined on a first-in, first-out method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of each reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material).

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for account receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with IFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both selling and collecting contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

In addition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that are required to be measured at the amortised cost or FVTOCI as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

(i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit impaired.

(ii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVTOCI or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in profit or loss includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset and is included in the "other gains and losses" line item.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit loss ("ECL") model on financial assets (including account receivables, rental deposits, other receivables, time deposits with original maturity over three months and cash at banks) which are subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessments are done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at each reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for account receivables without significant financing component.

For all other instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

(i) Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, or the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A debt instrument is determined to have low credit risk if (i) it has a low risk of default, (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a debt instrument to have low credit risk when it has an internal or external credit rating of "investment grade" as per globally understood definitions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (continued)

(i) Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

(ii) Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

(iii) Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets subject to impairment assessment under IFRS 9 (continued)

(iv) Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in profit or loss.

(v) Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL for the Group's account receivables are assessed individually.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of account receivables where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities and equity

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognised at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognised and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 3, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and underlying assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Critical judgement in applying accounting policies

The following is the critical judgement, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

Research and development expenses

Development costs incurred on the Group's drug product pipelines are capitalised and deferred only when the Group can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, the Group's intention to complete and the Group's ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the pipeline and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during the development. Development costs which do not meet these criteria are expensed when incurred. Management will assess the progress of each of the research and development projects and determine the criteria are met for capitalisation. During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2022, all development costs are expensed when incurred.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.

Estimation on refund liabilities arising from sales of pharmaceutical products

In estimating the amount of refund liabilities arising from sales of pharmaceutical products, the management of the Group has to make estimation based on its available market information and the expiration dates of the pharmaceutical products sold to estimate the number of returns using the expected value method. The estimation involves high degree of estimation and uncertainty. When the actual return rates are less than expected or more than expected, a material reversal or a material provision of refund liabilities may arise accordingly. At December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of refund liabilities is RMB25,198,000 (2021: RMB8,678,000).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives and the depreciation method in determining the related depreciation charges for its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets. This estimate is referenced to useful lives of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets of similar nature and functions in the industry. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are expected to be shorter than expected, or will write-off or write-down obsolete assets that have been abandoned or sold. At December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and intangible assets is RMB138,379,000 (2021: RMB154,166,000), RMB68,187,000 (2021: RMB28,631,000) and RMB159,699,000 (2021: RMB70,539,000) as disclosed in notes 14, 15 and 16, respectively.

Estimated impairment of construction in progress

Construction in progress is stated at costs less accumulated impairment, if any. In determining whether an asset is impaired, the Group has to exercise judgement and make estimation, particularly in assessing: (1) whether an event has occurred or any indicators that may affect the asset value; and (2) whether the carrying amount of an asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, in the case of fair value less costs of disposal, the fair value estimation of the related construction in progress. Changing the assumptions and estimates, including the fair value of the related construction in progress, could materially affect the recoverable amounts.

At December 31, 2022, the carrying amounts of construction in progress subject to impairment assessment is RMB128,350,000, after taking into account the impairment losses of RMB23,412,000 in respect of construction in progress that have been recognised. Details of the impairment of construction in progress are disclosed in note 14.



Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

5. REVENUE

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Types of goods or services		
Sales of pharmaceutical products	364,299	162,764
License fee income	87,268	80,954
Royalty income	29,796	–
	481,363	243,718
Timing of revenue recognition		
A point in time	481,363	243,718

Sales of pharmaceutical products

For the sale of pharmaceutical products, revenue is recognised when control of the goods has been transferred, being when the goods have been delivered to the specified location designated by the customers. Following delivery, the customers have the primary responsibility when selling the goods and bear the risks of obsolescence and loss in relation to the goods. Account receivable is recognised by the Group when the goods are delivered to customers as this represents the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time is required before payment is due. The normal credit term is 60 days upon delivery. Based on the Group's sales contract with customers, the customers can request for the return/exchange of pharmaceutical products within 6 months prior to the expiry of the pharmaceutical products.

License fee income

The Group provides license of its patented intellectual property ("IP") or commercialisation license to customers and revenue is recognised when the customers obtain rights to use the underlying IP or license. License fee income is recognised at a point of time upon the customer obtains the right to use the IP and license.

The consideration for license comprises a fixed element (and upfront payment) and variable elements (including but not limited to development milestones and commercial milestone).

Royalty income

The Group recognised revenue for a sales-based royalty promised in exchange for a licence of intellectual property when the subsequent sale occurs.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has been operating in one reportable segment, being the research and development of highly complex biopharmaceutical products, sale of pharmaceutical products and provide license of its IP or commercialisation license to customers.

The Group's chief operating decision maker ("CODM") has been identified as the chief executive of the Group. For the purpose of resource allocation and performance assessment, the CODM reviews the overall results and financial position of the Group prepared based on the same accounting policies as set out in note 3 as a whole.

Geographical information

Substantially, all of the Group's operation and non-current assets are located in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). The geographical information of the Group's revenue, determined based on geographical location of the registered office of the customers, during the year is as follows:

Geographical markets

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
The PRC (excluding Hong Kong and Taiwan)	476,527	243,718
Others	4,836	–
	481,363	243,718

Information about major customers

Revenue from the customers of the corresponding years contributing over 10% of the total sales of the Group are as follow:

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Customer A	287,780	158,941
Customer B	–	49,057
Customer C	97,064	31,897
Customer D	73,296	–

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

7. OTHER INCOME/OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

Other income

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Bank and other interest income	9,672	9,803
Government grants income (note)	8,639	35,970
Others	411	–
	18,722	45,773

Note:

Government grants include subsidies from the PRC government which are specifically for (i) the capital expenditure incurred for plant and machinery and is recognised over the useful life of the related assets; and (ii) other government grants related to income that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

Other gains and losses

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Net loss on fair value changes of financial assets measured at FVTPL (note 19)	(62,028)	(64,214)
Net gain on fair value of money market funds (note 21)	99	10
Net foreign exchange gains (losses)	61,492	(69,130)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	–	(901)
Others	(339)	47
	(776)	(134,188)

8. FINANCE COSTS

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Interest on lease liabilities	4,265	1,254
Interest on bank borrowings	7,543	3,871
	11,808	5,125
Less: amounts capitalised in the cost of qualifying assets	(3,331)	(2,883)
	8,477	2,242

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

9. LOSS FOR THE YEAR

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Loss for the year has been arrived at after charging:		
Depreciation of		
Property, plant and equipment	6,586	5,611
Right-of-use assets	35,752	11,300
Amortisation of intangible assets	12,661	5,750
Total depreciation and amortisation	54,999	22,661
Less: amounts capitalised in the cost of qualifying assets	(10,459)	–
Total depreciation and amortisation charged to profit or loss	44,540	22,661
Directors' emoluments (note 10)	83,640	120,698
Other staff costs:		
Salaries and other allowances	275,206	262,551
Performance related bonus	86,381	75,904
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	55,896	49,745
Share-based payment expenses	67,690	109,393
	485,173	497,593
	568,813	618,291
Auditor's remuneration	2,100	1,620
Impairment losses recognised on construction in progress (included in research and development expenses)	23,412	–
Write-down of inventories (included in cost of revenue)	8,757	24,816
Cost of inventories recognised as cost of revenue	91,754	47,797

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

10. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS

Directors and chief executive

Details of the emoluments paid or payable by the entities comprising the Group to the directors and chief executive officer of the Company (including emoluments for services as employee/directors of the group entities prior to becoming the directors of the Company) for their services during the year, disclosed pursuant to the applicable Listing Rules and Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, are as follows:

Year ended December 31, 2022

	Fee RMB'000	Basic salaries, housing allowances, other allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000	Performance related bonus RMB'000	Non-cash share-based payment expense RMB'000	Retirement benefit scheme contributions RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Executive directors:						
Jiang Frank Ningjun ("Dr. Jiang") (note a)	-	2,539	-	59,356	-	61,895
Yang Jianxin ("Dr. Yang") (note b)	-	3,138	2,111	14,886	-	20,135
Non-executive directors:						
Li Wei	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cao Yanling	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lin Xianghong	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kenneth Walton Hitchner III (note e)	269	-	-	130	-	399
Edward Hu (note f)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors:						
Chew Paul Herbert	269	-	-	-	-	269
Wu Ting Yuk Anthony	673	-	-	-	-	673
Sun Hongbin	269	-	-	-	-	269
	1,480	5,677	2,111	74,372	-	83,640

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

10. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

Directors and chief executive (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

	Fee RMB'000	Basic salaries, housing allowances, other allowances and benefits in kind RMB'000	Performance related bonus RMB'000	Non-cash share-based payment expense RMB'000	Retirement benefit scheme contributions RMB'000	Total RMB'000
Executive director:						
Dr. Jiang	–	4,288	1,967	113,267	–	119,522
Non-executive directors:						
Zhao Qun (note c)	–	–	–	–	–	–
Li Wei	–	–	–	–	–	–
Chen Lianyong (note d)	–	–	–	–	–	–
Cao Yanling	–	–	–	–	–	–
Lin Xianghong	–	–	–	–	–	–
Kenneth Walton Hitchner III (note e)	4	–	–	11	–	15
Edward Hu (note f)	–	–	–	–	–	–
Independent non-executive directors:						
Chew Paul Herbert	258	–	–	–	–	258
Wu Ting Yuk Anthony	645	–	–	–	–	645
Sun Hongbin	258	–	–	–	–	258
	1,165	4,288	1,967	113,278	–	120,698

Notes:

- Dr. Jiang resigned as executive director and the chief executive officer of the Company on August 25, 2022.
- Dr. Yang was appointed as executive director and the chief executive officer of the Company on August 25, 2022.
- Zhao Qun resigned as a non-executive director of the Company on December 10, 2021.
- Chen Lianyong resigned as a non-executive director of the Company on July 9, 2021.
- Kenneth Walton Hitchner III was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company on December 10, 2021.
- Edward Hu was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company on July 9, 2021.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

10. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

Directors and chief executive (continued)

The executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company and the Group.

The non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company and its subsidiaries, if applicable.

The independent non-executive directors' emoluments shown above were for their services as directors of the Company.

There were no arrangements under which a director of the Company or the chief executive officer waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during both years.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, except for the receivables due from a director as disclosure in note 18, there are no loans, quasi-loans or other dealings in favour of the directors of the Company, their controlled bodies corporate and connected entities.

There are no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Company's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of both years or at any time during the reporting periods.

During the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2022, no consideration was provided to or receivable by third parties for making available service of directors of the Company.

Employees

The five highest paid employees of the Group included two (2021: one) directors of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022 with details of their emoluments set out above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2021: four) employees are as follows:

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Basic salaries, housing allowances, other allowances and benefits in kind	7,062	9,990
Performance related bonus	4,025	5,940
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	375	85
Total cash compensation	11,462	16,015
Non-cash share-based payment expenses	10,322	65,903
	21,784	81,918

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

10. DIRECTORS', CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (continued)

Employees (continued)

The emoluments (including share-based payment expenses) of these employees (excluding the directors of the Company) are within the following bands:

Emolument bands (Hong Kong dollar ("HK\$"))	Number of individuals	
	2022	2021
5,500,001 to 6,000,000	1	–
6,500,001 to 7,000,000	1	–
12,000,001 to 12,500,000	–	1
12,500,001 to 13,000,000	1	–
22,500,001 to 23,000,000	–	1
31,000,001 to 31,500,000	–	1
33,500,001 to 34,000,000	–	1
	3	4

Performance related bonus is determined by reference to the duties and responsibilities of the relevant individual within the Group and the Group's performance.

Certain employees and directors of the Company were granted share options or RSUs in respect of their services to the Group. Details of the share-based payment transactions are set out in note 28.

No emoluments were paid by the Group to the directors of the Company or the five highest paid individuals for both years as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

11. DIVIDENDS

No dividend was paid or declared by the Company during the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2022, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period.

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

The Company is tax exempt under the laws of the Cayman Islands.

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime in Hong Kong, the first HK\$2 million of profits sourced in Hong Kong of the qualifying group entity will be taxed at 8.25%, and profits above HK\$2 million will be taxed at 16.5%. No Hong Kong profit tax was provided as the Group has no assessable profit subject to Hong Kong profit tax for both years.

Under the law of the PRC on Enterprise Income Tax (the "EIT Law") and implementation regulations of the EIT Law, the statutory tax rate of the Company's PRC subsidiaries is 25% for both years.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

CStone Suzhou has been accredited as a “High and New Technology Enterprise” by the Science and Technology Bureau of Jiangsu Province and relevant authorities, and has been registered with the local tax authorities for enjoying the reduced 15% Enterprise Income Tax (“EIT”) rate from 2022 to 2025. Accordingly, the expiry of CStone Suzhou’s tax loss is extended from a period of 5 years to 10 years in the current year.

Under the Treasury Law Amendment (Enterprise Tax Plan Base Rate Entities) Bill 2017 of Australia, corporate entities who qualify a small business entity are eligible for the lower corporate tax rate at 27.5%. CStone Pharmaceuticals Australia Pty, Ltd. (“CStone Australia”) is qualified as small business entity and is subject to a corporate tax rate of 27.5% for both years.

Under the US Tax Cuts and Jobs Act, the US corporate income tax rate has charged at flat rate of 21%.

Singapore profits tax has been provided at the rate of 17% on the estimated assessable profits arising in Singapore for both years.

The income tax expense for the year can be reconciled to the loss before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Loss before tax	(902,678)	(1,920,100)
Tax charge at the PRC EIT rate of 25%	(225,670)	(480,025)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	42,739	206,858
Effect of research and development expenses that are additionally deducted (<i>note</i>)	(91,180)	(147,636)
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	279,629	416,402
Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(13,187)	–
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences not recognised	7,782	6,204
Utilisation of deductible temporary differences previously not recognised	(113)	(1,803)
	–	–

Note: Pursuant to Caishui 2018 circular No. 99, CStone Suzhou enjoyed super deduction of 175% on qualifying research and development expenditures for both years.

At December 31, 2022, the Group has unused tax losses of RMB6,899,367,000 (2021: RMB5,837,502,000) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the tax losses due to the unpredictability of future profit streams.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

12. INCOME TAX EXPENSE (continued)

The unused tax losses will be expired as follows:

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
2022	–	329,104
2023	120,622	849,641
2024	200,405	1,396,442
2025	308,054	1,499,997
2026	421,345	1,503,888
2027	528,894	–
2028	729,019	–
2029	1,196,036	–
2030	1,191,943	–
2031	1,102,659	–
2032	767,377	–
Indefinite (note)	333,013	258,430
	6,899,367	5,837,502

Note: At December 31, 2022, tax losses of RMB333,013,000 (2021: RMB258,430,000) is subjected to confirmation by the relevant tax authorities.

At December 31, 2022, the Group has deductible temporary differences of RMB64,190,000 (2021: RMB33,514,000), mainly arising from the impairment of construction in progress, write-down of inventories and deferred income. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in relation to such deductible temporary differences as it is not probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

13. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted loss per share for the year is as follows:

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022	2021
Loss (RMB'000)		
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	(902,678)	(1,920,100)
Number of shares ('000)		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	1,172,839	1,165,209

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share for both years has considered the RSUs that have been vested but not yet registered (note 28) but excluded the treasury shares held in trusts of the Company (note 27).

Diluted loss per share for both years did not assume the exercise of share options awarded under the employee stock option and the vesting of unvested RSUs (note 28) as their inclusion would be anti-dilutive.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold improvements <i>RMB'000</i>	Plant and machinery <i>RMB'000</i>	Furniture, fixtures and equipment <i>RMB'000</i>	Construction in progress <i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
COST					
At January 1, 2021	19,851	9,785	6,786	21,483	57,905
Additions	1,747	90	2,284	117,190	121,311
Disposals	(1,286)	-	-	-	(1,286)
At December 31, 2021	20,312	9,875	9,070	138,673	177,930
Additions	963	-	159	13,089	14,211
At December 31, 2022	21,275	9,875	9,229	151,762	192,141
DEPRECIATION AND IMPAIRMENT					
At January 1, 2021	10,767	3,589	4,182	-	18,538
Provided for the year	2,644	1,774	1,193	-	5,611
Eliminated on disposals	(385)	-	-	-	(385)
At December 31, 2021	13,026	5,363	5,375	-	23,764
Provided for the year	3,716	1,779	1,091	-	6,586
Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss	-	-	-	23,412	23,412
At December 31, 2022	16,742	7,142	6,466	23,412	53,762
CARRYING VALUES					
At December 31, 2022	4,533	2,733	2,763	128,350	138,379
At December 31, 2021	7,286	4,512	3,695	138,673	154,166

The above items of property, plant and equipment, except for construction in progress, after taking into account the residual values, if any, are depreciated on a straight-line basis at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold improvements	Shorter of the lease term or 33.3%
Plant and machinery	18%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	9%-30%

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

In the current year, in view that CStone Suzhou Factory (“Facilities”) is still in the trial operation stage and there is no clear demand for large-scale production, after considering the cost and benefits of operating the Facilities at the present, the management of the Group had decided to temporary suspended the operation of the Facilities. The directors of the Company have performed and impairment assessment of the Facilities and consequently determined an impairment of the related construction in progress amounting to RMB23,412,000. The impairment loss has been included in profit or loss in the research and development expenses line item. The directors of the Company have estimated the recoverable amount of the construction in progress using the fair value less costs of disposal.

If the fair value less costs of disposal of the abovementioned construction in progress is reduced by 10%, the recoverable amount of the construction in progress and the amount of impairment loss would be further reduced/increased by RMB12,835,000.

15. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	Office Premises <i>RMB'000</i>	Equipment and vehicles <i>RMB'000</i>	Total <i>RMB'000</i>
Carrying Amounts			
At January 1, 2021	26,979	196	27,175
Additions	12,756	–	12,756
Depreciation charge for the year	(11,104)	(196)	(11,300)
At December 31, 2021	28,631	–	28,631
Additions	75,308	–	75,308
Depreciation charge for the year	(35,752)	–	(35,752)
At December 31, 2022	68,187	–	68,187

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

15. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (continued)

	For the year ended December 31,	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Expense relating to short-term leases	1,119	2,981
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets, excluding short-term leases of low value assets	312	350
Total cash outflow for leases	48,992	16,378

For both years, the Group leases various office premises, equipment and vehicles for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed term of 12 to 37 months (2021: 6 to 37 months). Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

The Group regularly entered into short-term leases for office premises and vehicles. At December 31, 2021 and 2022, the portfolio of short-term leases is similar to the portfolio of short-term leases to which the short-term lease expense disclosed above.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group entered into new leases with lease liabilities amounted to RMB74,346,000 (2021: RMB12,623,000) which were non-cash transactions of the Group.

Restrictions or covenants on leases

In addition, lease liabilities of RMB58,737,000 are recognised with related right-of-use assets of RMB68,187,000 at December 31, 2022 (2021: lease liabilities of RMB27,687,000 and related right-of-use assets of RMB28,631,000). The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Computer software RMB'000	In-licences RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At January 1, 2021	9,750	–	9,750
Additions	84	69,696	69,780
At December 31, 2021	9,834	69,696	79,530
Additions	120	101,701	101,821
At December 31, 2022	9,954	171,397	181,351
AMORTISATION			
At January 1, 2021	3,241	–	3,241
Provided for the year	2,601	3,149	5,750
At December 31, 2021	5,842	3,149	8,991
Provided for the year	2,507	10,154	12,661
At December 31, 2022	8,349	13,303	21,652
CARRYING VALUES			
At December 31, 2022	1,605	158,094	159,699
At December 31, 2021	3,992	66,547	70,539

The above intangible assets have finite useful lives and are amortised on a straight-line basis as follows:

Computer software	10% – 33% per annum
In-licenses	7% – 9% per annum

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group capitalised milestone payments from the license in arrangements with an independent third party partners amounted to USD16,000,000 (equivalent to RMB101,701,000) (2021: USD10,810,000 (equivalent to RMB69,696,000)).

At December 31, 2022, out of the in-licenses capitalised as intangible assets, USD5,000,000 (equivalent to RMB31,741,000) (2021: nil) relates to a research milestone payment made which is still in the early research stage and thus such amount had yet to commence amortisation.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

The management of the Group conducted impairment assessment on the Group's capitalised in-licenses costs. The recoverable amounts have been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections which are based on financial forecasts approved by the directors of the Company at December 31, 2022. The management of the Group did not assume any growth to the cash flows subsequent to the forecast period. The pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections is 11% and reference to the average discount rate with similar business risk and after taking into account the risk premium in connection with the related research and development efforts. Apart from the discount rate as stated above, the estimation of cash inflows/outflows include budgeted sales and gross margin which are based on management's expectation for the market development. The recoverable amount is significantly above the carrying amount of the Group's capitalised in-licenses costs. The management of the Group believes that any reasonably possible change in any of these assumptions would not result in impairment.

17. ACCOUNT RECEIVABLES

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Account receivables	77,133	117,598

The Group allows an average credit period of 60 days to its customers.

The following is an aged analysis of account receivables presented based on invoice dates at the end of the reporting period:

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
0 – 60 days	46,563	117,598
61 – 90 days	258	–
> 90 days	30,312	–
	77,133	117,598

At December 31, 2022, included in the Group's account receivables balance are debtors with aggregate carrying amount of RMB30,570,000 (2021: nil) which are past due as at the reporting date. Out of the past due balances and except for account receivables with corresponding refund liabilities recognised, RMB5,114,000 (2021: nil) has been past due 90 days or more and is not considered as in default as they are due from counterparties with good reputation and lower risk of default. Details of impairment assessment of account receivables are set out in note 33b.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

18. DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Rental deposits	11,006	4,466
Prepayments	18,631	6,446
Receivable from redemption of investment in fund linked note (note 19)	826	–
Receivables from a director of the Company and key management personnel (note a)	–	23,309
Value-added tax recoverable	14,174	47,867
Reimbursement from licensee	43,959	5,575
Receivable on behalf of licensee (note b)	28,962	–
Others	9,710	16,840
	127,268	104,503
Analysed as:		
Non-current	21,763	52,158
Current	105,505	52,345
	127,268	104,503

Notes:

- (a) At December 31, 2021, the balance mainly represented the amounts due from a director of the Company and several key management personnel in respect of withholding tax for employee's individual income tax associated with vested RSUs. The receivables from directors of the Company and key management personnel were unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the maximum outstanding balance of amount due from Dr. Jiang is RMB27,391,000 (2021: RMB20,017,000). The receivables due from Dr. Jiang at December 31, 2021 amounted to HK\$24,219,000 (equivalent to RMB21,281,000) was fully settled in cash in January 2022.
- (b) Amounts represented the balance in which the Group is entitled to receive on behalf of the licensee pursuant to the agreement with the licensee.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

19. FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FVTPL

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Investment in fund linked note (<i>note a</i>)	–	122,895
Convertible note (<i>note b</i>)	3,482	3,188
	3,482	126,083
Analysed as:		
Non-current	3,482	3,188
Current	–	122,895
	3,482	126,083

Notes:

- (a) In July 2021, the Group invested in a fund linked note issued by a financial institution (the "Investment") for a settlement amount of HK\$232,830,000 (equivalent to RMB193,838,000). In November 2021, the Group early rollovered the Investment with a new maturity date of October 31, 2022.

The Investment was non-cash equivalent and non-principal protected whose return was linked to the investment in the class A shares of a segregated portfolio held under a segregated portfolio company registered in the Cayman Islands (the "Fund"). The Fund invested in portfolio of (1) shares and options of companies listed on the exchange in Mainland China, Hong Kong and the United States of America, (2) class X units of a private equity and (3) cash and other current assets. The class A shares of the Fund had a higher seniority of the principal balance upon redemption over the class C shares of the Fund.

For the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2022, the Group recognised loss on fair value changes arising from the Investment amounted to RMB64,214,000 and RMB62,028,000, respectively, and were included in other gains and losses as disclosed in note 7.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group redeemed such Investment at an amount of HK\$76,925,000 (equivalent to RMB70,217,000) in cash and the Group had taken over the 1,000,000 class X units of a private equity which the management of the Group assessed its fair value is nil after considering the expected return of the underlying investments. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group received HK\$76,000,000 (equivalent to RMB69,391,000) from such financial institution and the remaining balance of HK\$925,000 (equivalent to RMB826,000) at December 31, 2022 is included in "Receivable from the redemption of investment in fund linked note" as set out in note 18. Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the Group received the remaining balance of HK\$925,000 (equivalent to RMB826,000).

- (b) In November 2021, the Group subscribed a convertible note at a cash consideration of USD500,000 (equivalent to RMB3,188,000 and RMB3,482,000 at December 31, 2021 and 2022) issued by a unlisted entity. The convertible note carried at a fixed coupon rate of 5% per annum and will be repaid on demand. In the event that the unlisted entity issues and sells equity of the entity (the "Qualified Financing") to investors, the outstanding principal and all accrued interest thereon shall automatically convert into ordinary shares by a conversion price equal to eighty percent (80%) of the price paid by investors in the Qualified Financing. Otherwise the convertible note is automatically convertible into ordinary shares of the entity at a conversion price equal to the quotient of USD10,000,000 divided by the aggregate number of outstanding ordinary shares of the unlisted entity as of the scheduled maturity date (assuming full conversion or exercise of all convertible and exercisable securities then outstanding other than the convertible note).

The convertible note could only be executed at the maturity date which is 3 years after the acquisition date with no early redemption right. The Group intends to hold the convertible note to either Qualified Financing or maturity; therefore, the convertible note is classified as non-current assets.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

20. INVENTORIES

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Finished goods	22,188	61,363

21. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND TIME DEPOSITS

Time deposits with original maturity over three months

The Group has time deposits of US\$45,000,000 (equivalent to RMB313,407,000) (2021: US\$135,000,000 (equivalent to RMB860,720,000)), and RMB170,000,000 (2021: nil) at December 31, 2022 with original maturity of more than 3 months which carried effective interest rates ranging from 1.45% – 4.30% (2021: 0.40% – 0.50%) per annum. These time deposits will mature within 12 months.

Cash and cash equivalents

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Cash at banks	414,938	440,046
Cash on hand	71	190
Cash equivalents		
– Money market funds (<i>note</i>)	3,852	11,217
– Time deposits with original maturity less than three months	139,823	291,271
	558,684	742,724

Note: Amount represents investments in a public debt constant net asset value money market fund and low volatility net asset value money market fund.

Cash and cash equivalents include time deposits with original maturity less than three months and cash at banks for the purpose of meeting the Group's short term cash commitments, which carry interests at market rates per annum ranging as follows:

	2022	2021
Time deposits	1.25% – 4.30%	0.36% – 2.10%
Cash at banks	0.00% – 0.75%	0.00% – 0.50%

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

21. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND TIME DEPOSITS (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

The Group's time deposits and cash and cash equivalents denominated in currencies other than functional currencies of the relevant group entities at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
USD	426,765	1,332,858
HK\$	88,951	3,234

Details of impairment assessment of time deposits, cash at banks and investments in money market funds are set out in note 33(b).

22. ACCOUNT AND OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Account payables	290,414	414,293
Accrued expenses		
– Research and development (note a)	233,827	210,132
– Royalty fees	40,881	29,194
– Selling and marketing	11,835	26,177
– Legal and professional fees	2,520	4,113
– Others	23,497	53,087
Payable to a licensee (note b)	120,771	–
Staff payroll payables	88,309	77,951
Other tax payable (note c)	5,819	24,288
Other payables	51,493	33,636
	578,952	458,578
	869,366	872,871

Notes:

- (a) Amount mainly included accrued service fees to outsourced service providers including contract research organisations, contract manufactory organisations and clinical trial centres.
- (b) Amount represented the balance the Group had received and/or receivable on behalf of the licensee and is yet to transfer to the licensee.
- (c) Amount included withholding tax payable for employee's individual income tax associated which were fully settled subsequent to the end of the reporting period.

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

22. ACCOUNT AND OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUED EXPENSES (continued)

The credit period on account payables is 0 to 90 days. Ageing analysis of the Group's account payables based on invoice dates at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>	2021 <i>RMB'000</i>
0 – 30 days	96,629	359,092
31 – 60 days	22,736	18,096
61 – 90 days	55,073	4,948
> 90 days	115,976	32,157
	290,414	414,293

23. REFUND LIABILITIES

	2022 <i>RMB'000</i>	2021 <i>RMB'000</i>
Refund liabilities arising from the sales of pharmaceutical products	25,198	8,678

The refund liabilities relate to customers' right to return/exchange products within 6 months prior to expiry of the pharmaceutical products. At the point of sale, a refund liability and a corresponding adjustment to revenue is recognised for those products expected to be returned/exchanged. The Group based on its available market information and the expiration dates of the pharmaceutical products sold to estimate the number of exchanges using the expected value method.

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

24. BANK BORROWINGS

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Unsecured and unguaranteed (<i>note a</i>)	100,000	22,933
Secured and unguaranteed (<i>note b</i>)	127,553	123,578
	227,553	146,511
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
The carrying amounts of the above bank borrowing are repayable*:		
Within 1 year	8,567	30,700
Within a period of more than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	218,986	7,767
Within a period of more than 2 years but not exceeding 5 years	–	108,044
	227,553	146,511
Less: Amounts due within 12 months shown under current liabilities	(8,567)	(30,700)
Amounts show under non-current liabilities	218,986	115,811

* The amounts due are based on scheduled repayment dates set out in the loan agreements.

Notes:

- a. At December 31, 2022, the Group drawn down RMB100,000,000 (2021: RMB22,933,000) which the bank borrowing is unsecured, unguaranteed and carried at variable interest rate (also being the effective interest rate) at Loan Prime Rate (“LPR”) less 65 basis points per annum (2021: LPR plus 105 basis points per annum), for the purpose of working capital.
- b. At December 31, 2022, the Group drawn down RMB127,553,000 (2021: RMB123,578,000) which the bank borrowing is unguaranteed and carried at a fixed rate of 4.9% per annum, for the purpose of the construction of the Facilities. Such bank borrowing will be secured by Facilities upon its construction completion. Subsequent to the end of the reporting period, the construction of the Facilities is completed and it is secured to the financial institution.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

25. DEFERRED INCOME

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Government subsidies received related to acquisition of property, plant and equipment (<i>note a</i>)	1,247	1,698
Other subsidies (<i>note b</i>)	7,000	7,000
	8,247	8,698
Analysed as:		
Non-current	1,247	1,247
Current	7,000	7,451
	8,247	8,698

Notes:

- (a) In prior years, the Group received government subsidies for capital expenditure incurred for the plant, machineries and spare parts. The amounts are deferred and amortised over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.
- (b) In prior years, the Group received government subsidies towards research and development projects. Certain conditions have to be fulfilled until these subsidies can be regarded as fully granted. At December 31, 2021 and 2022, the relevant conditions have been fully fulfilled but such grant is subject to the approval of the relevant regulatory authorities and therefore, the government subsidies were deferred.

26. LEASE LIABILITIES

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Lease liabilities payable:		
Within one year	36,351	13,248
Within a period of more than 1 year but not exceeding 2 years	22,386	11,539
Within a period of more than 2 years but not exceeding 5 years	–	2,900
	58,737	27,687
Less: Amounts due for settlement within 12 months shown under current liabilities	(36,351)	(13,248)
Amounts due for settlement after 12 months shown under non-current liabilities	22,386	14,439

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities is 5.34% per annum for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2022.

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

27. SHARE CAPITAL/TREASURY SHARES HELD IN THE TRUSTS

	Number of shares	Share capital <i>US\$'000</i>
Ordinary shares		
Ordinary shares of USD0.0001 each		
Authorised		
As January 1, 2021, and December 31, 2021 and 2022	2,000,000,000	200

	Number of shares	Amount <i>USD'000</i>	Equivalent amount of ordinary shares <i>RMB'000</i>
Issued and fully paid			
At January 1, 2021	1,174,061,306	118	787
Exercise of share options	8,788,150	2	6
Issuance of shares to a trust	4,273,870	–*	3
At December 31, 2021	1,187,123,326	120	796
Exercise of share options	10,499,694	1	5
Issuance of shares to a trust	1,120,992	–*	1
At December 31, 2022	1,198,744,012	121	802

* Amount less than USD1,000

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

27. SHARE CAPITAL/TREASURY SHARES HELD IN THE TRUSTS (continued)

Treasury shares held in the trusts:

	Number of treasury shares	Amount USD'000	Equivalent amount of treasury shares RMB'000
At January 1, 2021	26,704,288	3	19
Issuance of shares to a trust	4,273,870	—*	3
RSUs exercised under the trusts	(16,394,081)	(2)	(11)
At December 31, 2021	14,584,077	1	11
Issuance of shares to a trust	1,120,992	—*	1
RSUs exercised under the trusts	(15,039,999)	(1)	(10)
At December 31, 2022	665,070	—*	2

* Amount less than USD1,000

In July 2019, the Company and Computershare Hong Kong Trustees Limited (the “Computershare Trustees”), an independent third party, set up the 2019 CStone Share Incentivisation Trust for Non-Connected Persons which entered into a trust deed pursuant to which the Computershare Trustees has agreed to act as the trustee to administer the Pre-IPO Incentivisation Plan (as defined in note 28(a)) and to hold the ordinary shares under the Pre-IPO Incentivisation Plan through the Computershare Trustees. Since the Company has control over the trust, the shares held in the trust are accounted for as treasury shares of the Company.

28. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

(a) Employee stock option plan (“ESOP”)

The Pre-IPO ESOP

In 2016, the Group granted share options under its employee stock option plan (the “Pre-IPO ESOP”) for the purpose of incentivising, retaining and rewarding certain employees and board members of the Company or its subsidiaries (“Eligible Persons”) for their contributions to the Group’s business, and to align their interests with those of the Group.

The directors of the Company adopted and approved such Pre-IPO ESOP on July 7, 2017, with the intent at that time that the directors of the Company delegated full authority to the then executive director of the Company to grant option awards in accordance with the Pre-IPO ESOP before Pre-IPO ESOP was approved and adopted by the directors of the Company. The overall limit on the number of underlying shares which may be delivered under the plan was 24,010,293 shares of the Company, subject to any adjustments for other dilutive issuances.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

28. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(a) Employee stock option plan ("ESOP") (continued)

The Pre-IPO ESOP (continued)

Except as provided otherwise in the grant letter or offer in any other form by the directors of the Company, the vesting schedule of the share options shall be a sixty months vesting schedule consisting of a cliff vesting of twenty percent after twelve months from the vesting commencement date and, thereafter, monthly vesting of equal instalments over the remaining forty-eight months.

On August 3, 2018, the board of directors of the Company resolved to adopt and approved the amended and restated employee equity plan (the "Pre-IPO Incentivisation Plan") for the purpose of granting RSUs and other equity incentive permitted by the Pre-IPO Incentivisation Plan to the employees, directors of the Company, consultants and advisors of the Company. Further on August 14, 2018, the board of directors of the Company resolved the change of vesting schedule and updated the outstanding options and RSUs with the new vesting schedule under the Pre-IPO Incentivisation Plan, whereas 25% of the shares will be vested on the first anniversary of the original vesting commencement date, and the remaining shares will be vested with equal monthly instalments over the following thirty-six months.

The share options and RSUs shall be restricted to the eligible employees, directors of the Company, consultants and advisors of the Company and shall not be assignable to other person. No eligible employee shall in any way sell, transfer, charge, mortgage, encumber or create any interest (legal or beneficial) in favour of any third party over or in relation to any share option and RSUs or attempt to do so.

The overall limit on the number of underlying shares which may be delivered under the Pre-IPO Incentivisation Plan for both employees stock option plan and the RSUs is 130,831,252 shares of the Company.

The following table discloses movements of the Company's Pre-IPO ESOP held by grantees during the year:

Option type	Outstanding at 1/1/2021			Outstanding at 31/12/2021			Outstanding at 31/12/2022		
		Forfeited	Exercised		Forfeited	Exercised		Forfeited	Exercised
Pre-IPO ESOP	24,592,325	(1,090,145)	(7,312,583)	16,189,597	(4,764)	(10,499,694)	5,685,139		
Exercisable at the end of the year				2,644,131			52,161		
Weighted average exercise price		USD0.13	USD0.11		USD0.50	USD0.14			

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

28. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(a) Employee stock option plan (“ESOP”) (continued)

The Post-IPO ESOP

Pursuant to a resolution passed on January 30, 2019, the directors of the Company further adopted an employee equity plan (the “Post-IPO ESOP”) to grant option awards to any employee, officer, director, contractor, advisor or consultant of the Group by reason of his or her contribution to the Group. The Post-IPO ESOP shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing on February 26, 2019 (“the Listing Date”). Options granted must be taken up within the period specified in the letter containing the offer of the grant of the options. The total number of shares in respect of share options may be granted under the Post-IPO ESOP is not permitted to exceed 10% of the shares of the Company in issue immediately after completion of the IPO and as at the Listing Date (i.e. 98,405,153 shares), without prior approval from the shareholders of the Company.

Unless otherwise approved by the directors of the Company and set forth in an offer letter, the vesting schedule should be forty-eight months consisting of a cliff vesting of twenty five percent on the first anniversary of the vesting commencement date and, thereafter, monthly vesting of equal instalments over the following thirty-six months, provided that the grantee continues to be an eligible employee (as described under the Post-IPO ESOP) as of each such vesting date.

On August 30, 2022, the Company granted 28,000,000 share options to a director of the Company of which 14,000,000 share options are performance-based options which each batch of option shall vest and become exercisable on the first, second, third and fourth anniversary of the date of satisfaction of the respective performance target milestone, and the remaining 14,000,000 share options are time-based options which each batch shall vest and become exercisable on the first, second, third and fourth anniversary of August 25, 2022.

The following table discloses movements of the Company’s Post-IPO ESOP held by grantees during the year:

Option type	Outstanding			Exercised	Outstanding			Outstanding
	at 1/1/2021	Granted	Forfeited		at 31/12/2021	Granted	Forfeited	
Post-IPO ESOP	59,694,791	19,784,136	(8,449,643)	(1,475,567)	69,553,717	41,992,588	(25,310,215)	86,236,090
Exercisable at the end of the year					9,515,704			30,670,993
Weighted average exercise price		HK\$11.32	HK\$9.82	HK\$9.70		HK\$4.83	HK\$7.39	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

28. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(a) Employee stock option plan (“ESOP”) (continued)

The Post-IPO ESOP (continued)

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the weighted average fair value of the Post-IPO ESOP granted is HK\$4.83 per share.

The fair value was calculated using Option Pricing Model (“OPM”) for the year ended December 31, 2021 while using OPM and Monte Carlo Simulation for the year ended December 31, 2022. The key assumptions, such as risk-free interest rate and volatility, are required to be determined by the directors of the Company with best estimate.

The key inputs into the model for the grants during the year ended December 31, 2021 and 2022 were as follows:

	2022	2021
Exercise price	HK\$4.66 – HK\$5.27	HK\$9.59 – HK\$17.31
Expected volatility	70.06% – 70.59%	68.95% – 70.25%
Expected life	10 years	10 years
Risk-free rate	2.84% – 3.09%	1.20% – 1.49%
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%

The directors of the Company estimated the risk-free interest rate based on the yield of the Hong Kong Government Bonds with a maturity life close to the option life of the Post-IPO ESOP. Volatility was estimated at the grant date based on average of historical volatilities of the comparable companies with length commensurable to the time to maturity of the share options. Dividend yield is based on management estimation at the grant date.

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

28. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) RSUs

The Pre-IPO RSUs Plan

Prior to the listing, the Group granted in total 18,079,665 RSUs of the Company at nil consideration to the grantees in accordance with Pre-IPO Incentivisation Plan.

On August 14, 2018, the directors of the Company, resolved and approved the vesting schedule of the RSUs with 25% of the shares to be vested on the first anniversary of the vesting commencement date, and the remaining shares to be vested with equal monthly instalments over the following thirty-six months. The aforesaid arrangement has been accounted for as share-based payment transactions. Accordingly, the Group measured the fair value of the RSUs as of the grant date and recognised the amount as compensation expenses over the vesting period for each separate vesting portion of the RSUs.

The following table summarised the Group's Pre-IPO RSUs movement during the years:

	Number of RSUs	
	2022	2021
Outstanding at January 1,	8,021,554	26,798,221
Forfeited during the year	–	(7,339,710)
Vested and registered during the year	(7,829,084)	(11,436,957)
Outstanding at December 31,	192,470	8,021,554

At December 31, 2022, the Group's outstanding Pre-IPO RSUs included 125,000 (2021: 2,103,504) Pre-IPO RSUs have been vested but not yet registered and 67,470 (2021: 5,918,050) Pre-IPO RSUs remained unvested.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

28. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) RSUs (continued)

The Post-IPO RSUs Plan

A restricted share award scheme (the "Post-IPO RSUs Plan") was approved and adopted pursuant to a resolution passed on March 22, 2019. The directors of the Company may, from time to time, at its absolute discretion grant RSUs to an eligible person in accordance with the Post-IPO RSUs Plan. The overall limit on the number of RSUs under the Post-IPO RSUs Plan is 7,650,000 shares and the maximum number of shares which may be awarded to any eligible person under the Post-IPO RSUs Plan shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company at March 22, 2019.

On January 31, 2020, an amendment to the Post-IPO RSUs Plan was approved and adopted to increase maximum total number of RSUs, pursuant to which the maximum total number of RSUs that may be granted under the Post-IPO RSUs Plan in aggregate (excluding the RSUs that have lapsed or been cancelled in accordance with the rules of the plan) was increased from 7,650,000 shares to 38,010,316 shares, representing approximately 3.70% of the issued share capital of the Company at January 31, 2020.

The vesting of the Post-IPO RSUs granted is subject to the eligible person remaining at all times after the date of granting and on the vesting date an eligible person of the Post-IPO RSUs Plan. RSUs granted under the Post-IPO RSUs Plan shall have a contractual term of 10 years and generally vest over a four year period, with 25% of total RSUs vesting on the anniversary date one year after the vesting commencement date and the remaining 75% vesting subsequently in 36 equal monthly instalments or with 25%, 25%, 25% and 25% of total RSUs vesting on the first, second, third and fourth anniversary date one year after the vesting commencement date.

The grantees may not have any interest or right in the RSUs granted until such Post-IPO RSUs have been vested.

The RSUs granted to the eligible person under the Post-IPO RSUs Plan shall be restricted to eligible person only and shall not be assignable to other person. No eligible person may in any way sell, transfer, charge, mortgage, encumber or create any interest in favour of any third party over or in relation to the award. The Post-IPO RSUs Plan will be expired on March 23, 2029.

The fair value of the Post-IPO RSUs is measured on the basis of an observable market price as at grant date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

28. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) RSUs (continued)

The Post-IPO RSUs Plan (continued)

The following table summarised the Group's Post-IPO RSUs and movement during the year:

	Number of Post-IPO RSUs	
	2022	2021
At January 1,	18,734,247	22,080,714
Granted during the year	1,927,000	6,915,065
Forfeited during the year	(6,969,481)	(5,304,408)
Vested and registered during the year	(7,210,915)	(4,957,124)
At December 31,	6,480,851	18,734,247

At December 31, 2022, the Group's outstanding Post-IPO RSUs included 107,478 (2021: 1,667,836) Post-IPO RSUs have been vested but not yet registered and 6,373,373 (2021: 17,066,411) Post-IPO RSUs remained unvested.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the Group's total share-based payment expenses recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to Pre-IPO ESOP, Pre-IPO RSU, Post-IPO ESOP and Post-IPO RSU granted by the Company is RMB142,062,000 (2021: RMB222,671,000).

29. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Group had capital commitments under non-cancellable contracts as follows:

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements:		
Acquisition of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment	–	34,690

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

30. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

The PRC

The employees of the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC are members of the state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the relevant local government authority in the PRC. The subsidiaries are required to contribute, based on a certain percentage of the payroll costs of its employees, to the retirement benefit scheme and has no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions. The total amount provided by the Group to the scheme in the PRC and charged to profit or loss are approximately RMB55,896,000 (2021: RMB49,745,000) for the year ended December 31, 2022.

31. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Except as disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group also entered into the following transactions during the year with certain related parties.

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors of the Company and other members of key management were as follows:

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Short term benefits	24,240	27,623
Retirement benefit scheme contributions	727	253
Total cash compensation	24,967	27,876
Non-cash share-based payment expense	86,171	181,072
	111,138	208,948

The remuneration of key management personnel is determined by the directors of the Company having regard to the performance of individuals and market trends.

32. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to its stakeholders and maintaining an adequate capital structure. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of cash and cash equivalents, time deposits and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued ordinary share capital and reserves.

The management of the Group regularly reviews the capital structure on a continuous basis taking into account the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of the capital. The Group will balance its overall capital structure through the new shares issues as well as the issue of new debt.

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33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

33a Categories of financial instruments

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Financial assets		
Amortised cost	1,209,835	1,760,015
Cash equivalents at FVTPL	3,852	11,217
Financial assets measured at FVTPL	3,482	126,083
Financial liabilities		
Amortised cost	690,231	213,171

33b Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial instruments include account receivables, deposits and other receivables, financial assets measured at FVTPL, time deposits with original maturity over three months, cash and cash equivalents, account and other payables, and bank borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes.

The risks associated with the Group's financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management of the Group manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

Market risk

(i) *Currency risk*

Certain time deposits, cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at FVTPL, account and other receivables, and account and other payables are denominated in foreign currencies of the respective group entities which are exposed to foreign currency risk.

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management of the Group monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging of significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

The carrying amounts of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	Assets		Liabilities	
	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
US\$	478,728	1,342,702	132,771	159,742
HK\$	89,810	152,856	3,245	1,351
AU\$	-	-	-	16,949
Schweizer Franken ("CHF")	-	-	20,003	18,544

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

33b Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

(i) *Currency risk* (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% increase in RMB against the relevant foreign currencies. 5% is the sensitivity rate used which represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the end of the reporting period for a 5% change in foreign currency rates. A positive (negative) number below indicates increase (decrease) in post-tax loss where RMB strengthens 5% against the relevant foreign currencies. For a 5% weakening of RMB against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on the loss.

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
US\$	17,298	59,148
HK\$	4,328	7,575
AU\$	–	(665)
CHF	(1,000)	(927)

The directors of the Company considered the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the year.

(ii) *Interest rate risk*

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed rate time deposits (note 21), bank borrowings (note 24) and lease liabilities (note 26). The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to cash at banks (note 21) and variable rate bank borrowings (note 24). The Group currently does not enter into any hedging instrument for fair value or cash flow interest rate risk.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

33b Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Market risk (continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk (continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is prepared assuming the financial instruments outstanding at the end of the reporting period were outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point (2021: 50 basis point) increase or decrease in variable-rate bank borrowings are used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If the interest rate had been 50 basis points higher/lower at December 31, 2022 and all other variables were held constant, the Group's loss for the year ended December 31, 2022 would increase by RMB1,138,000 (2021: RMB733,000) or decrease by RMB1,138,000 (2021: RMB733,000).

Credit risk and impairment assessment

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group.

In order to minimise credit risk, the Group has tasked its finance team to develop and maintain the Group's credit risk gradings to categorise exposures according to their degree of risk of default. Management uses publicly available financial information and the Group's own historical repayment records to rate other debtors and other debt instruments issuers. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst counterparties.



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For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

33b Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

The Group's current credit risk grading framework comprises the following categories:

Category	Description	Account receivables	Other financial assets/items
Performing	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past due amounts	Life time ECL-not credit impaired	12-month ECL
Doubtful	Amount is >30 days past due or there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition	Life time ECL-not credit impaired	Life-time ECL-not credit-impaired
In default	Amount is >90 days past due or there is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired	Life time ECL-credit impaired	Life-time ECL-credit-impaired
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is write-off	Amount is write-off

For the purpose of impairment assessment for account receivables, with a total gross carrying amount of RMB77,133,000 (2021: RMB117,598,000), the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to life time ECL. For the purpose of impairment assessment for other receivables with a total gross carrying amount of RMB94,463,000 (2021: RMB50,190,000), the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12m ECL. In determining the ECL for these financial assets, the directors of the Company have taken into account the credit rating of the counterparties in estimating the probability of default of each of the account receivables and other receivables occurring within their respective loss assessment time horizon, as well as the loss upon default in each case. The directors of the Company considered that the amount of ECL provision is insignificant.

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For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

33b Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (continued)

At December 31, 2022, the Group has concentration of credit risk as 80% (2021:28%) of the total account receivables were due from the Group's largest customer.

In order to minimise the credit risk with customers, the management of the Group has delegated its finance team responsible for determination of credit limits and credit approvals. Before accepting any new customers, the Group uses an internal credit scoring system to assess the potential customer's credit quality and defines credit limits by customer. Other monitoring procedures are in place to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts.

In addition, the Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model on trade balances individually or based on collective assessment. Except for debtors with significant balances, which are assessed for impairment individually, the remaining account receivables collectively assessed based on shared credit risk characteristics by reference to repayment histories for recurring customers.

The credit risk on time deposits, cash at banks and investments in money market funds of the Group is limited because the counterparties are banks, bond issuers, government and financial institutions with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

Liquidity risk

In the management of liquidity risk, the management of the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Group issues shares as a significant source of liquidity.

The directors of the Company are satisfied that the Group will have sufficient financial resource to meet its financial obligation as they fall due for the foreseeable future after taking into account of the aforesaid proceeds from the shares issuance and the expected working capital requirements for the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period.

The following table details remaining contractual maturity of the Group for the payables which has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

33b Financial risk management objectives and policies (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

	Weighted average effective interest rate %	Repayable on demand or less than 1 year RMB'000	More than 1 year RMB'000	Total undiscounted cash flows RMB'000	Total carrying amount RMB'000
At December 31, 2022					
Bank borrowings	4.90%	14,244	223,492	237,736	227,553
Account and other payables	–	462,678	–	462,678	462,678
Lease liabilities	5.34%	38,589	22,968	61,557	58,737
		515,511	246,460	761,971	748,968
At December 31, 2021					
Bank borrowings	4.85%	37,625	125,974	163,599	146,511
Account and other payables	–	447,929	–	447,929	447,929
Lease liabilities	5.34%	14,280	14,964	29,244	27,687
		499,834	140,938	640,772	622,127

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

33c Fair value measurements of financial instruments

(i) Fair value of the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Some of the Group's financial assets are measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used).

In estimating the fair value, the Group uses market-observable data to the extent it is available. For instruments with significant unobservable inputs under Level 3, the Vice President of Finance establishes the appropriate valuation techniques and inputs to the model and reports any findings to the directors of the Company.

Financial assets	Fair value at		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation techniques and key inputs
	December 31, 2022 RMB'000	December 31, 2021 RMB'000		
Convertible note	3,482	3,188	Level 2	Recent transaction Price
Investment in fund linked note	–	122,895	Level 3	Scenario-Based method-the key inputs at December 31, 2021 are: DLOM: 20% Probability under different scenario share price of class A shares:USD9.9
Money market funds	3,852	11,217	Level 2	Based on the net asset values of the funds, which are determined with reference to observable and quoted prices of underlying investment portfolio and adjustments of related expenses.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

33c Fair value measurements of financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements

The following table presents the reconciliation of Level 3 measurements of financial assets at FVTPL during the years:

	<i>RMB'000</i>
At January 1, 2021	–
Purchase of investment in fund linked note	187,109
Net loss on investment in fund linked note	(64,214)
At December 31, 2021	122,895
Redemption of investment in fund linked note	(70,217)
Net loss on investment in fund linked note	(62,028)
Exchange gain	9,350
At December 31, 2022	–

(iii) Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value

The directors of the Company consider that the carrying amount of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

34. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

	Bank borrowings RMB'000	Lease liabilities RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At January 1, 2021	57,002	26,857	83,859
Financing cash flows	88,521	(13,047)	75,474
Non-cash changes:			
New leases entered	–	12,623	12,623
Finance cost	988	1,254	2,242
At December 31, 2021	146,511	27,687	174,198
Financing cash flows	73,499	(47,561)	25,938
Non-cash changes:			
New leases entered	–	74,346	74,346
Finance cost	7,543	4,265	11,808
At December 31, 2022	227,553	58,737	286,290

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

35. PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

General information of subsidiaries

Details of the Group's subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are set out below:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation/ establishment/ operations	Issued and fully paid share capital/registered capital	Shareholding/equity interest attributable to the Company		Principal activities
			2022	2021	
<i>Directly held</i>					
CStone HK	Hong Kong	Issued and paid-up capital of HK\$1	100%	100%	Investment holding and Commercialisation
CStone Australia	Australia	Registered and paid-up capital of AUD19,000,000	100%	100%	Research and development
CStone Pharmaceuticals Corporation	USA	Registered and paid-up capital of USD1	100%	100%	Investment holding
CStone Pharmaceuticals Singapore Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Registered capital of USD1 and paid-up capital of nil	100%	100%	Investment holding
CStone Medicine (BVI) Limited	BVI	Nil	100%	100%	Investment holding
台灣基石藥業有限公司	Taiwan	Registered and paid-up capital of TWD55,990,000	100%	N/A	Commercialisation
<i>Indirectly held:</i>					
CStone Suzhou	The PRC (Note)	Registered and paid-up capital of USD197,761,000	100%	100%	Research and development and Commercialisation
拓石藥業(上海)有限公司	The PRC (Note)	Registered capital of RMB24,080,000 and paid-up capital of RMB4,012,000	100%	100%	Research and development
創石(北京)醫藥科技有限公司	The PRC (Note)	Registered capital of RMB10,000,000 and paid-up capital of RMB1,050,000	100%	100%	Research and development
申石生物醫藥(上海)有限公司	The PRC (Note)	Registered and paid-up capital of USD20,000,000	100%	100%	Commercialisation
樂石生物醫藥(海南)有限公司	The PRC (Note)	Registered capital of USD10,000,000 and paid-up capital of USD1,000,000	100%	100%	Commercialisation

None of the subsidiaries had issued any debt securities at the end of the year.

Note: CStone Suzhou, 申石生物醫藥(上海)有限公司 and 樂石生物醫藥(海南)有限公司 are foreign invested limited liability companies. 拓石藥業(上海)有限公司 and 創石(北京)醫藥科技有限公司 are domestic owned limited liability companies.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

36. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

	2022 RMB'000	2021 RMB'000
Non-current assets		
Investments in subsidiaries	5,512,135	5,223,707
Financial assets measured at FVTPL	3,482	3,188
Amounts due from subsidiaries	13,800	13,800
Intangible assets	147,359	66,547
	5,676,776	5,307,242
Current assets		
Amounts due from subsidiaries	591,058	–
Other receivables	46,621	6,062
Time deposits with original maturity over three months	313,407	860,720
Cash and cash equivalents	126,130	547,157
	1,077,216	1,413,939
Current liabilities		
Other payables and accrued expenses	184,398	178,725
Amounts due to subsidiaries	189,955	191,022
	374,353	369,747
Net current assets	702,863	1,044,192
Net assets	6,379,639	6,351,434
Capital and reserves		
Share capital	802	796
Reserves	6,378,837	6,350,638
Total equity	6,379,639	6,351,434

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

36. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

The movement of the reserves of the Company is as follows:

	Share premium RMB'000	Other reserves RMB'000	Treasury shares held in the trusts RMB'000	Share-base payment reserve RMB'000	Accumulated losses RMB'000	Total RMB'000
At January 1, 2021	8,324,313	1	(19)	554,887	(2,318,286)	6,560,896
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	-	-	-	-	(449,750)	(449,750)
Restricted stock units exercised under the trust (note 27)	148,645	(11)	11	(148,645)	-	-
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment (note 28)	-	-	-	222,671	-	222,671
Exercise of share options (note 28)	58,896	-	-	(42,072)	-	16,824
Shares issued to trusts and converted into treasury shares held in trusts (note 27)	-	-	(3)	-	-	(3)
Withhold the number of equity instruments equal to the monetary value of the employee's tax obligation (note 18)	(67,252)	67,252	-	-	-	-
At December 31, 2021	8,464,602	67,242	(11)	586,841	(2,768,036)	6,350,638
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	-	-	-	-	(116,386)	(116,386)
Restricted stock units exercised under the trust (note 27)	87,931	(10)	10	(87,931)	-	-
Recognition of equity-settled share-based payment (note 28)	-	-	-	142,062	-	142,062
Exercise of share options (note 28)	75,399	-	-	(72,875)	-	2,524
Shares issued to trusts and converted into treasury shares held in trusts (note 27)	-	-	(1)	-	-	(1)
At December 31, 2022	8,627,932	67,232	(2)	568,097	(2,884,422)	6,378,837

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

37. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

(i) Completion of the placing

On February 15, 2023, the Company completed the placing of 84,800,000 placing shares by a placing agent to not less than six places at the placing price of HK\$4.63 per placing share, representing 6.61% of the issued share capital of the Company as enlarged by the allotment and issue of the placing shares immediately upon completion of the placing. The Company received net proceeds from the placing, after deducting the placing commission and other related expenses and professional fees, of approximately HK\$389.07 million (equivalent to RMB347.56 million).

(ii) Proposed cancellation and re-grants of share options under the Post-IPO ESOP

On January 6, 2023, the Group has proposed to cancel 6,200,000 and 15,062,427 outstanding share options of Dr. Yang and employees, respectively, pursuant to the terms of the Post-IPO ESOP and to re-grant of 4,340,000 and 10,543,700 new share options, subject to acceptance, to Dr. Yang and employees (“Existing Grantees”), respectively, representing approximately 70% of the cancelled share options held by such Existing Grantees, and representing approximately 1.24% of the total shares of the Company in issue at December 31, 2022. On March 7, 2023, the shareholders of the Company approved the proposed cancellation and re-grant of options under the Post-IPO ESOP in the Company’s extraordinary general meeting. Up to the date of issue of the consolidated financial statements, the management of the Company is still in the process of assessing the financial impact of the proposed cancellation and re-grant of share options under the Post-IPO ESOP.



Definitions

In this report, unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms have the following meanings. These terms and their definitions may not correspond to any industry standard definitions, and may not be directly comparable to similarly titled terms adopted by other companies operating in the same industries as our Company.

“AGM”	means	annual general meeting of the Company
“Amendment Date”	means	March 7, 2023, being the date on which the amendments of the Post-IPO ESOP and the Post-IPO RSU Scheme are conditionally approved by resolutions of the Company in its general meeting
“Articles” or “Articles of Association”	means	the fourth amended and restated articles of association of the Company adopted on January 30, 2019 with effect from Listing, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“Audit Committee”	means	the audit committee of the Board
“Blueprint”	means	Blueprint Medicines Corporation, a corporation incorporated on October 14, 2008 and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, U.S., whose shares are listed on NASDAQ (ticker symbol: BPMC)
“Board”, “our Board” or “Board of Directors”	means	the board of Directors
“Board Committees”	means	the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee, the Compensation Committee, the Strategy Committee and the Investment Committee
“CAGR”	means	compound annual growth rate
“CDE”	means	Center for Drug Evaluation
“CG Code”	means	The Corporate Governance Code set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules
“Chairman”	means	the chairman of the Board
“China” or “PRC”	means	the People’s Republic of China, for the purposes of this report only, excluding Hong Kong and Macau Special Administrative Region and Taiwan
“Companies Ordinance”	means	the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“Company”, “CStone” or “our Company”	means	CStone Pharmaceuticals (stock code: 2616), an exempted company with limited liability incorporated under the laws of the Cayman Islands on December 2, 2015, the Shares of which are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange

Definitions

“Compensation Committee”	means	the compensation committee of the Board
“Consolidated Financial Statements”	means	the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group
“Corporate Governance Report”	means	the corporate governance report of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2022
“CRO(s)”	means	contract research organization, a company that provides support to the pharmaceutical, biotechnology, and medical device industries in the form of research services outsourced on a contract basis
“CStone Suzhou”	means	CStone Pharmaceuticals (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. (基石藥業(蘇州)有限公司), a company established under the laws of the PRC on April 21, 2016 and one of the Company’s subsidiaries
“CTA”	means	clinical trial agreement
“Director(s)”	means	the director(s) of our Company
“General Mandate”	means	the mandate granted to the Directors by the Shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company held on June 30, 2022 to issue, allot and deal with up to 20% of the then issued share capital of the Company as at the date of annual general meeting of 2022
“GIST”	means	gastrointestinal stromal tumor, a type of tumor that occurs in the gastrointestinal tract, most commonly in the stomach or small intestine
“Global Offering”	means	the Hong Kong public offering and the international offering of the Shares
“Group”, “our Group”, “the Group”, “we”, “us”, or “our”	means	the Company and its subsidiaries from time to time
“HCC”	means	hepatocellular carcinoma, a type of cancer arising from hepatocytes in predominantly cirrhotic liver
“HKD” or “HK\$” or “HK dollars”	means	Hong Kong Dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong
“Hong Kong” or “HK”	means	the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC
“IND”	means	investigational new drug or investigational new drug application, also known as clinical trial application in China or clinical trial notification in Australia

Definitions

“Independent Auditor” or “Deloitte”	means	Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
“INED(s)”	means	the independent non-executive Director(s)
“Investment Committee”	means	the investment committee of the Board
“IO”	means	immuno-oncology
“IPO”	means	the initial public offering of the Company on the Stock Exchange
“Listing”	means	the listing of the Shares on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange
“Listing Date”	means	February 26, 2019, being the date on which the Shares were listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange
“Listing Rules”	means	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“Main Board”	means	the stock exchange (excluding the option market) operated by the Stock Exchange, which is independent from and operated in parallel with the GEM of the Stock Exchange. For the avoidance of doubt, the Main Board excludes the GEM
“Memorandum” or “Memorandum of Association”	means	the fourth amended and restated memorandum of association of the Company adopted on January 30, 2019 with effect from Listing, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“Model Code”	means	the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules
“NDA”	means	new drug application
“NMPA”	means	National Medical Products Administration (國家藥品監督管理局) and its predecessor, the China Food and Drug Administration (國家食品藥品監督管理總局)
“Nomination Committee”	means	the nomination committee of the Board
“Pfizer”	means	Pfizer Inc., a company incorporated in Delaware and listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE: PFE)
“Pfizer Corporation”	means	Pfizer Corporation Hong Kong Limited, a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability, an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of Pfizer
“Post-IPO ESOP”	means	the Company’s post-IPO employee share option plan

Definitions

“Post-IPO RSU Scheme”	means	the Company’s post-IPO restricted share award scheme
“Preferred Share(s)”	means	preferred share(s) in the share capital of the Company prior to the Listing
“Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan”	means	the Company’s pre-IPO employee equity plan
“Prospectus”	means	the prospectus of the Company, dated February 14, 2019, in relation to the Global Offering
“Reporting Period”	means	the one-year period from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022
“RET”	means	rearranged during transfection
“RMB” or “Renminbi”	means	Renminbi Yuan, the lawful currency of China
“RSU(s)”	means	restricted share unit(s)
“Securities Transactions Code”	means	the code of conduct of the Company regarding Directors’ securities transactions, namely the Policy on Management of Securities Transactions by Directors
“SFO”	means	the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time
“Share(s)”	means	ordinary share(s) of US\$0.0001 each in the issued share capital of our Company
“Share Incentivization Schemes”	means	the Pre-IPO Incentivization Plan, Post-IPO ESOP and Post-IPO RSU Scheme
“Share Subscription Agreement”	means	the Share Subscription Agreement dated September 30, 2020 entered into between the Company and Pfizer Corporation in respect of the Subscription
“Shareholder(s)”	means	holder(s) of Shares
“SM”	means	systemic mastocytosis, a form of mastocytosis, in which mast cells accumulate in internal tissues and organs such as the liver, spleen, bone marrow, and small intestines
“Stock Exchange”	means	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited
“Strategy Committee”	means	the strategy committee of the Board
“TGA”	means	Therapeutic Goods Administration of Australia

Definitions

“U.S.”	means	United States of America
“U.S. FDA” or “FDA”	means	U.S. Food and Drug Administration
“USD” or “US\$” or “US dollars”	means	United States Dollars, the lawful currency of the United States of America
“Zhengze Yuanshi”	means	Suzhou Industrial Park Zhengze Yuanshi Venture Capital L.P. (蘇州工業園區正則原石創業投資企業(有限合夥))
“%”	means	per cent.

In this report, unless otherwise indicated, the terms “associate”, “associated corporation”, “connected person”, “controlling shareholder”, “subsidiary” and “substantial shareholder” shall have the meanings given to such terms in the Listing Rules.



基石药业
CSTONE
PHARMACEUTICALS